

## Exploratory School Discussion Working Group

Conceptual School Model (Discussion Draft), May 30, 2023

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

WORKGROUP ROSTER ..... 3
INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND ..... 4
PART I: CONCEPTUAL SCHOOL MODEL (DISCUSSION DRAFT) ..... 6
Summary ..... 7
School Vision ..... 7
School Structure and Culture ..... 10
Leadership and Governance ..... 10
Faculty and Staff Wellbeing ..... 12
JDEI ..... 13
Building Community in the School ..... 13
Student Success Strategies ..... 15
Recommended Next Steps for Planning ..... 16
PART II: INFORMATIONAL REPORT ..... 17
Institutional Data and Information ..... 17
Peer Models ..... 19
Outreach ..... 22
CONCEPTUAL SCHOOL MODEL APPENDICES (IA-IB) ..... 26
Appendix IA- PSU SBA Org Chart Examples ..... 27
Appendix IB- PSU SBA Interview Notes ..... 28
INFORMATIONAL REPORT APPENDICES (IIA-IIG) ..... 29
Appendix IIA - At-a-Glance ..... 300
Appendix IIB - Advising ..... 35
Appendix IIC - GTA Comparison by Department ..... 36
Appendix IID - JDEI and Work-Life Balance ..... 38
Appendix IIE - P\&T ..... 39
Appendix IIF - Partnerships ..... 44
Appendix IIG - Student Survey Results and Questions ..... 46

## WORKGROUP ROSTER

| Shelby Anderson | Radhika Reddy |
| :---: | :---: |
| Associate Professor, Anthropology | Senior Instructor, Biology |
| Daniel Ballhorn | Hunter Shobe |
| Professor and Chair, Biology | Professor, Geography |
| Kate Barcalow | Leah Tuor |
| Adjunct Faculty, Anthropology | Academic and Student Services Manager, Biology |
| John Bershaw |  |
| Associate Professor and Chair, Geology | Wayne Wakeland |
|  | Professor and Chair, Systems Science |
| Adam Booth |  |
| Associate Professor, Geology | Becca Wilson-Ounekeo |
|  | Lab and Stockroom Coordinator, |
| Mitch Cruzan | Environmental Science and Management |
| Professor, Biology |  |
|  | Sahan Dissanayake (Resource Member) |
| Andrés Holz | Faculty Fellow, Institute for Sustainable |
| Associate Professor, Geography | Solutions |
|  | Associate Professor, Economics |
| Martin Lafrenz |  |
| Associate Professor and Chair, Geography | Kris Fedor (Resource Member) |
|  | Academic Specialist, CLAS |
| Amy Larson |  |
| Teaching Assistant Professor, | Eleanor Gaines (Resource Member) |
| Environmental Science and Management | Director, Institute for Natural Resources |
| Jen Morse | Kristie Kolesnikov (Logistics) |
| Associate Professor, Environmental Science and Management | Executive Director of Internal Affairs and Initiatives, CLAS |
| Joann $\mathbf{N g}$ | Shannon Heuberger (Facilitator) |
| Department Coordinator, Geography | Consultant, Heuberger Strategies |
| Max Nielsen-Pincus |  |
| Associate Professor and Chair, |  |
| Environmental Science and Management |  |

## INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

The Departments of Anthropology, Biology, Environmental Science and Management, Geography, Geology, and Systems Science are exploring the creation of a new school at the nexus of these disciplines. Between June of 2022 and January of 2023, the six units all voted overwhelmingly (54-3) to discuss and develop a proposal for a new school. The Exploratory School Initiative was launched on February 24, 2023, to ask how collaboration among these units could:

- Improve and foster new interdisciplinary academic programming,
- Enhance student outcomes and opportunities,
- Enhance faculty and staff wellbeing,
- Maintain and elevate high quality research,
- Support fundraising, and
- Explore connections to faculty in other units.

With support from the Provost's Relmagine Initiative, this initiative fosters an opportunity for faculty and staff in these units to develop a vision and model for collaboration that differentiates PSU programs from more traditional disciplinary offerings at the University of Oregon, Oregon State University, and other institutions across the Pacific Northwest.

## Workgroup

Following the February $24^{\text {th }}$ informational "initiative launch" meeting and a faculty and staff engagement session on March 10, 2023, the six units formed a 17-member "Exploratory School Discussion Workgroup" of faculty and staff. The workgroup was tasked with 1) gathering information, researching peer models, and collecting input from faculty, staff, students and community partners, and then 2) translating those findings into a conceptual school model to be discussed with the departments in an iterative process.

The workgroup met four times between March 23 - May 4, gathering information and input between meetings, and presented their Informational Report at a Townhall event on May $10^{\text {th }}$ (see Initiative Website for the report and Townhall recording). They then met an additional three times between May 16-25 to develop the conceptual school model included in this report, for sharing at a Townhall on June 1.

The workgroup process is now complete, and next steps are for the departments to discuss the model, work together to make revisions as needed, and develop additional model details.

## This Report

This report begins with the conceptual model (Part I) and is followed by content from the May 9 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Informational Report that informed the model's development (Part II). This model should be viewed as a discussion draft for departments to begin discussing, revising, and refining in an iterative process.

## PART I: CONCEPTUAL SCHOOL MODEL (DISCUSSION DRAFT)

Evolution<br>Planetary Health Human Health<br>Culture Biodiversity<br>Poob Environment Living Systems Hazards Natural Sciences Justice Time Scales Communities Resilience Earth ${ }^{\text {Place Society Ecology }}$ Climate Economic Sustainability Molecular Biology and Genetics

## Summary

This conceptual school model was developed by the workgroup as a starting point for an iterative process of discussion, revision, and refining. As the workgroup has learned from peer models research, although a school is typically created in a vote or administrative procedure, the implementation process of developing a school is incremental and often takes years of phased implementation and refinement. Thus, the workgroup prioritized model parameters of particular significance to the school vision that could be developed within the timeline of the workgroup's "design phase."

The sections below detail:

- A vision for how the school will improve the lives of PSU's students and constituents in the Portland community and globally.
- A strategic leadership/governance structure.
- Strategies for building community and ensuring that faculty and staff thrive in the school. As noted by the peer institutions we interviewed, students benefit from happier faculty and staff.
- Recommended items for further discussion and planning.


