



PORTLAND STATE

COLLEGE

UNIVERSITY

FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

**FINANCIAL DASHBOARD
&
ANNUAL REPORTING
REQUIREMENTS**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



Portland State
UNIVERSITY



Portland State University Finance Committee Participants

Board of Trustees Finance & Administration Committee

Irving Levin
Chair

Lindsay Stewart
Vice Chair

Erica Bestpitch

Vacant

Gregory Hinckley

Pete Nickerson

Gale Castillo
Ex officio, voting

Dr. Rahmat Shoureshi
*University President
Ex officio, non-voting*

Finance & Administration

Dr. Kevin Reynolds
*Vice President,
Ex officio, non-voting*

Susan Klees
Special Assistant to the Vice President

Operations Team

Isaac Dixon
Associate Vice President, HR

Brian Roy
University Risk Manager

Donnell Tanksley
Campus Police Chief

Dan Zalkow
*Associate Vice President for Planning,
Construction & Real Estate*

Finance Team

Andria Johnson
University Budget Director

Amanda Nguyen
*Director, Student Financial
Services*

Jennifer Kahl
University Controller

Donald Forsythe
University Treasurer

MESSAGE FROM THE VICE PRESIDENT OF FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

Now in its second year of publication, the Portland State University Financial Dashboard and Annual Reporting Requirements is designed to provide members of the campus community with an accessible and educational resource for understanding our 2017-2018 fiscal year financial performance. In particular, the metrics and analysis included here, have been designed to assist the university's 15-member volunteer Board of Trustees in fulfilling their governance and oversight responsibilities for the university. This resource serves as a companion to the annual, externally audited financial statements from which much of the data included herein was derived.

Portland State University, with over 27,000 students and more than 6,000 graduates in 2018, continues to be Oregon's most diverse and only urban-serving university. Its \$575 million all funds revenue grew 2.3% during the last fiscal year, with 58% of that generated from the core Education and General (E&G) operations. That growth included higher state allocations from the Public University Support Fund, and increased tuition and fees. Expenditures increased 1.6% over the previous year, driven largely by the increased cost of employee benefits. The university was able to add \$8.8 million to its operating and central reserve balances in keeping with direction from the Board of Trustees to ensure reserves are sufficient to manage risk. Details on these, and many more operating metrics are included in this document to assist readers in understanding the university's financial position.

Looking forward, Portland State University continues to enjoy the advantages of our location within Oregon's largest city, but also face some challenges that confront higher education broadly, as well as those affecting all public employers in the state. Like many colleges and universities around the country, Portland State University has experienced demographically driven flat or slightly declining enrollment in recent years. However, at Portland State those declines are moderated by our comprehensive program offerings and proximity to Oregon's major employers. Nevertheless, we will continue to be challenged by increasing employee benefits costs, upward pressure on salaries and wages, and the need to make investments to advance the mission of the institution. There is uncertainty around how much of these costs may be covered by our major unrestricted revenue streams of state appropriations and tuition revenue. As the university moves forward, it will have a continuing need to be prudent in managing its limited resources and attentive to maintaining sufficient reserves for long-term institutional financial stability.



*Dr. Kevin Reynolds
Vice President, Finance & Administration
Portland State University*



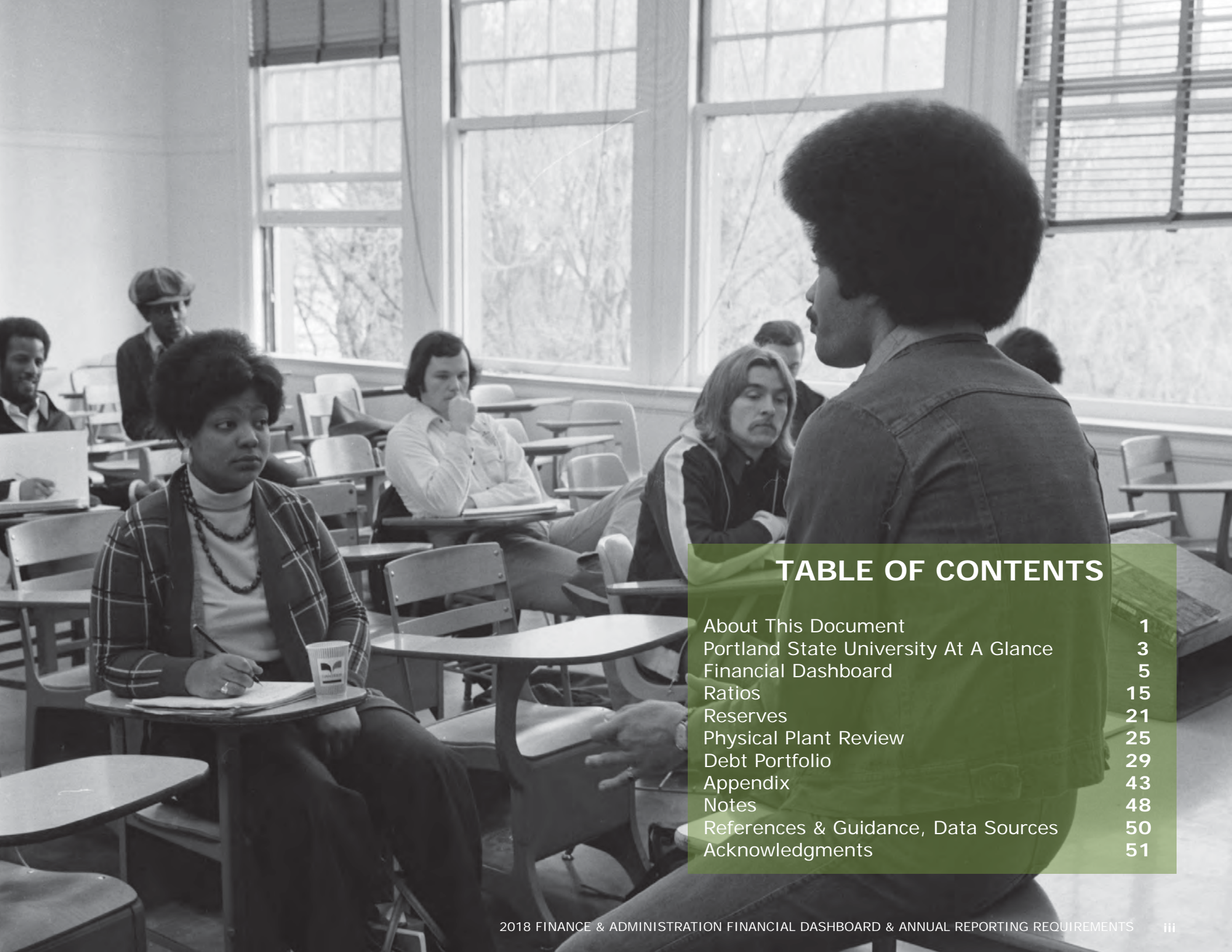


TABLE OF CONTENTS

About This Document	1
Portland State University At A Glance	3
Financial Dashboard	5
Ratios	15
Reserves	21
Physical Plant Review	25
Debt Portfolio	29
Appendix	43
Notes	48
References & Guidance, Data Sources	50
Acknowledgments	51

ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT

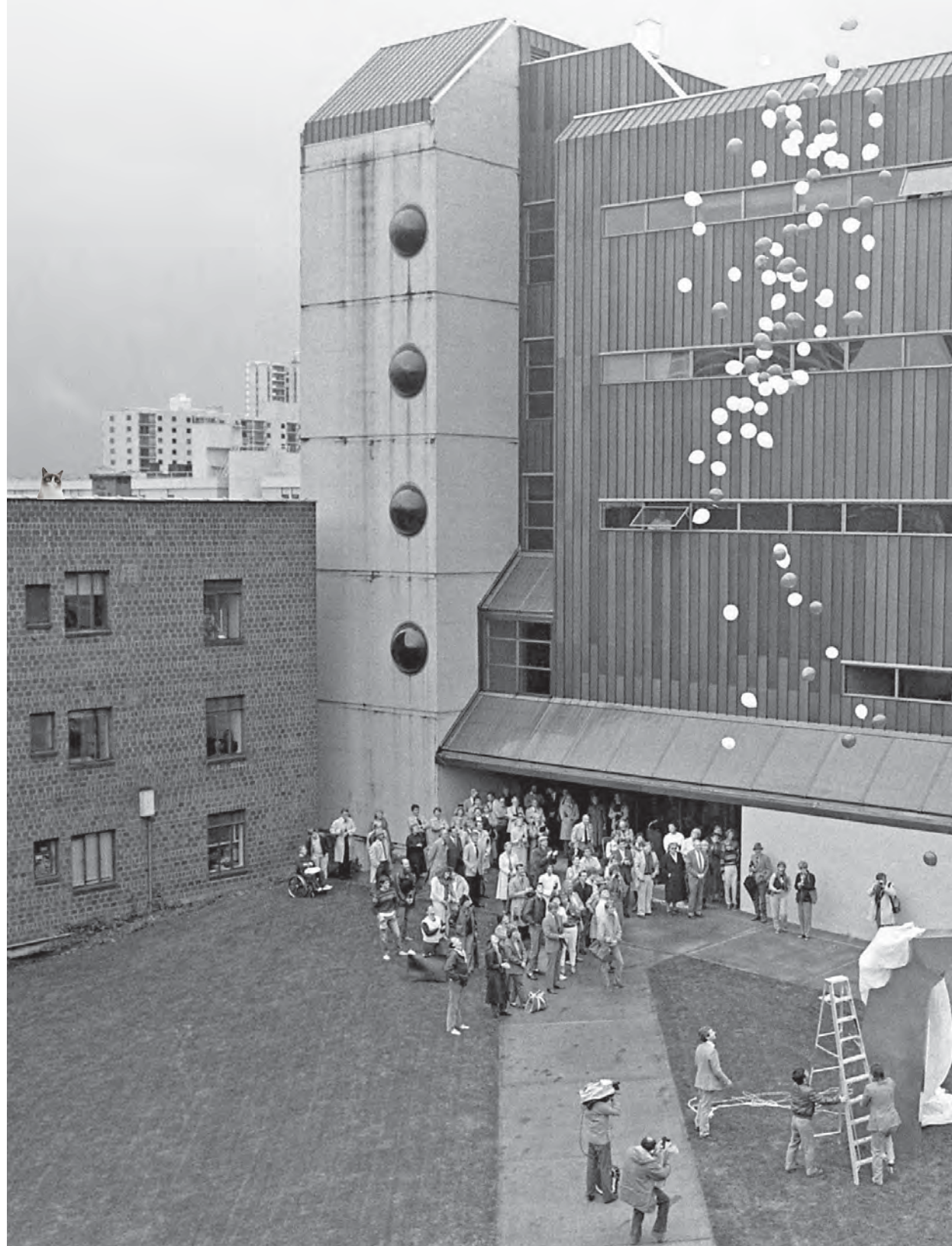
The annual release and acceptance of the Audited Financial Statements prompts the issuance of over 25 additional items to the Board of Trustees. These items are identified as annual reporting required under the Board of Trustees' Debt and Reserve Management Policies. Additionally, the presented materials include topics approved by the Finance and Administration (F&A) Committee during the 2015-16 academic year for inclusion in the annual financial dashboard.

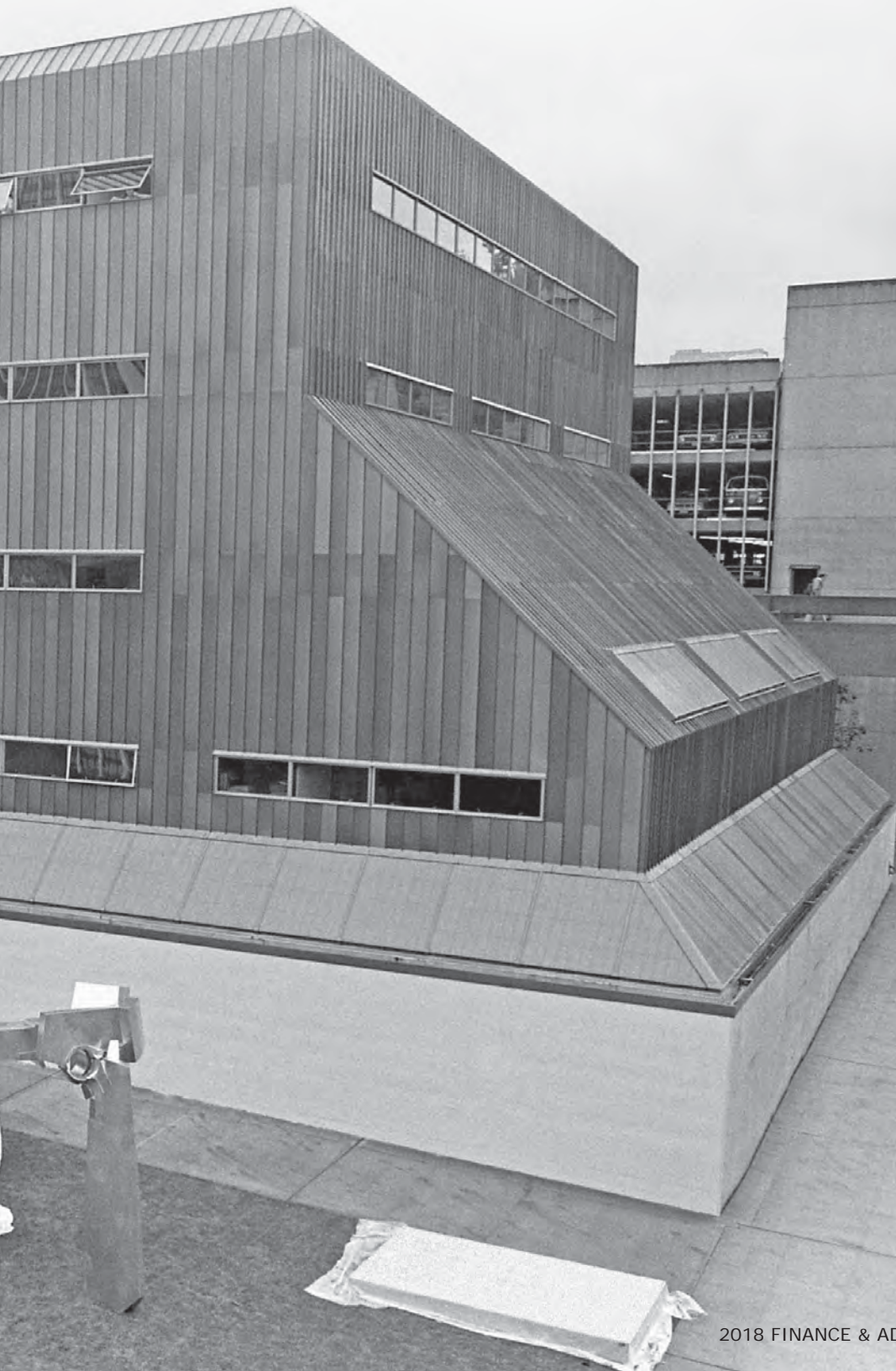
While the primary purpose of this document is to disseminate required financial information and analysis to the existing membership of the Board of Trustees, it is also created with the intent of being an educational and reference resource to incoming Board members, institutional leadership, staff, and the broader university community.

The established graphical representations, ratio calculations and reserve measurements offered on the following pages have three objectives:

- 1) to enhance transparency by being constructed from readily accessible data, being primarily the university's audited financial statements and ERP system;
- 2) to be repeatable or easily calculated across time with known guidance or industry accepted approaches;
- 3) to be comparable, or easily equated and benchmarked to industry standards, guidance on operational health and/or the performance of peers.

All data associated with representations, calculations and measurements was compiled from sources recognized and presented at the end of this report.

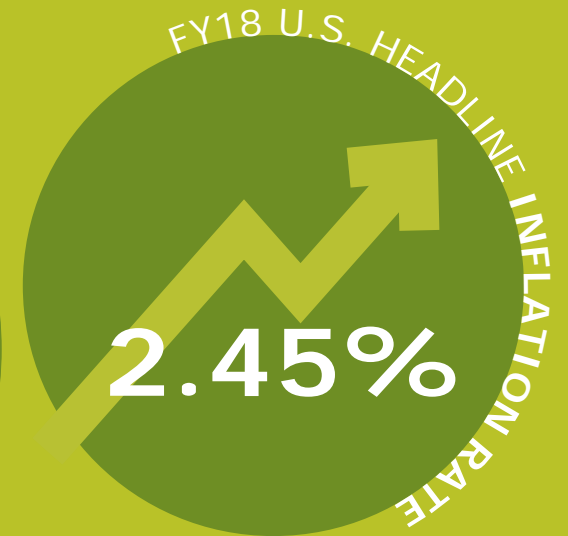
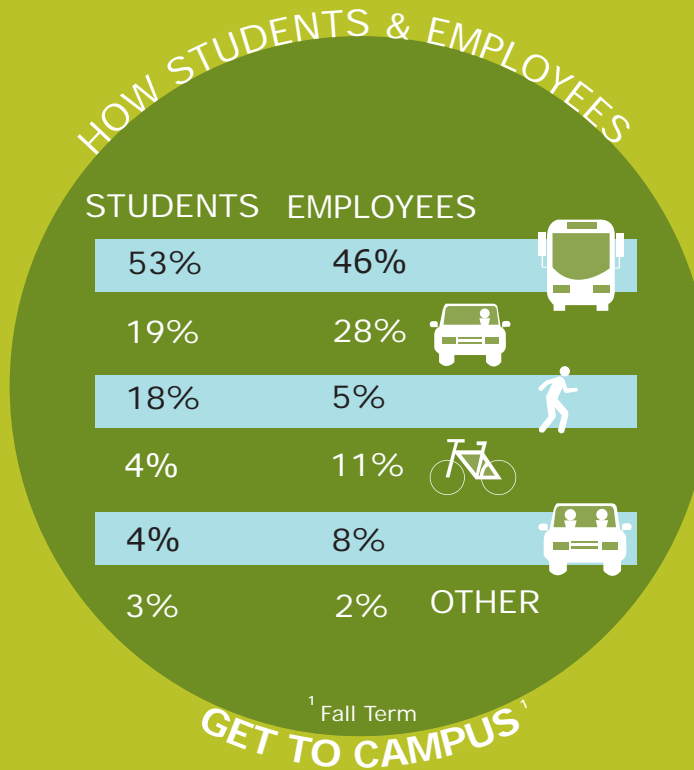
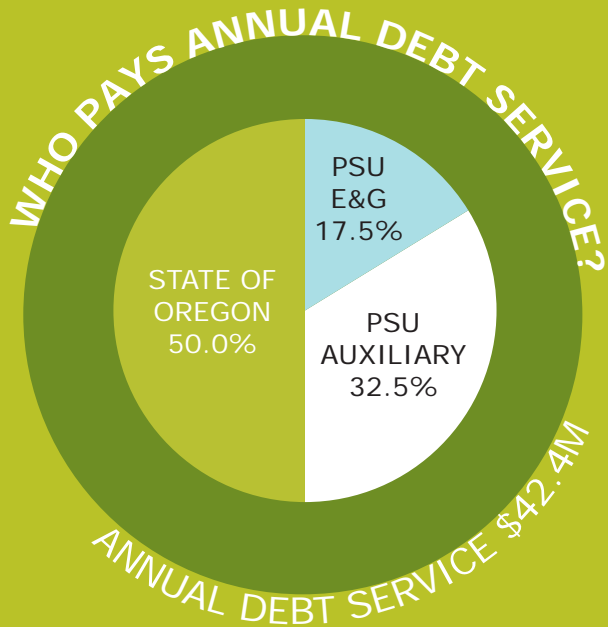
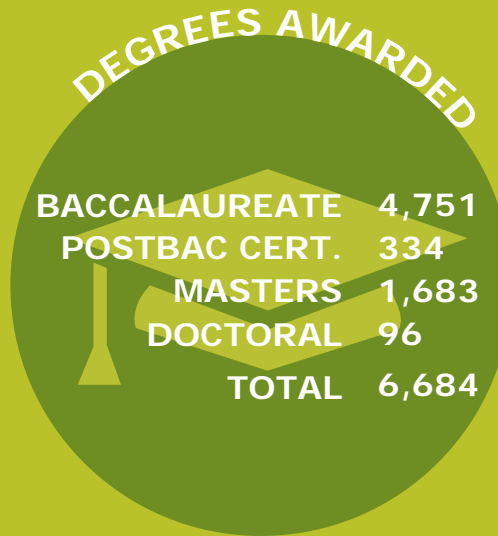