## School Vision

The proposed school leverages Portland's urban setting, surrounding social and natural landscapes, and strong partnerships to develop unique research collaborations and student opportunities at the nexus of Earth, environment and society ("people, place, and planet"). Underlying the formation of the new school is PSU's commitment to the principles of Justice, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.

Mindful that forward-looking careers and solutions to problems require transdisciplinary understandings and approaches, the school offers expertise in the areas reflected by the word cloud on the previous page. The school includes all of the academic programming, research and other programs of Anthropology, Biology, ESM, Geography, Geology, and Systems Science and is designed to leverage the diverse work and talents of all faculty and staff from these departments.

Aligned with our commitment to "let knowledge serve," we are committed to teaching and research that contributes to a thriving Portland, while also having an impact at regional, national, and international/global scales.

## School Value Proposition - Students

The school's primary function is to train PSU students, from Pell eligible students and transfer students, to lifelong learners, in the areas of Earth, environment, and society. Mindful that higher education is a keystone in a functional society, we will establish a multidisciplinary school that creates opportunities for interdisciplinary pedagogies and programs that meet current and future needs of our local and regional workforce. We intend to carry our disciplines forward and recognize that organizing under one roof offers opportunities for future interdisciplinarity.

To improve learning and career outcomes for our students, we will focus on:

- Innovative interdisciplinary coursework, degree pathways, and research opportunities in addition to the current programs and pathways.
- Providing holistic advising and wraparound student support, including mentoring, shared cohort opportunities for identifying a major and career path, and smooth transfers from community colleges.
- Offering community-building spaces and events to help students network with their larger cohort and prepare for professional interactions and job/career opportunities.
- Partnering with employers to create new experiential learning opportunities, such as paid internships, collaborative field trips, and inquiry-based learning inside and outside the classroom.
- Improved course scheduling with reduced scheduling conflicts and increased breadth of course options.
- Placing JDEI values at the center of the school (see JDEI section on p. 12).

More details are provided in the Student Success section on pp. 15-16.

## Value Proposition - Community

The school is positioned to help communities thrive through our research, teaching, and service. The school would serve our Portland community, the Pacific Northwest, and the globe, including our surrounding tribal communities and governments, through addressing global challenges and their local manifestations.

To enhance our value-add to the community, we will focus on:

- Producing competent, exceptional community members and workforce leaders, trained in state-of-the-art methodological thinking and decision making, environmental stewardship, and creative problem solving.
- Connecting employers with our students and graduates.
- Serving as a hub for providing reliable, timely expertise to schools, government agencies, organizations, media, and industries locally and beyond.
- Serving as a thought partner and "workhorse" for our local communities, including to help revitalize our local Portland Community following the pandemic.
- Addressing climate change and resiliency issues around heritage, health, and the environment, through interdisciplinary research on human-environment interactions.
- Serving as an incubator for solutions, leveraging our transdisciplinary expertise in systems thinking and process-based understanding.

Value Proposition - Science/Society

The school is positioned to address our most pressing societal issues through our collective expertise (see expertise word cloud on p .6 ). The school brings together experts with diverse social and natural science disciplinary and methodological research backgrounds, in a setting that fosters innovative, collaborative approaches to addressing grand challenges.

To enhance our value-add to science/society, the new school would focus on:

- Training the next generation of scholars and professionals in interdisciplinary methods and approaches, with an emphasis on science that can be applied to community/societal problems.
- Fostering a supportive research environment within the school through collaborative governance, creating a school culture centered around trust and collaboration, and providing research administrative support to enable research successes.
- Recruiting diverse new faculty, staff, and students who have a passion for interdisciplinary research and teaching on issues related to the Earth, environment, and society.
- Supporting faculty, staff, and students in seeking external research funding related to our shared interests, through school-based mentoring/peer mentoring, collaboration, and resources.
- Leveraging our existing and new laboratory spaces, equipment, and facilities where possible through resource sharing and collaborative proposals for new equipment.


## School Structure and Culture

This school is intended to create an outstanding work environment for faculty and staff. The sections below describe the school structure and how it is designed to enhance faculty and staff wellbeing, increasing opportunities for staff professional development, improving the effectiveness of faculty service loads, and enhancing our capacity to serve our students and communities (see "strategy map" at the end of this section).

Leadership and Governance


School Director: The school model includes a director position. This individual must be a strategic, experienced leader who understands all the component disciplines of the school, and who understands how to leverage collaborative approaches. The director must embrace transparent communication and the missions of increasing SCH, fundraising, building community in the school, forging new partnerships, and strengthening research collaboration.

The director reports to the CLAS dean and attends CLAS department chairs' meetings. The workgroup discussed pros and cons of this being a long-term position, an elected position with
an accompanying chair-elect for continuity, or a position that the program leads rotate into- a topic for further discussion.

Program Leads: The model includes a faculty "program lead" corresponding to each unit joining the school (i.e., Anthropology, Biology, ESM, Geography, Geology, Systems Science). Program leads are the primary responsible parties for their programs' curricula, with strategic and logistical support from the school-level Curriculum Strategy and Coordination Team (more on this below), and implementation support from the school director.

Staff Leadership Areas: This model includes four "staff leadership areas." Other staff members in the school, which will leverage the talents of all current staff, would have one of the staff leads as their direct supervisor. The "areas" include Finance, Student Services (including advising and recruiting), HR, and Research Support.

Leadership Team: The leadership team, tasked with assisting the director, includes the six faculty program leads plus staff representation. The director and leadership team work with the staff leads to administer school logistics. School leadership will prioritize nurturing future leaders and decision makers.

## Committees

School-level committees are intended to reduce the faculty burden of committee service. The committees include staff representation as appropriate.

- School-wide curriculum strategy and coordination team
- School-wide, strategic committee with one representative per program, plus staff representation.
- This committee discusses and coordinates curricula among programs, but the committee is not ultimately responsible for curricular decisions.
- Identifies convergence and ensures that disciplines have unique offerings.
- Identifies cross-program pathways.
- At their discretion, individual programs may employ a permanent or ad hoc program-level curriculum committee if needed.
- P\&T Committee(s) including representation from each program area (also see notes on P\&T during transition in the "Faculty and Staff Wellbeing" section below).
- JDEI Committee to identify and implement best practices that keep JDEI at the center of the school (also see "JDEI" section below).
- Bylaws Committee to draft bylaws at the beginning of the process and update as needed (see related notes in the "Bylaws" section below).
- Research Committee to strategize on leveraging resources, strengthening graduate student support, and fostering interdisciplinary research opportunities.
- Graduate Admissions Logistics Committee to support the logistics of the graduate student admissions process (note: this group is not tasked with making graduate admissions decisions).
- Ad hoc committees can be formed as-needed.