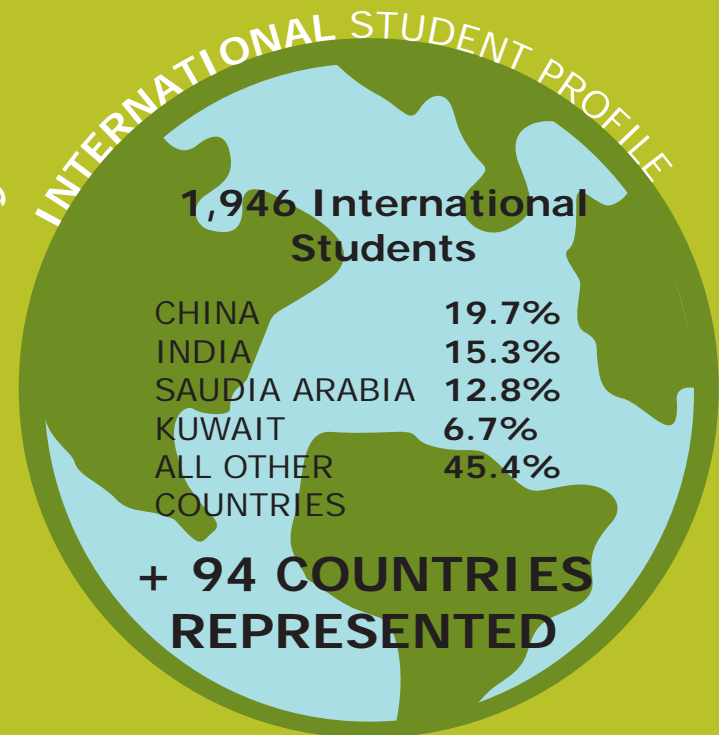
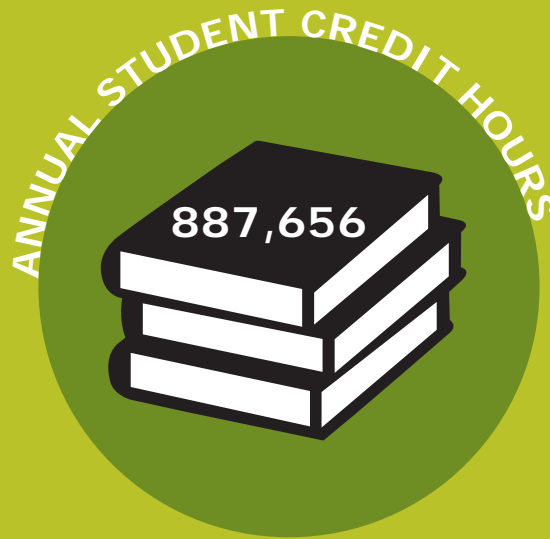
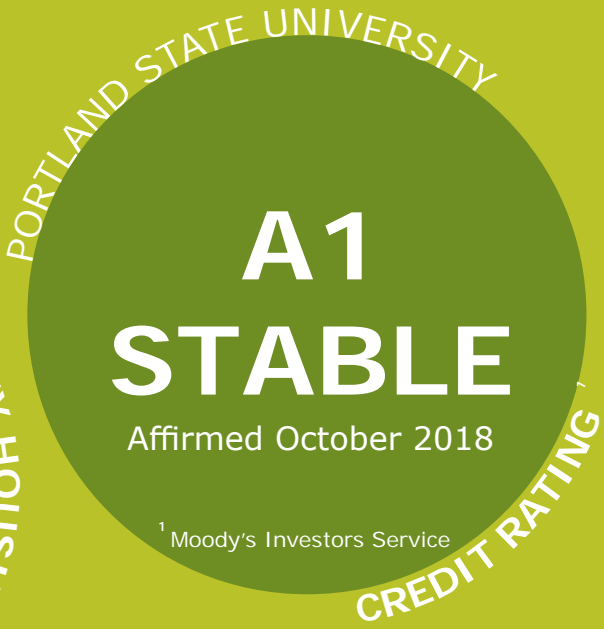
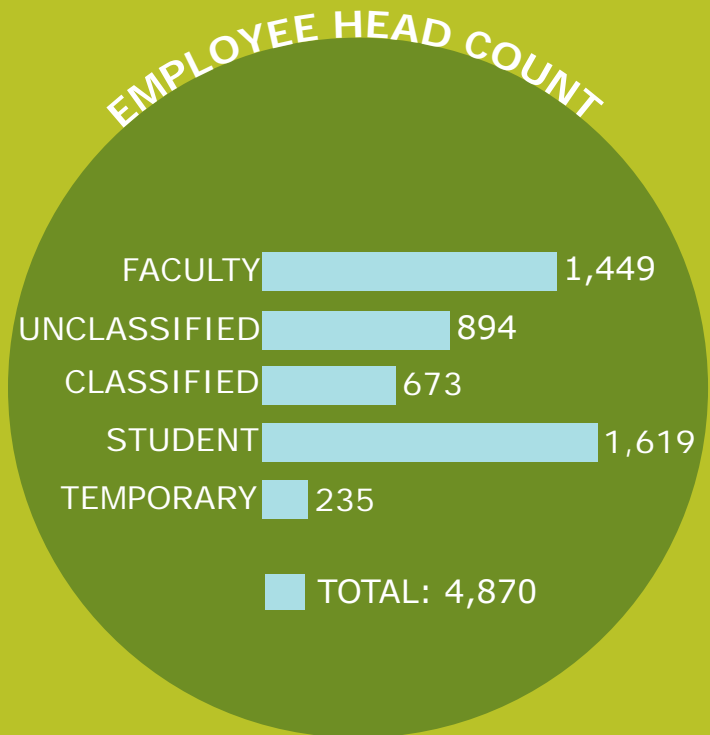


FINANCIAL ANALYSIS & GASBs 68 & 75

Effective July 1, 2014, PSU implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 (GASB 68) Accounting and Financial Reporting of Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance financial reporting by state and local governments of defined benefit pension plans and associated net liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and resultant expenses. Additionally, effective July 1, 2017, PSU implemented GASB 75, replacing GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This pronouncement requires establishment of liabilities for defined benefit postemployment plans other than pensions. Both GASBs 68 & 75 are a significant divergence from historical treatment on the reporting of pensions and other defined benefit plans, and have created large variances when conducting time-trend analysis and review of the institution's net position and changes in net position.