## Bylaws:

The workgroup discussed that joint bylaws for the school would be ideal and recommends creating a committee to draft a summary of key bylaw ideas for the new school (i.e., a onepager) in early fall, including for P\&T and voting.

The workgroup's preliminary analysis of bylaws during the Information Phase revealed that they are similar among the six units. They noted that the main difference among existing bylaws was on who can vote. The workgroup recommends an inclusive approach to discussing voting in the school, based on a shared philosophy of wanting to maintain everyone's rights and privileges.

Faculty and Staff Wellbeing
Please see the "strategy map" at the end of this section for an illustration of how students will benefit from happier faculty and staff.

## Faculty

The school will provide a range of benefits to faculty related to service loads, teaching, graduate advising, and promotion and tenure reviews:

- Faculty will benefit from committees being at the school level, which will reduce individual faculty workload overall.
- Curricular alignment across the programs will create opportunities for interdisciplinary courses and team-teaching opportunities.
- Having a broader pool of faculty for graduate students to draw on can positively impact faculty workload and advising.
- Faculty who advise graduate students will have more options for suggesting graduate committees members, which will improve graduate student and advisor experiences.
- To ensure a smooth and fair transition, it will be important to offer faculty the option to be reviewed (i.e., pre- and post-tenure/milestone) under their current faculty review
processes (i.e., tenure, milestone, promotion, PCAR, PTR,) until the new school fully develops its P\&T guidelines. That said, the workgroup's Informational Report noted that P\&T guidelines are very similar between the units (see Appendix IIE). All school-based review committees should have representation from the faculty member's program area (note: as currently specified in P\&T guidelines).


## Staff

Staff will benefit from the continuity of reporting to a staff lead. Opportunities will be created for staff who would like to specialize, via a staffing model that will be designed to match the priorities emphasized in this document, while simultaneously safeguarding the existing roles of staff who are already specialized. Cross-training of staff will be employed to the extent needed for staff to achieve work-life balance (i.e., not being the only staff member qualified to perform a critical, time-sensitive function).

## JDEI

In addition to forming a school-level JDEI Committee as noted on p. 11, the workgroup proposes the following strategies that keep JDEI at the center of the school:

- Affinity groups for students at the school level.
- Employee recruitment and retention strategies, including school-wide policies and processes that attract diverse applicant pools.
- Leverage the school size to design structures that promote JDEI, including through distributing committee service and enhancing work-life balance (see Appendices IA and IB for example org charts from PSU's School of Business and information on the formation of the School of Business).
- Include continuous review and assessment.


## Building Community in the School

Creating a sense of community in the school is a priority. Strategies include:

- Holding regular school-level events for students and stakeholders.
- Holding regular meetings of faculty and staff to discuss school relevant decisions, celebrate shared interests, and report on school outcomes.
- Creating shared spaces such as a "lounge" space for informal gathering and discuss potential co-location.
- See also the Student Success section below on pp. 15-16.

The "strategy map" below illustrates how investing in faculty and staff wellbeing and JDEI will increase the school's internal capacity to improve processes, forge partnerships, and increase resources - ultimately benefiting students and the communities we serve. For example, creating a more efficient model of committee service frees faculty up to design new interdisciplinary programming, which can increase student enrollment, yielding more problem solvers of the future. Creating a culture of justice, diversity, equity, and inclusion increases our talent pool and fosters a collaborative school environment - thus increasing our potential to obtain extramural support and serve our community, nation and world with our cutting-edge research.


## Student Success Strategies

The school will commit to creating high quality, successful students with improved learning and career outcomes through Student Success strategies such as the following:

## Curriculum

- Preserve all existing majors and minors.
- House curricular control with the programs, not at the school level (i.e., with the program leads, see p.10).
- Leverage the school size to improve scheduling through reducing conflicts while preserving unique discipline-specific offerings, allowing students to access a greater variety of courses, especially at the 400 level.
- Specific cross-disciplinary program or course ideas:
- Intro level courses that help outline major pathways.
- Methods courses housed at the school level, including training on basic statistics, interdisciplinary research design, writing, communication, and research ethics.
- Increase stackable credentials.
- Improve general education pathways.
- Explore potential for a school-wide online pathway to increase access to students wanting online, while preserving in-person options for those who succeed in the face-to-face format.


## Experiential Learning

- Partner with employers to offer paid internships, including opportunities for field and community-based work.
- Offer collaborative, holistic field trips.
- Incorporate inquiry-based learning, including course based undergraduate research experiences.


## Advising and Belonging

- One-stop for academic, career, internship and research advising.
- Clearly communicate the various pathways and how to move through them.
- Provide meaningful connections to research, internship, and career opportunities.
- Have "school-level advisors?"
- Connect students with other campus resources as needed.
- Apply a cross-disciplinary approach to mentoring and advising.
- Provide opportunities for students to learn about transdisciplinary themes beyond their majors (e.g., "sustainability," "science in a social context," "complex systems").
- Leverage the larger cohort to help students network through student organizations, student events, and collaborative workspaces.
- Provide a smooth transition for transfer students.


## Graduate Students

- Allow graduate committee members to be more easily drawn from across the school.
- Pool some coursework to allow for more graduate-only courses.


## Recommended Next Steps for Planning

The workgroup recommends forming individual committees tasked with developing further detail in the following areas. Each of these areas, which were noted in the Draft Initiative Brief, either exceeded the time available in the workgroup process, and/or could benefit from additional faculty or staff representation beyond the workgroup roster. The department chairs are on contract through the summer and tasking them with some of the detailed planning could be an option.

- Budget- Developing budget recommendations, including addressing the following:
- Is the budget combined for the school as was the case in most of the peer models examined? (See p.19)
- How are decisions made on discretionary funds (e.g., S\&S, Foundation Accounts)?
- How will differences among pay and position allocations be reconciled, including for TAs? (See p. 17 and Appendix IIC)
- Partnerships- How will we serve as a hub for cross-campus and community collaboration? How will we increase our visibility in the community, nationally, and globally?
- Faculty-
- Negotiating an agreement with PSU administration for new investments in TT, NTTF, and staff positions that are critical to support implementation of the school model.
- Establishing an equitable approach for teaching, advising, research loads, and common standards for graduate assistant pay across units.
- Staffing Model- Develop a detailed staffing model that includes all of our staff, including all of the laboratory staff, achieving the vision described on pp.7-9 and the goals for staff wellbeing noted on p.13.