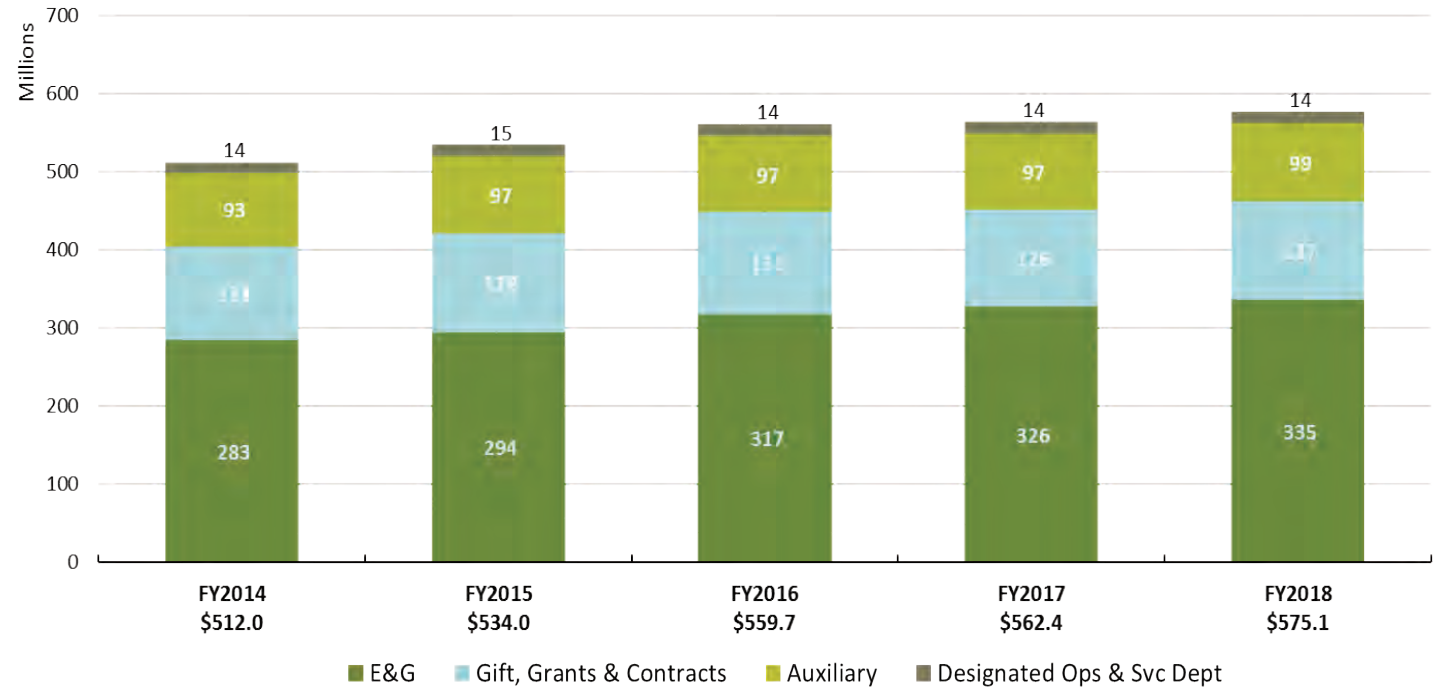
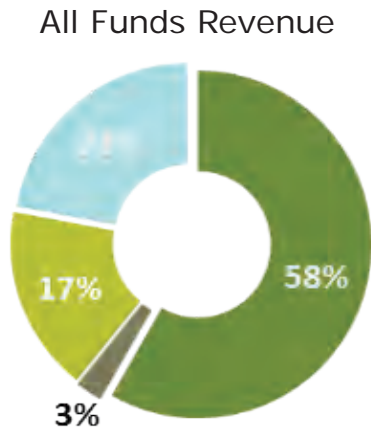
PSU's Finance & Administration has considered the guidance provided by the [Prager & C., LLC's] 7th Edition of Strategic Financial Analysis in Higher Education Summer 2016 Update, for analysis of the effects of GASBs 68 & 75 on the institution's financial statements and calculation of financial ratios. Consistent with this guidance, PSU Finance & Administration will calculate all financial all financial ratios twice—both including and excluding the effects of GASBs 68 and 75 to facilitate financial analysis and comparability to peer comparison.





ALL FUNDS REVENUE STREAMS (Millions)

Source: ERP

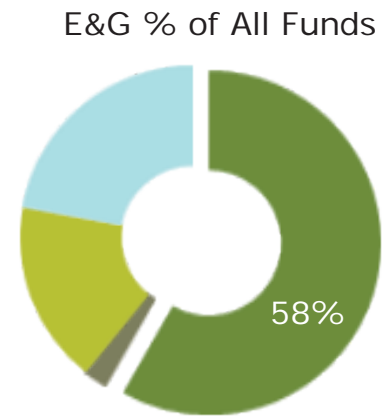
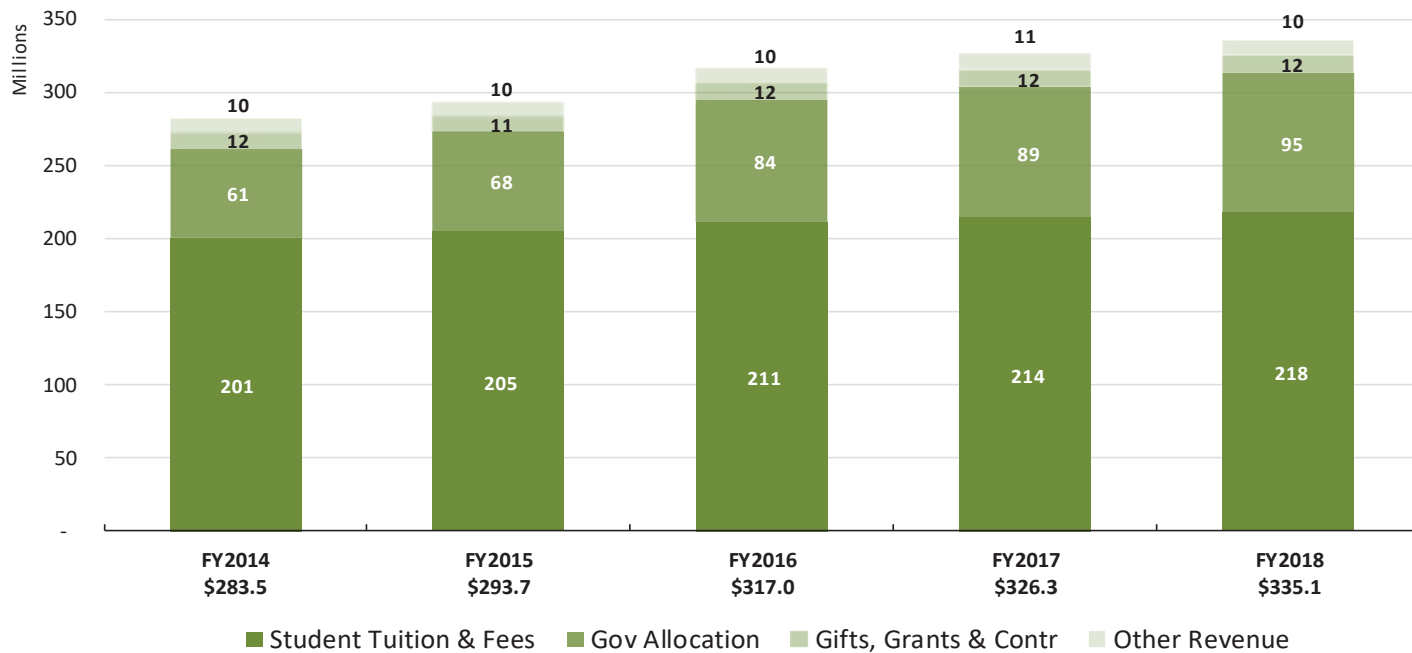


The size, growth, and diversity of university revenue are important indicators for the long-term health of the institution. The all funds budget of university revenue is composed of four major groups – Education and General Operations (E&G), Gift Grants and Contracts, Auxiliary Operation, and Designated Operations and Service Departments. As a large public university approximately 58% of PSU's revenues are captured in E&G operations.

\$575.1 million in FY2018 all funds revenue activity represents a 2.3% growth in revenue activity over FY2017. This growth was driven by increased government support by \$6 million and tuition revenues by \$4 million. The \$2 million growth in Auxiliary was driven by higher incidental fees and increased Transportation & Parking and Housing revenues.

E&G REVENUE STREAMS (Millions)

Source: ERP



Education and General (E&G) operations is the core focus of any educational institution. The performance of FY2018 E&G Revenue shows modest growth of 2.7% due primarily to increased government allocated funds by \$6 million and tuition revenues (5.4% and 5.2% increase for resident and nonresident undergraduate students credit-hour rates).

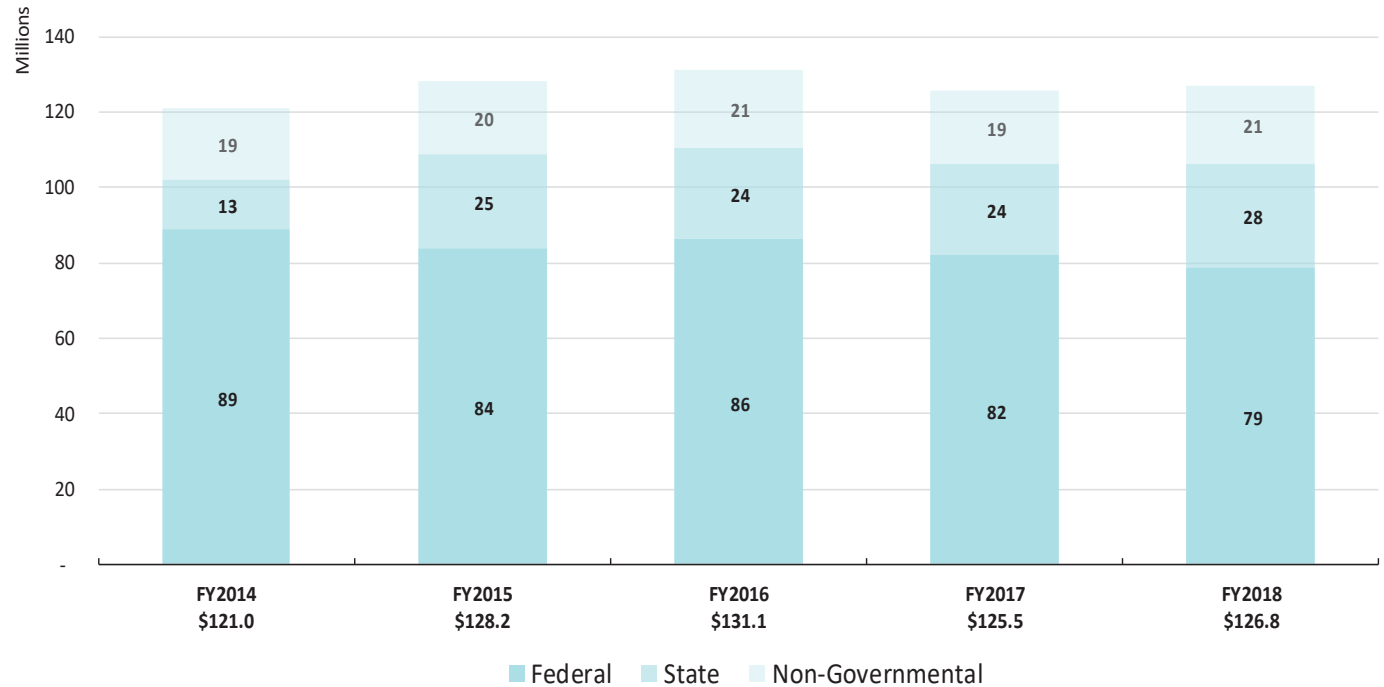
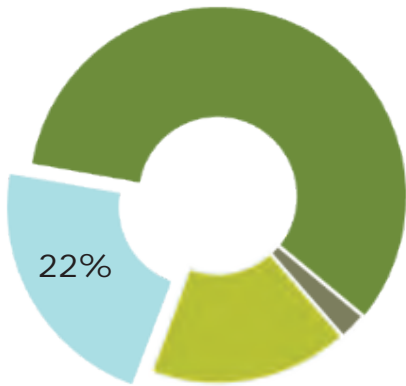
The above presentation of Gifts, Grants & Contracts revenue within E&G operations is the recognition of Facilities and Administration (F&A) cost recovery income generated through billings against external grants and contracts research activity conducted within university space.

Other Revenue includes investment interest earnings, as well as internal and miscellaneous sales and service such as library fees, equipment rental, and surplus property sales.

GIFT, GRANTS & CONTRACTS REVENUE STREAMS (Millions)

Source: ERP

GG&C % of All Funds



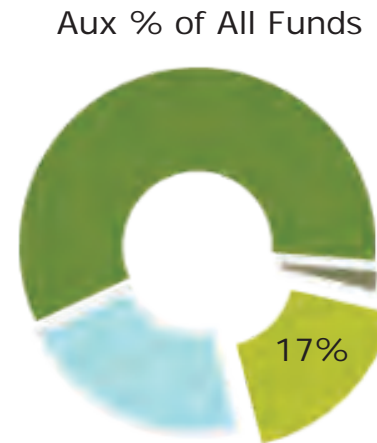
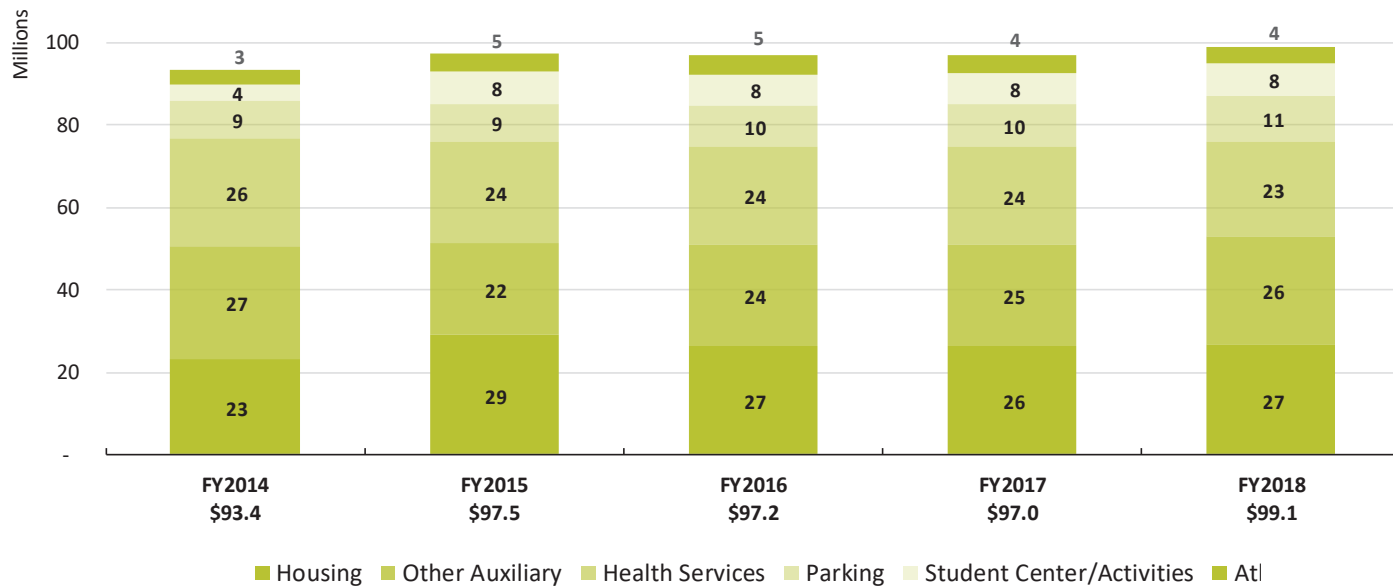
Non-E&G Gifts, Grants and Contracts revenue represents funding delivered from outside sources to support vital research, scholarships and education. This revenue category includes Gifts, Grants and Contracts sourced from federal, state, and local government entities; as well as private corporations, non-profits, and individuals.

Overall, Gifts, Grants and Contracts Revenue in FY2018 has been stable in comparison with FY2017.

FY2018 did see a decline in federally sponsored grants when compared to FY2017. This was offset however by increases in state sponsored grants through the Oregon Department of Education, Oregon Department of Transportation, and the Oregon Department of Human Services; as well as, Oregon Health Sciences University.

AUXILIARY REVENUE STREAMS (Millions)

Source: ERP



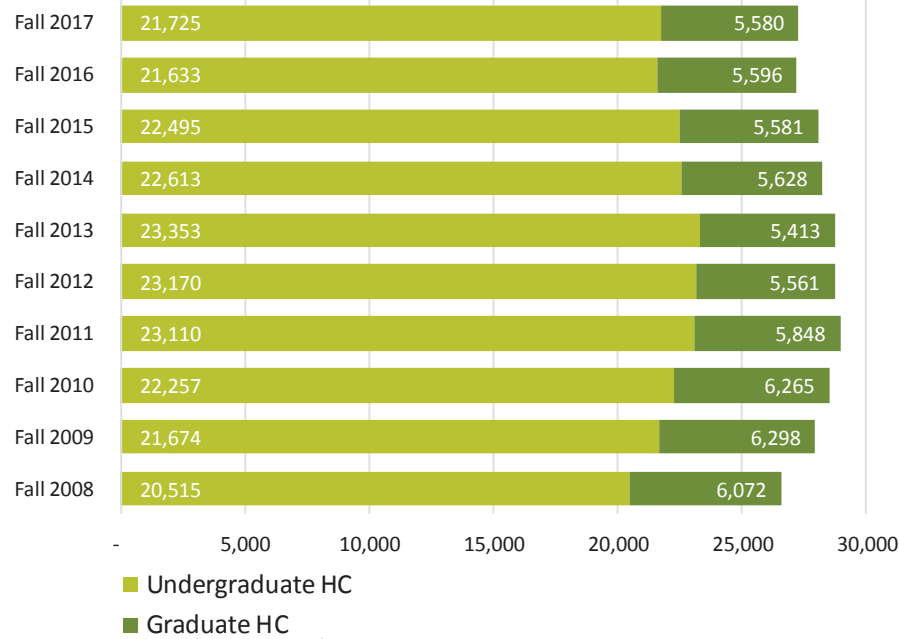
Auxiliary Services exist to provide goods or services to students, faculty, staff and visitors to the university. A successful Auxiliary will be cognizant of its impact on total cost of attendance, while providing quality goods and services at competitive prices. Additionally, Auxiliary Services should fully operate in a self-sufficient manner—not requiring E&G support. Auxiliaries in aggregate contribute \$6.3 million dollars a year to E&G operations through administrative overhead charges.

Beyond those Auxiliaries specifically identified above, “Other Auxiliaries” include services like university market, commercial real estate operations, student building fees, and student incidental fees. The modest increase of 2% in FY2018 over FY2017 was driven by higher housing, parking and incidental fees.