## PART II: INFORMATIONAL REPORT

## Institutional Data and Information

## Summary

The Exploratory School Discussion Workgroup gathered institutional data and information related to academic programs and enrollment, teaching loads, GTAs \& GRAs, advising, research, bylaws, and staffing across the six relevant units.

## Methods

The Workgroup identified informational needs and then gathered information with assistance from department chairs and CLAS staff. Data was pulled from COGNOS reports, directly from department bylaws, or by interviewing department chairs and staff. Additionally, staff from each unit contributed information regarding their respective responsibilities, which is information that is not otherwise located in any centrally accessible format.

## Results

- Personnel per unit including number of tenure-track, non-tenure track teaching, nontenure track research, GTAs, GRAs, and staff positions (see At-a-Glance Unit Information, Appendix IIA)
- Degrees offered and number of declared majors/minors (see At-a-Glance Unit Information, Appendix IIA)
- Research activity (see At-a-Glance Unit Information, Appendix IIA)
- Teaching, research, service, and administrative workloads vary among units.
- Advising responsibilities are quite similar across units with most using the university pathway model for some undergraduate advising and faculty doing more degree specific and graduate advising. (see Advising Structure Across Units, Appendix IIB)
- GTA allocations and salaries vary across units (See Appendix IIC)
- Bylaws and P\&T Guidelines
- Voting rights and practices vary across units
- JDEI language and work-life balance references have explicit subsections in some unit bylaws or are imbedded throughout various subsections for most units (see Appendix IID)
- P\&T department specific language. In line with University Guidelines, the criteria for successful Promotion and Tenure (P\&T) across participating
departments are similar. The same holds true for the dossier requirements faculty of the different departments need to follow. With that being said, significant differences regarding size, structure and composition of P\&T committees exist. These differences include NTTF and student participation and voting rights. In one department P\&T tasks are taken over by an "Advisory Committee" with diverse additional functions. See Appendix IIE.
- Partnerships: Associate Director for Regional Partnerships and Projects Beth Gilden and colleagues from PSU's Institute for Sustainable Solutions conducted interviews of faculty on their external partnerships. The interviews are ongoing, and a partial summary of partnership information collected so far can be found on Appendix IIF.


## Recommendations

- All programs, majors, minors, and certificates move forward into new school
- An equitable process is needed to address differences in teaching, research, service, and administrative work loads, which currently vary among faculty and staff across units as a function of appointment, e,g., tenure-track, non-tenure track, or adjunct, rank, e.g., tenure seeking vs. tenured faculty, service effort, research related course buyouts, service related or negotiated course releases, administrative requirements, e.g., office staff or lab staff, and historic practice.
- GTA allocation, duties and responsibilities currently vary among departments and equitable assignments will need to be considered moving forward.
- Based on the existing differences among departments, an alignment of P\&T guidelines and processes should be considered. However, these considerations would need to include different compositions of units in terms of tenure-track and teaching professor lines as well as other groups of non-tenure track faculty (such as research NTTF). While processes for the evaluation of NTTF vary, the transition to the new teaching professor ranks likely will result in some sort of alignment across departments.


## Peer Models

## Summary

The Exploratory School Discussion Workgroup reached out to faculty or administrators at peer institutions where departments like ours exist within an integrated unit (School or College), and to four of PSU's academic units. Objectives were to learn about the motivation and process for forming their unit, the unit's structure, pros and cons, and lessons learned. Key findings included:

- Clear vision, strong administrative support, clear lines of authority, and shared governance are critical.
- Most of the examined school units had one budget; key for incentive to avoid SCH competition, and for full transparency when allocating resources to individual units.
- Operating as a single faculty with school-wide committees is common but not universal.
- $\quad$ Secret sauce for PSU School of Business: having the right people in leadership roles; "advantages far outweighed the challenges."
- Areas/disciplines are maintained and control curriculum.
- Clarity about priorities/expectations for teaching vs. research and natural vs. social science may be important.
- Clarity about purpose/benefits of school creation is very helpful.
- Students benefit from happier faculty.
- Applicants (students and faculty) are excited to come to an interdisciplinary school.


## Methods

For each peer model studied, a Workgroup member reached out to a faculty member or administrator in the unit with the following questions.

1. What college or school did you create? What existed before?
2. What was the motivation? (i.e. top-down?, bottom-up?)
3. Can you describe the process? Workgroups? Outreach? Who was included? etc.
4. Did you base your collaborative entity on analogs or use peer models?
5. What data was useful in informing your transition?
6. What resources were made available and what was actually needed to make it successful?
7. If you were part of the process, how did it go? Did the outcome meet expectations?
8. Describe the structure of your collaborative entity
a. Are there chairs? What are their responsibilities?
b. How is course scheduling decided?
c. Who has voting rights?
d. How are new hires decided?
e. How are TA assignments made?
f. How does P\&T work?
g. How do finances work? Is money distributed among programs or managed centrally?
h. Was equity established across units? Or are there still significant
i. differences in benefits / workloads / etc.?
9. How does the new collaborative entity affect students (both pro and cons)?
10. Did the nature of your own work change? More / less academic? administrative? etc.
11. What are the main lessons that you learned?

The following institutions were contacted:

- Arizona State University
- California State University
- The Ohio State University
- Oregon State University
- PSU - WLL, English, School of Business, CUPA, former School of the Environment
- Southern Illinois University
- Stanford
- University of Canterbury, New Zealand
- University of Maryland, Baltimore County
- University of Michigan
- University of South Carolina
- University of Washington
- Washington State University
- Western Washington

A CLAS student employee assisted the Workgroup by researching the number of faculty and organizational charts of each peer institution.

## Recommendations

- Retain existing majors, graduate degree programs and certificate programs
- Establish checks and balances in governance to avoid "absolute" power being vested in a single director, and ensure all units have representation in decision-making
- Define clear governance and organizational structure / bylaws prior to voting (i.e. new hires, P\&T, GAs, allocation of shared resources, etc.)
- Secure strong upper-administrative support, i.e. fund workgroups / facilitators / fundraise, advocate, etc.
- Evaluate the effects of combining unit finances to reduce competition for SCH, curricular redundancy, and increase curricular collaboration
- Communicate consistently and clearly with all that are affected about the process / timeline, findings, what has not yet been done, with appropriate detail. Transparency.
- Control over curriculum best resides with departments (or whatever they become) rather than in the hands of one person who sets curriculum for the entire school
- Ensure all faculty / staff / students, including those that may not identify with the School theme, are included and feel respected
- Make clear in advance if the departments / units retain their own Foundation accounts or if they are consolidated
- Understand that creation process is incremental and will take years to implement
- Communicate clearly School structure to new hires (TT, NTTF, and staff)
- Nurture community through periodic social events and a plan for co-location


## Items that need deeper discussion:

- Combining, and deciding structure for allocating, Budgets
- Governance / Organizational Structure - "Checks and balances"


## Additional Information

For details on individual models researched, use the following link:
https://docs.google.com/document/d/14irv rGEInE8ZH8YDMxzvhLVbHV 7sK BaJtqyJ7Ww/edit?usp=sharing

If you are having any trouble accessing the document, please email NewSchool@pdx.edu.

## Outreach

## Summary

The Exploratory School Discussion Workgroup reached out to faculty, staff, current and prospective students, affiliates and employers for feedback on how we can best support and prepare students, how to strategically position ourselves for the years ahead, and how to create an ideal work environment for faculty and staff.

## Outreach Methods

| Audience | Method | Questions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Faculty | Survey | Challenges if we continue business as usual <br> Priorities for the next 5-10 years <br> What would you like to see in a school structure <br> What makes a good work environment <br> What benchmarks indicate success |
| Staff | Survey, Luncheon | What would enable you to do your job more effectively <br> What would lead to more job satisfaction <br> What makes a good work environment <br> What could strengthen our sense of community |
| PSU Students <br> in the relevant <br> departments | Survey | Biggest obstacles or biggest missed expectations <br> Most important changes/improvements <br> See Appendix IIG for quantitative survey questions |
| PCC Pre-Transfer <br> Students | Survey | Resources/actions/activities leading to success at PCC <br> Resources/actions/activities critical to success at PSU |
| Employers | Email | Skills needed in graduates <br> How needed skillsets are expected to change in the <br> next 5-10 yrs <br> How best to partner with workforce members |
| PSU Affiliates <br> (Learning Center, <br> DRC, Care Team, <br> SPA, IELP, <br> Portland Center, <br> Student Life | Email | What recommendations do you have for our process <br> How can we best partner with you |

## Results

| Audience | Results |
| :---: | :---: |
| Faculty | Business as usual results in: <br> - Lack of hiring for faculty and staff <br> - "Adjunctification" <br> - Increasing service workloads <br> - Lack of innovation <br> - More competition for fewer resources <br> Future Priorities include: <br> - More courses counting towards degrees <br> - Shared 100-level sequence (a school FRINQ?) <br> - More grad-only classes <br> - Interdisciplinary teaching/research themes <br> - More hiring of tenure track and staff <br> - Specialization of admin staff duties <br> - Use our urban setting to our advantage and be unique from OSU/UO <br> Desirable Features of a New School: <br> - Transparency in governance and workload allocation <br> - School-level faculty governance committees <br> - Preserve existing majors but allow more course options across programs <br> - Reduce course redundancy <br> - Hybridizing degrees across programs <br> - Reward interdisciplinary research/teaching <br> - Reduce committee/service loads <br> - Allow for a focus on climate change |
| Staff | - Make sure staff are recognized as experts and professionals in their areas who are not interchangeable with each other <br> - Staff members acknowledge that school has potential to make staff jobs easier through collaboration, cross-training, specialization, etc. <br> - But they expressed strong skepticism that this potential will not be actionable, and instead implementation will end up leading to more work, more departures, and worse outcomes <br> - Lab prep staff are interested in more cross-training <br> - Some office staff are interested in more specialization |


|  | - All staff agree that more staff are needed <br> - Staff have appreciated getting together and developing community |
| :---: | :---: |
| PSU Students <br> in the relevant departments | - Scheduling and availability of classes is a key obstacle for students (breadth, online vs in-person, times offered, safety/parking) <br> - Making connections with other students in a cohort; feeling of belonging <br> - Not feeling prepared for interactions with professionals and career paths <br> - Centralized advising is a challenge <br> - Some students report negative experience with instructors not being prepared <br> - Grad students want more grad-only classes <br> - Increase BIPOC representation in faculty/curriculum |
| PCC Pre- <br> Transfer <br> Students | - Faculty office hours are important <br> - Integration of career advising with curriculum advising <br> - Alternatives to testing, and flexibility on deadlines <br> - More research and field work opportunities |
| Employers | - Needs <br> - Soft skills: organization, project management, communication, listening, leadership, collaboration, problem solving <br> - Technical skills: software, observation, disciplinary depth, data collection and modeling <br> - Future <br> - Greater interdisciplinary training <br> - Social science and policy of increasing importance <br> - Emerging techniques (eDNA, SCADA) <br> - Field skills <br> - Flexibility <br> - Engaging employers and PSU <br> - Build lasting relationships built on local needs <br> - Promote experiential learning <br> - Invite employers to participate |
| PSU Affiliates <br> (Learning <br> Center, DRC, Care Team, SPA, IELP, | - Learning Center: Would resources to serve the school be decentralized or remain centralized? Happy to support collaboration <br> - IELP: Interested in developing supportive relationship with our language learners and international students (building the Sustainability class) <br> - DOS: Units do not adequately use CARE or conduct systems leading to tremendous underreporting and challenges engaging in student interventions. |

Portland Center, Student Life

DOS would like to work with faculty and staff to have more exposure to the services and resources provided by DOS (Care team, risk intervention)

## Recommendations

Curriculum, Faculty, and Student Affairs

- Preserve existing majors but allow for more flexibility in course options to address the student concerns about course scheduling and breadth.
- Consider developing school-based FRINQ, SINQs, Junior Cluster, and Capstone requirements using the Honors College as a model.
- Identify redundant course offerings and assess if any should be reworked or removed as part of a strategy to address free up faculty teaching loads, allow for a greater variety of courses, or incentivize interdisciplinary teaching.
- Allow graduate committee members to be drawn from across the school based on the expertise rather than department.
- Pool some graduate coursework across graduate programs to allow for more graduate only courses.
- Develop a deliberate approach to opportunities for experiential learning and off campus opportunities for field experiences, research, and internships.
- Secure resources to house student advising in the new school.
- Foster identity at both the school and major/program level.