STUDENT PROFILE, FALL 2017, 4TH WEEK, 2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

Source: OIRP

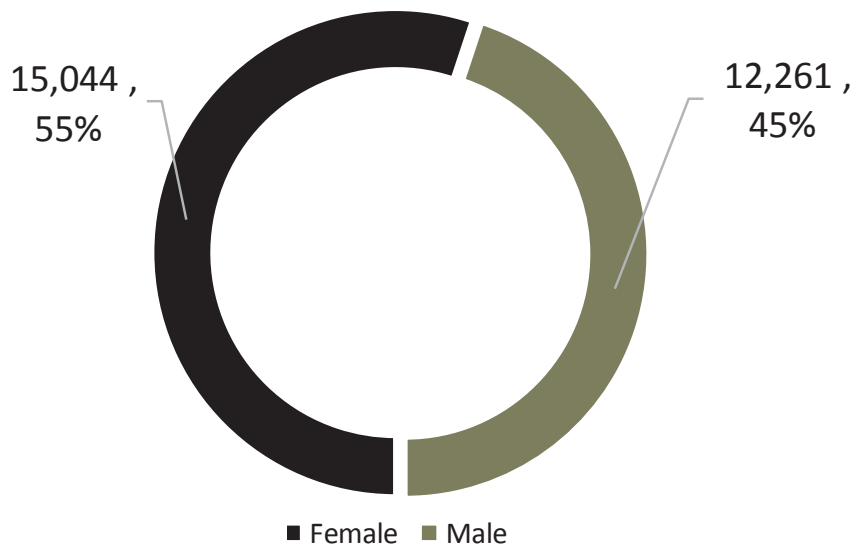
Headcount (Total 27,229)



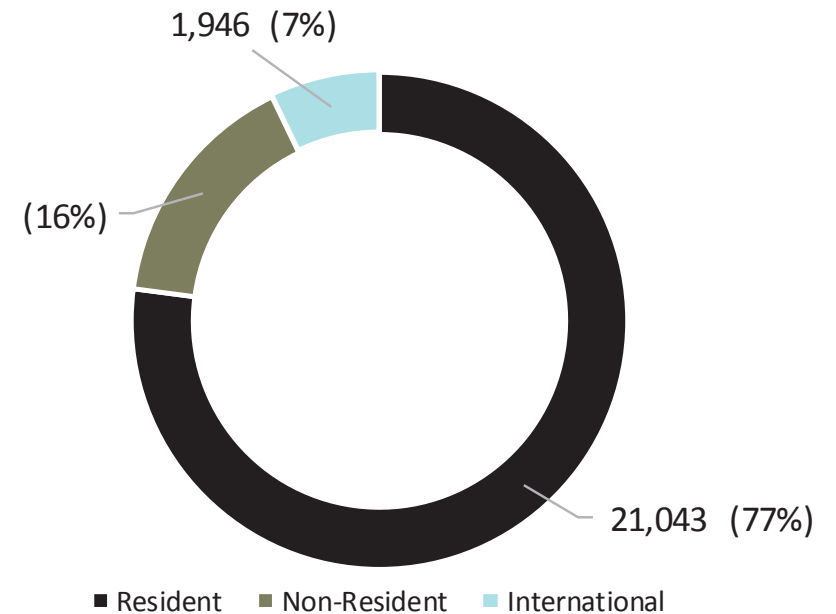
Race/Ethnicity

	FALL 2016 (27,229)	FALL 2017 (27,305)
Asian	2,114 7.8%	2,314 8.5%
Black	875 3.2%	908 3.3%
Hispanic/Latino	3,071 11.3%	3,437 12.6%
International Students	2,129 7.8%	1,946 7.1%
Multiple Ethnic/Race	1,525 5.6%	1,633 6.0%
Native American	343 1.3%	298 1.1%
Pacific Islander	156 0.6%	153 0.6%
White	15,789 58.0%	15,359 56.2%
Declinded to Respond	1,227 4.5%	1,257 4.6%

Legal Sex

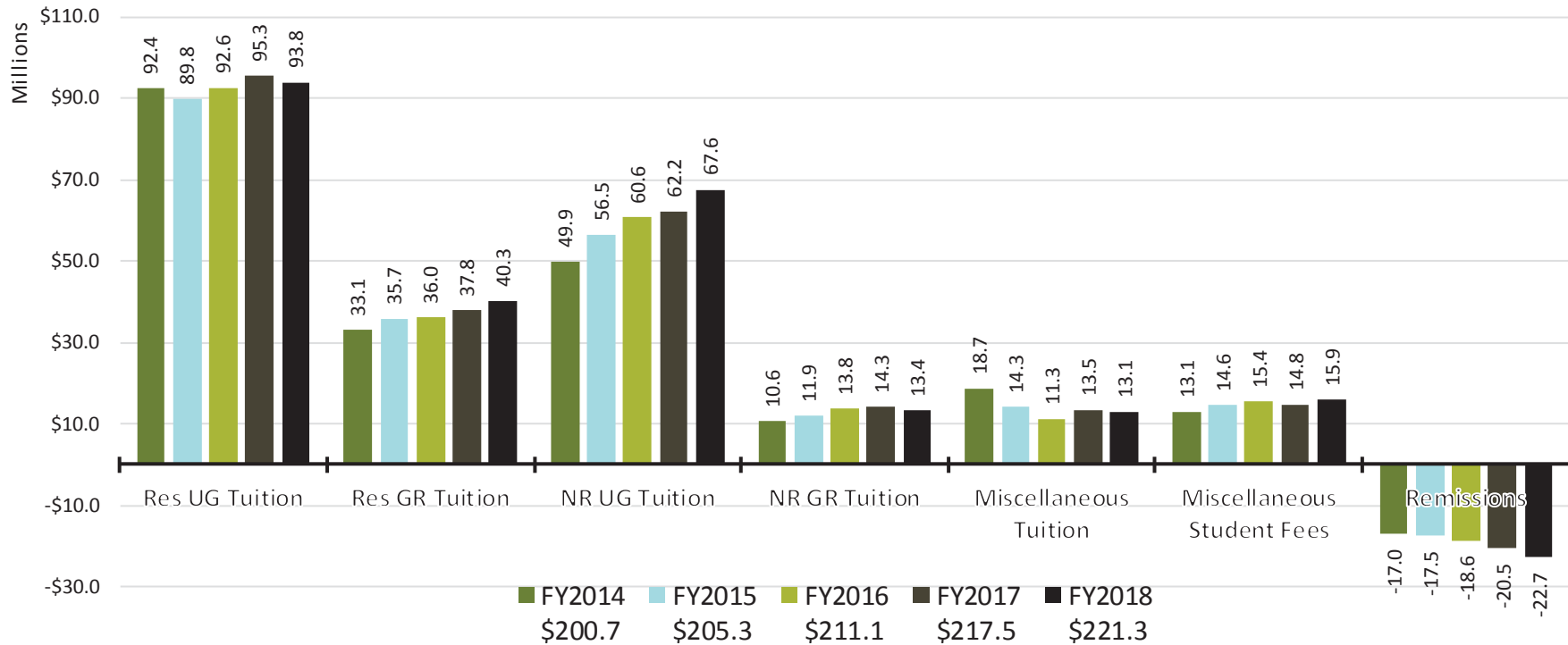


Residency



E&G STUDENT TUITION & FEES DETAILED (Millions)

Source: ERP

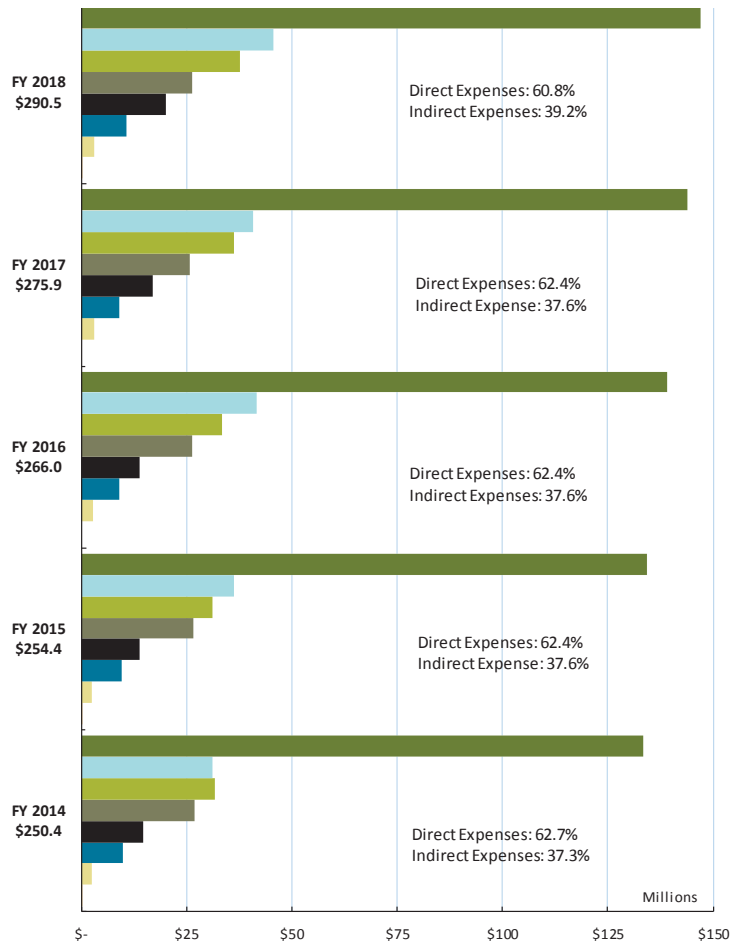


The tuition revenue breakdown shows the trends in resident (Res), non-resident (NR), undergraduate (UG), and graduate (GR) tuition for the last five fiscal years. Miscellaneous tuition includes tuition for continuing credit and non-credit education. Miscellaneous Fees include fees such as matriculation fees, late registration fees, degree application fees, online learning fees, etc.

The net tuition and fee revenue increased by \$3.8 Million, or 1.7%, in 2018 compared to 2017. This is primarily due to tuition rate increase of 5.4% for Non-resident and 5.2% for Resident undergraduate students. For the presented time-line, aggregate Student Credit Hours (SCH) produced has been declining by nearly 1% each year.