## Faculty, Staff \& Governance

- Hire new faculty and staff to fill existing gaps and expand into emerging opportunities.
- Restructure faculty governance committees at the school level to reduce faculty service loads; include members from each department when possible.
- Position the administrative functions of the school as a federated center of specialized staff with a clear supervisory structure.
- Develop materials for faculty and staff that clearly articulate the roles and processes that staff perform behind the scenes.
- Develop a staff lounge to encourage interaction and engagement among staff.


## CONCEPTUAL SCHOOL MODEL APPENDICES (IA-IB)

## Appendix IA- PSU School of Business Org Chart Examples

View org charts here:
https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1dRwEUACFJLwOYWb3web E74h oqInGOC?usp=share link

If you are having any trouble accessing the folder, please email NewSchool@pdx.edu

## Appendix IB- PSU School of Business Interview Notes

View interview notes here:
https://drive.google.com/file/d/11x8ivt0BTawGKxP28SToR Kot ctKHMu/view?usp=share link
If you are having any trouble accessing the folder, please email NewSchool@pdx.edu

INFORMATIONAL REPORT APPENDICES (IIA-IIG)

## APPENDIX IIA - At-a-Glance

| Data as of winter 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ANTH | BIO | ESM | GEOG | GEOL | SYSCI | TOTALS |
| FACULTY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pre-tenure | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | Tenured | 5 | 17 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 46 |
|  | NTT Teaching Ranks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | NTT-CA Prob | 0 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
|  | NTT-CA | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
|  | Fixed Terms | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | TOTAL: | 6 | 25 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 2 | 66 |
| NTTF Research Faculty |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Research Assistant/Associate | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 9 |


|  | Research Professors (Assist/Assoc/Full) | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL: | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 13 |
| STAFF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrepresented |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| AAUP-rep |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| SEIU-rep | OS2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
|  | Lab staff | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
|  | TOTAL: | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 11 |
| STAFF VACANCIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrepresented |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AAUP |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SEIU |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 3.5 |



|  | UG Minor x Other Dept Major (in school) | 3 | 14 | 18 | 45 | 13 | 0 | 93 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | UG Minor x Other Dept Minor (in school) | 0 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 26 |
|  | GR Major | 25 | 35 | 52* | 22 | 16 | 12 | 110 |
|  | GR Certificate | NA | NA | 4 | 18 | NA | 7 | 29 |
|  | TOTAL: | 279 | 1428 | 650 | 303 | 250 | 28 | 2938 |
|  | *Includes EES doctoral students whose advisors are in GEOG and GEOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CURRICULUM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Certs | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 10 |
|  | Minors | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 15 |
|  | BA/BS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
|  | MA/MS | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 12 |
|  | PHD | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
|  | TOTAL: | 3 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 12 | 5 | 47 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GRANT DOLLARS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Federal (NIH/NSF/EPA)/DOE) \|Direct | \$618,570 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,440,23 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | \$438,026 | \$388,914 | \$279,286 | \$0 | \$3,165,027 |
|  | Federal F\&A | \$137,126 | \$440,014 | \$106,389 | \$79,878 | \$102,877 | \$0 | \$866,284 |
|  | State/Contract/other Direct | \$106,864 | \$76,456 | \$797,469 | \$258,590 | \$4,816 | \$14,573 | \$1,258,767 |
|  | State and other F\&A | \$17,840 | \$9,673 | \$224,186 | \$59,378 | \$2,336 | \$7,068 | \$320,480 |
|  | Grant Total | \$880,401 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 1,966,37 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 1,566,07 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | \$786,760 | \$389,315 | \$21,640 | \$5,610,558 |
|  | TOTAL: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$11,221,115 |

## APPENDIX IIB - Advising

## ADVISING STRUCTURE ACROSS UNITS

## ANTH

- Advising on major and career issues is primarily done by the xhair, and this year, our careers/internship coordinator with support from other faculty. More general advising is done by the pathway advisors.


## BIO

- Undergraduate advising is conducted almost entirely through pathway advisors in the advising center, and is supplemented to a small degree by our departmental administrative assistant. All faculty engage in informal advising of undergraduate students, and TTF faculty are primarily responsible for advising the graduate students working in their labs.


## ESM

- Advising is primarily done by our pathway advisors with support from the chair.


## GEOG

- Advising is first done, where possible, by our pathway adviser.
- Four faculty undergraduate advisors assist with additional student course planning for majors and the Geography minor including evaluation of transfer courses; students are assigned to a faculty advisor alphabetically by last name.
- The other three minors each have different faculty advisers who also administer each minor.
- Two different graduate advisers review applications and advise graduate students on course planning and recommend DARS actions for the Geography MS/MA and MS GIS/Cert, respectively.


## GEOL

- We have three undergraduate advisors that are TT faculty. They take this on as part of their service load. They distribute students based on last name. We coordinate with the Pathways advisor, and ask students to be referred to a Geology Dept. advisor once they've declared.


## SySCI

- Grad students are assigned an adviser when offered admission, but as their research crystallizes, they are encouraged to "recruit" the best possible advisor from the larger pool of senior faculty members across campus. As needed, the program chair augments student advising needs in the program.


## APPENDIX IIC - GTA Comparison by Department

|  | Anthropology | Biology | Environmental Science and <br> Management (ESM) | Geography | Geology |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of <br> incoming lines <br> per year | 3 GTA lines <br> per 4 <br> incoming GAs | AY 23/4: 8 <br> Has been higher <br> in previous higher <br> enrollment years |  |  |  |
| Senior GTA line | Divided <br> among 2nd <br> allocation | As per course <br> need |  |  |  |
| Additional GA |  |  |  |  |  |
| support? |  |  |  |  |  |


| Course assignments \& Oversight | Large <br> 100/300 level <br> courses (>50 <br> enrollment), <br> Lan courses | - Lab courses <br> - Large lecture majors' courses -Assignments by TT faculty overseeing graduate affairs and grad program coordinator | - Lab courses <br> - Grading/writing intensive courses <br> - 3 as mentors for UNST SINQ courses taught by ESM faculty - Teaching lab manager drafts GTA assignments with chair and department manager oversight | Course need (determined by graduate coordinator, TT faculty member who is given course release to perform these duties) Organized decision tree viewable here, currently under revision. | - (historical) <br> teaching UG <br> cluster courses, often courses of their own creation or those developed by prior PhD students or core faculty members. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

*Continuing GAs get a COLA of between $1.5 \%$ and $3.5 \%$, so the average salary varies based on the mix of newer and more- senior GAs. Thus, depts with PhD programs have higher average rate. GA = Graduate Assistant, GTA = Graduate Teaching Assistant, GRA = Graduate Research Assistant, TT = Tenure Track

## APPENDIX IID - JDEI AND WORK-LIFE BALANCE

| JDEI and Work-life Balance Statements in Bylaws and P\&T Guidelines |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Anthropology | Biology* | ESM | Geography | Geology | $\begin{aligned} & \text { System } \\ & \text { Science } \end{aligned}$ |
| Bylaws | Article II - Purpose (pg.2); Article IIIB Faculty Search Committee (pg.7); Article IX - Work-Life Balance (pg. 7) | 3.6 Search Committees (pg. 13); | Article IVB - <br> Hiring (Pg. 5) <br> Article X - <br> Work-Life <br> Balance (Pg.9- <br> 10) | Article VIII - <br> Department <br> Culture <br> Work/Life <br> Balance (Pg. <br> VIII) | Article II - <br> Purpose (Pg. 1) | not yet updated |
| P\&T | No JDEI topics covered explicitly in P\&T guidelines | No JDEI topics covered explicitly in P\&T guidelines | No JDEI topics covered explicitly in P\&T guidelines | Covers JDEI topics on Pg.18, 20, 24, 27 | No JDEI topics covered explicitly in P\&T guidelines | not yet updated |
| Work-Life <br> Balance <br> Statement | Present | Present | Present | Present | Present | not yet updated |

[^0]
## APPENDIX IIE - P\&T

|  | Anthropology | Biology | Environmental <br>  <br> Management <br> (ESM) | Geography | Geology | Systems <br> Science |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P\&T committee composition and numbers | 3 tenure-track <br> Faculty (majority needs to be tenured $=2$ ). In the absence of a majority of tenured faculty, tenured faculty members from other departments with relevant expertise and experience will be asked to serve on the committee by the Committee Chair and agreed upon by the faculty member being reviewed. | 5 tenured faculty members elected by the entire faculty (defined as all tenured and tenure track faculty, and all NTTF holding <br> the rank of Senior Instructor I* or above. | 3 elected tenured members of the faculty. Nontenured members may also serve on this committee in a non-voting capacity and are in addition to the 3 voting committee members. | 3 faculty and one student. Only tenured and tenure-track faculty are eligible to serve. | An Advisory Committee is taking on P\&T committee responsibilities (all tenured faculty). Non-tenured faculty on continuous appointment may become members by a $2 / 3$ vote of the committee. The Advisory <br> Committee, with the addition of 2 student members with voting privileges, functions as the departmental P\&T committee | 3 faculty from across the campus, typically tenured |



| NTTF evaluation and P\&T committee participation | When a NTTF member is reviewed, and there is more than one NTTF <br> member in the Department, at least one NTTF member will be on the review <br> committee. NTTF members <br> who are appointed at . 5 FTE or higher may participate as observers or serve as needed at the <br> discretion of the P\&T Chair, and with the approval of the faculty member under review. | For P\&T decisions on NTTF faculty members, if possible (i.e. if there are two or more NTTF faculty in the department available to participate) one of the 5 tenured faculty members will be randomly removed from the committee and replaced by a NTTF faculty member selected by the entire faculty. | The P\&T <br> Committee, with the addition of a NTTF faculty member chosen as specified in the ESM Guidelines for NTTF Review on the years requiring NTTF review, organizes reviews of NTTF for continuous appointments. All members vote on the NTTF candidate(s); tenure track members will vote on TTF candidates. | Annual probationary NTTF reviews will be conducted by the NTTF Review Committee. This committee, as per GEOG Bylaws, consists of 3 faculty members (1 NTTF, 2 TTF), appointed by the GEOG Chair. The committee chair, as per GEOG Bylaws, is NTT faculty with CA status. The Department Chair may not serve as a member of the committee. <br> In the event that a member of the NTTF Review Committee is to be reviewed, the Department Chair will appoint an additional committee member solely for the purposes of reviewing the other member's dossier so that no one serves as both reviewer and reviewee of the same case. The additional committee member will also be NTT faculty, from within GEOG unless there is no one available, in which case the member will be chosen from outside GEOG. | The NTTF Faculty Review <br> Committee is the <br> Advisory Committee and <br> a NTTF representative appointed by the Chair. <br> The NTTF member cannot be the NTTF representative when their own file is under consideration. <br> Procedures for review of NTTF are included in the department's guidelines for Promotion and Tenure. | Have <br> had only one NTTF in the past ten years, treated as a full regular faculty member |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Student <br> participation <br> on P\&T and <br> PTR <br> committees | No information | Yes - 2 student <br> members. A <br> graduate student <br> member will be <br> selected by the P\&T <br> committee from <br> graduate students <br> volunteering to <br> serve and an <br> undergraduate <br> biology student with <br> upper division <br> standing will be <br> selected by the P\&T <br> Committee from <br> students <br> volunteering to serve. The student members shall participate in P\&T Committee deliberations but are no voting members. | No information | Yes -1 student. The student member will be a GEOG graduate student chosen by the students. | Yes - 2 student members. <br> The student members receive one vote total. In the event that the <br> student members cannot reach a consensus, they may abstain from voting. The Office Coordinator shall oversee the elections (by secret ballot) of the student members and shall ensure the eligibility of students <br> to vote in each election. <br> 1. One Geology graduate student elected by a majority of the <br> department's MS and PhD students. | Informall y only |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## APPENDIX IIF - PARTNERSHIPS

## Partnerships identified so far (note: this is a partial list, and faculty from Biology have not yet been interviewed)

## Government Partners:

Oregon Department of Energy
City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability
Port of Portland
USGS
Clackamas River Water Providers
Water and Environment Services
Portland Water Bureau
US Forest Service
Clean Rivers Coalition (Multnomah County)
National Parks Service
Metro
Oregon Fish and Wildlife
Oregon Department of Transportation
Oregon Health Authority
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries
Oregon Health Authority