NET E&G EXPENSES BY NACUBO CLASS (Millions)

Source: RCAT



Direct Expenses: those expenses directly attributable to revenue generating schools and colleges.

Indirect Expenses: those expenses attributable to the administration and infrastructure supporting revenue generating schools and colleges.

NACUBO CLASS CATEGORIES

Instruction

Expenses for credit and noncredit courses; academic, vocational, and technical instruction; remedial and tutorial instruction; and regular, special, and extension sessions.

Institutional Support

Expenses for central, executive-level activities, governing board, legal services, fiscal operation, information technology, and HR.

Academic Support

Expenses incurred to provide support services for the institution's primary missions: instruction, research, and public service. The category includes libraries, provision of services, academic administration, media, and support for curriculum and course development.

Operation and Maintenance of Plant

Expenses for the administration, supervision, operation, maintenance, preservation, and protection of the institution's physical plant.

Student Services

Expenses incurred for offices of admissions and the registrar and activities with the primary purpose of contributing to students' emotional and physical well-being and intellectual, cultural, and social development outside the context of the formal instruction program.

Research

Expenses for activities specifically organized to produce research, whether commissioned by an external agency or within the institution.

Public Service

Expenses for activities established primarily to provide non-instructional services beneficial to individuals and groups external to the institution.

Unassigned

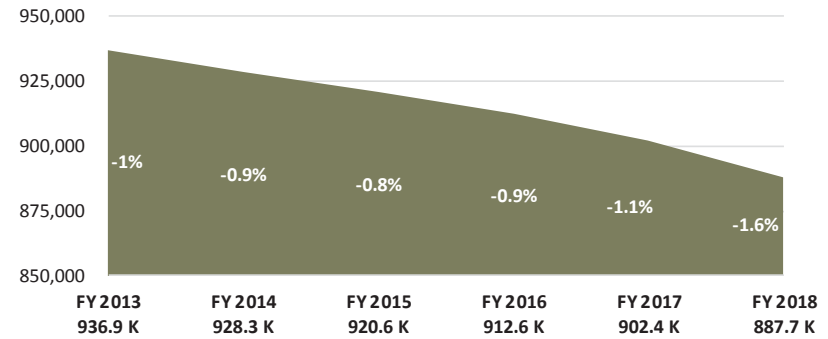
Miscellaneous expenditures that by definition do not fit into any of the above categories.

GROSS E&G EXPENSES PER STUDENT CREDIT HOUR (SCH)

Source: ERP & OIRP



Annual Student Credit Hours (SCH) Produced



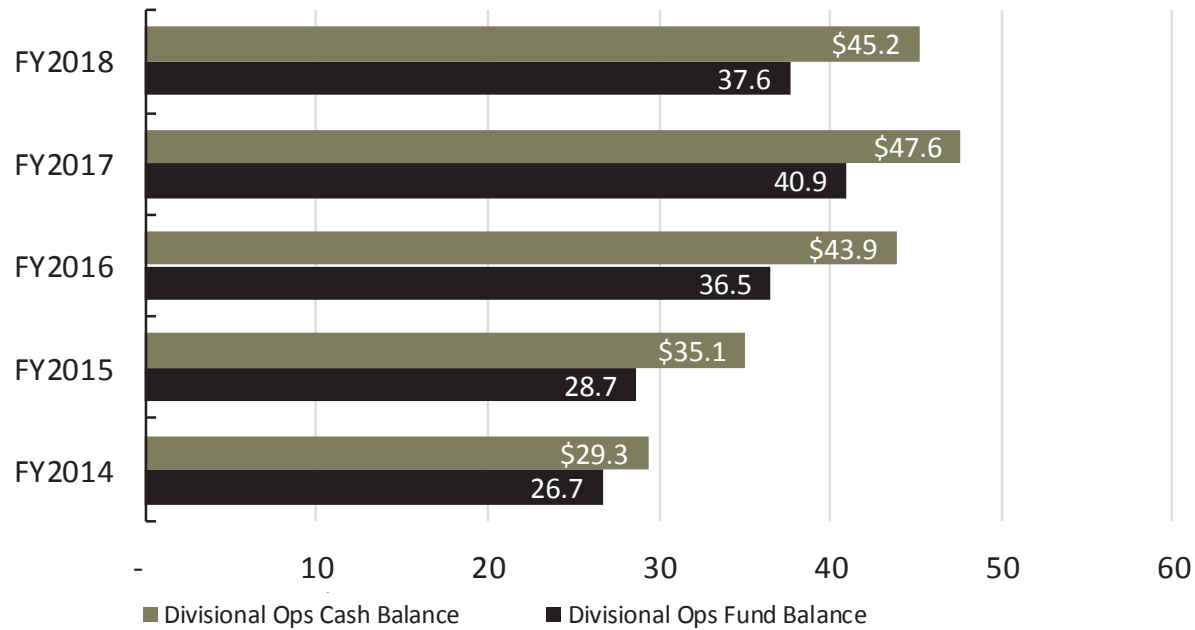
There are three major drivers of the E&G cost per Student Credit Hour (SCH) – Compensation, Benefits and Other Payroll Expenses, and Services and Supplies.

Employee compensation, health insurance premiums and increasing post-employment benefit costs in conjunction with declining SCH drove the E&G cost per SCH to increase steadily the last three fiscal years. This trend is forecast to continue; as the liabilities associated with the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) defined benefits will require greater annual cash contributions from all public employers. Currently, the growing compensation and defined benefit expenses are more significant in driving the increasing E&G cost per SCH than the decline in university SCH production.

E&G CASH AND FUND BALANCE (Millions)

Source: ERP

E&G Divisional Operations

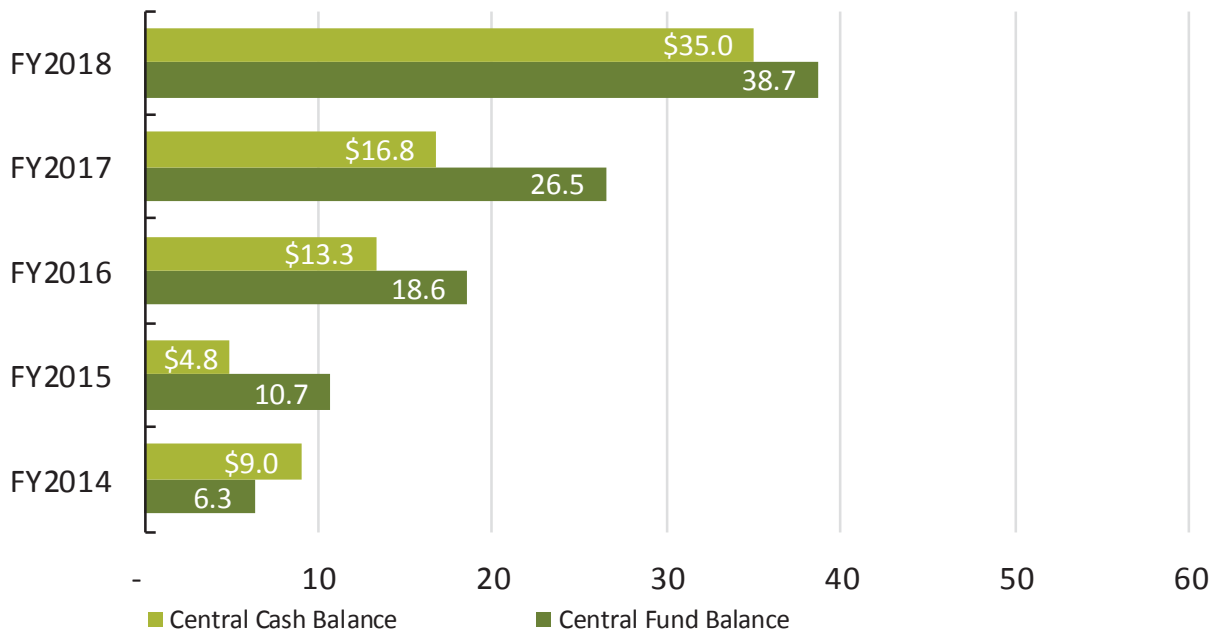


These two charts show the Fund balance and Cash balance as of June 30th, 2018 for E&G Divisional Operations and E&G Central Operations. In governmental fund accounting **Fund Balance** is the difference between assets and liabilities.

Assets – Liabilities = Fund Balance

Fund balance is a critical indicator of the financial health of a division or a group as whole. **Cash Balance** is an asset and is a component of Fund Balance. A division can have a Fund Balance in excess of, or less than Cash Balance. This is totally dependent on other assets or liabilities carried by the division.

E&G Central Operations





PARAMOUNT
226 ROOMS

PARAMOUNT

BROADWAY
THEATRE

AMERICAN HEAT

THIS THING
COULD LOVE
MEET DOUGLAS

PARK

MAYFAIR

The Broadway

UNITED ARTISTS
FLIGHT
COMMAND

RATIOS AS TOOLS OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

RATIOS AS A WINDOW TO FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Ratio analysis is an essential instrument in the systematic examination and measurement of the operational and financial performance of the university. Ratio analysis and the selection of ratios should be utilized to effectively communicate to decision makers and stakeholders operational and financial performance outcomes. Such ratios should demonstrate revenue and expense performance, debt management, institutional liquidity, net position and reserves. All should make evident the strengths and weaknesses of the institution and its strategic flexibility or lack thereof.