## Private Sector

AltaRock Energy
OMSI
NW Natural
Environmental Defense Fund
Providence Healthcare
Weyerhauser

## Initial Observations:

- Most partnerships have formed out of individual relationships, and dependent on individual relationships for maintenance
- Most are with government (at all levels)
- One reason why they favor government partnerships is because of funding. Nonprofits, community groups and smaller businesses have a harder time with funding projects
- When partners have an interest in science and scientific method it leads to collaboration, better work, and a more satisfying relationship. It can also lead to a deeper, longer-term partnership
- Figuring out the administrative side of partnerships was difficult for both faculty and partners. It can also be difficult to create synergy between faculty/partner timelines; and making timelines work with SPA.
- There seems to be a lack of staff who are dedicated to creating inroads to new organizations/partnerships
- Faculty are mostly unaware of partnerships that others hold--there is a desire to know who is working with who and on what


# APPENDIX IIG - STUDENT SURVEY RESULTS \& QUESTIONS 

## Undergraduate Survey Results

## Graduate Student Survey Results

We want to hear about your experience in your program. The Anthropology, Biology, Environmental Science \& Management, Geography, Geology, and Systems Science Departments and Programs are collaborating to learn more about your experience and inform an initiative designed to create a vision for future coordination and collaboration among our departments and programs (you can learn more about this initiative at the Exploratory School Initiative website). Ideally, this initiative will foster more interdisciplinary programming, better student services, and increase cross-disciplinary student experiences in the years ahead. We want to hear from you early in the process.

1. What year in school are you? (freshman, sophomore, junior, senior, post-bac, masters, doctoral)
2. Was the 2022-2023 school year your first year at PSU? (Yes, No)
3. Did you start your degree at PSU, or did you transfer from another school? (Started at PSU, Transferred from another school)
a. If the selected option for \#2 is "Transferred from another school", then
i. I transferred from:
4. Portland CC
5. Clackamas CC
6. Mt Hood CC
7. Other:
8. What major are you currently pursuing?
a. If the selected option for \#1 is an undergrad or postback level, then
i. Anthropology
ii. Biology
iii. Environmental Science
iv. Environmental Studies
v. Geography
vi. Geology
vii. Other:
b. If the selected option for \#1 is at the grad level, then
i. MS in Anthropology
ii. MS in Biology
iii. MS in Environmental Science
iv. MS in Geography
v. MS in Geology
vi. MEM in Environmental Management
vii. PSM in Environmental Science \& Management
viii. PSM in Applied Geosciences
ix. PhD in Biology
x. PhD in Earth, Environment, and Society
xi. PhD in Systems Science
9. Do you have a minor? $\qquad$
10. If you previously had a different major, what was it?
11. Do you plan to be a student at PSU in the fall of 2023? (Yes, Maybe, No I plan on graduating before then, No I do not plan to be a student at PSU in the Fall 2023 for other reasons)
a. If the selected option for \#4 is "No I do not plan to be a student at PSU in the Fall 2023 for other reasons" then,
b. Why are you not planning to be a student again in fall 2021? (select the best option from the list below.) allow checking multiple boxes
i. I need a break from school
ii. I have financial concerns about being able to afford school
iii. I have family obligations that prevent me from continuing
iv. PSU is not a good fit for me
v. Other: $\qquad$
12. Please rate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements about your connection with [Major Program of Study]. (select one answer for each statement - 5 point scale from Strongly agree to Strongly disagree.)
a. I feel like I belong in [Major]
b. I feel like I am part of [Major]
c. I feel like I can be myself in [Major]
d. Overall, I feel happy to be in [Major]
e. I think that people in [Major] care about me
f. I don't have close bonds with others in [Major]
g. I feel isolated in [Major]
h. I feel excluded in [Major]
i. I feel disconnected from [Major]
j. I feel ignored in [Major]
13. Please rank your overall satisfaction or dissatisfaction with the following experiences at PSU. (Select one answer for each item - 5 point scale from Highly Satisfied to Highly Dissatisfied + Not Applicable)
a. Availability of classes
b. Class sizes
c. Quality of courses
d. Access to faculty and instructors
e. Quality of teaching assistants
f. Course requirements for the major / degree
g. Access to courses or other activities outside my department
h. Extracurricular activities for my major / degree
i. Research experiences
j. Quality of advising
k. Facilities
l. Options for committee members with relevant expertise [GRAD ONLY]
m . Availability of funding to support graduate school [GRAD ONLY]
n . Sense of community with my major or graduate program
o. Overall quality of my major or graduate program
14. How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your major or degree program? (5pt scale: Strongly agree to Strongly disagree)
a. My major's requirements reflect the state of the art in the field
b. My major's requirements prepare me for practical applications in my field
c. My major's requirements are relevant to my professional goals
d. My major's courses are offered when I need them
e. My major's courses help me understand current issues in my field
f. Faculty in my major are interested in my success
g. My major is designed to be appropriately rigorous
15. How much do you agree or disagree that your major or degree program prepares you for the following
a. My major is helping me improve my critical thinking skills
b. My major is helping me improve my written communication skills
c. My major is helping me improve my oral presentation skills
d. My major is helping me understand how to analyze and interpret data
e. My major is helping me apply theoretical knowledge to practical problems
f. My major is helping me prepare to interact with professional
g. My major is helping me prepare for a career
16. What have been the biggest obstacles or biggest missed expectations relative to your success toward in your major or graduate program?
17. What would be the most important changes/improvements that PSU could make to improve your education experience?

## Closing Page

Thank you for your participation. Your responses have been recorded. If you would like to be entered into a raffle for the daily Starbucks gift card, please click here. You will be taken to a separate site where you can enter your name and contact information to be entered into a daily $\$ 20$ gift card drawing. If you'd rather not enter the raffle you can close this browser window.

1. First and last name
2. Email
3. With which of the following Departments or Programs do you most closely identify?
a. Anthropology
b. Biology
c. Environmental Science \& Management
d. Geography
e. Geology
f. Systems Science

[^0]:    *Information from Biology Department Draft Document Jan 2021, Combined Bylaws and P\&T Guidelines