HOW TO READ THE RATIO TREND LINES


Financial analysis presented in the following pages contains the results of institutional performance using data compiled from the audited financial statements and with and without the accounting impacts of GASBs 68 & 75.


All trend lines demonstrating calculations made with the audited financial statements are shown with a **Black Line** and a **Black Triangle** marker = ▲


All trend lines demonstrating calculations made with audited financial statements excluding the impact of GASBs 68 & 75 are shown with a **Blue Line** and a **Blue Circle** marker = ●

WHAT DO THE ARROWS MEAN?

Based on the trend lines associated with the audited financial statements, each ratio is accompanied by an arrow. The **direction of the arrow** stipulates the most recent annual trend. The **color of the arrow** stipulates the position of PSU's most recent annual measurement relative to the advised or policy goal for the ratio.

 RED = ATTENTION, measurement is outside of advised range.

 YELLOW = CAUTION, measurement is within advised range but trending in an unhealthy direction; OR, the measurement has been within the advised range less than one year.

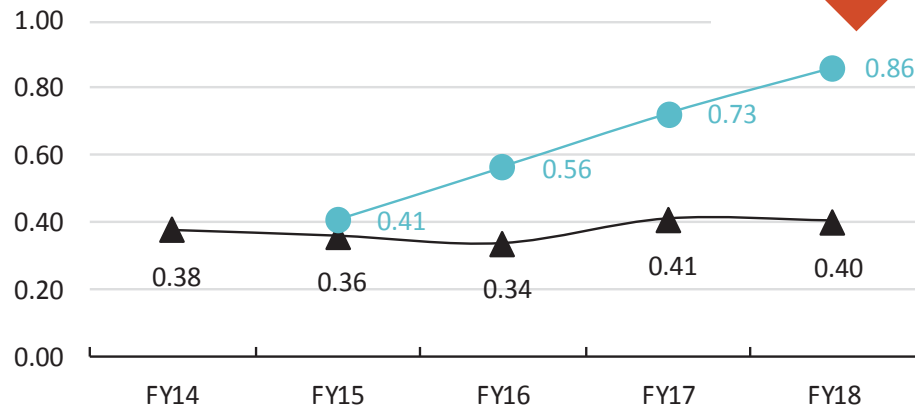
 GREEN = HEALTHY, measurement is within advised range for more than one fiscal year and is trending in the advised direction.

This guidance is also true for the presentation of university reserves.

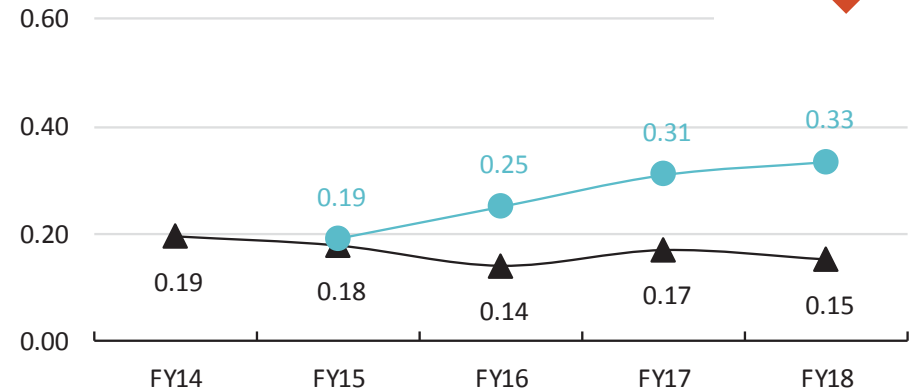
VIABILITY & PRIMARY RESERVE RATIOS

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. C.

Viability Ratio



Primary Reserve Ratio



“**Viability Ratio (VR)**” is composed of the institution’s (including its affiliated foundation) expendable net assets, over the institution’s (including its affiliated foundation) total outstanding debt.

The VR is one of the most basic measurements of financial health. How much of the institution’s outstanding debt could be covered with expendable net assets should it become necessary to settle obligations immediately?

Guidance and Policy:

Higher is better.

The advised range for the VR to be where; $1.25 \leq x \leq 2.00$.

National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) recommends 1.25-2.00.

“**Primary Reserve Ratio (PRR)**” is composed of the institution’s (including its affiliated foundation) expendable net assets, over the institution’s (including its affiliated foundation) total operating expenses including annual interest payments.

The PRR measures the financial strength and flexibility of the institution. It represents the proportion of a year, percentage of a year, or number of operational days that can be covered by expendable net assets. The PRR answers how long an institution could carry on operations should cash inflows cease.

Guidance and Policy:

Higher is better.

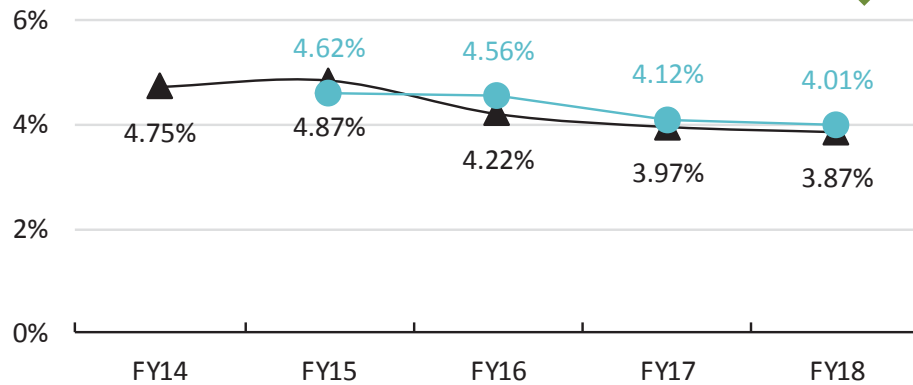
Board policy stipulates a PRR where: $x \geq 0.25$ and an aspiration where; $x \geq 0.40$.

National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) recommends 0.40 or greater.

DEBT BURDEN & DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIOS

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. C.

Debt Burden Ratio



“Debt Burden Ratio (DBR)” is a debt capacity and affordability ratio. The DBR measures annual debt service, including both principal and interest payments, as a percentage of total institutional expenses. The calculation of the ratio includes debt payments and expenses of the affiliated foundation.

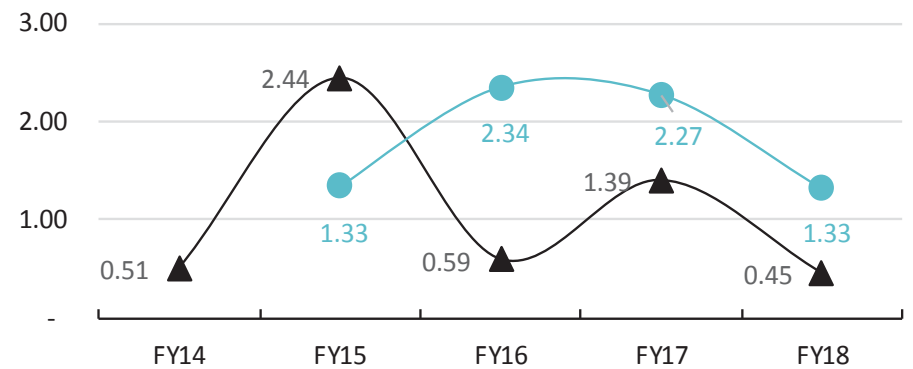
The DBR measures the university’s dependence on debt to finance its mission and the relative cost of borrowing to overall expenditures.

Guidance and Policy:

Lower is better.

Board policy sets a maximum DBR where; $x \leq 7.0\%$.

Debt Service Coverage Ratio



“Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR)” is a debt capacity and affordability ratio. The DSCR measures (including the affiliated foundation) net operating income and non-operating revenues, over annual debt service payments.

The DSCR measures the sufficiency of operations on a cash flow basis to cover debt service, and is a useful determinant if the institution has a net income stream available to meet its debt burden should economic conditions change.

Guidance and Policy:

Higher is better.

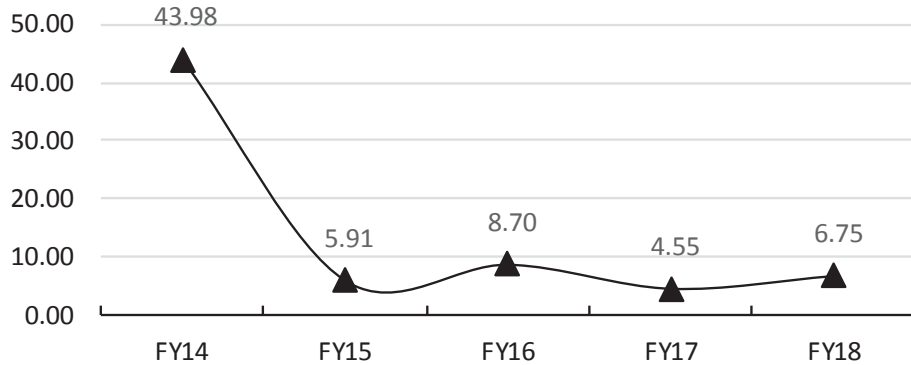
The advised measure of health is where; $x \geq 1.25$.

Board policy stipulates the use of a 3 year average DSCR as the tracking measure. At June 30, 2018, the 3 year averages was 0.80 with data from the audited financial statements, and 1.97 as measured without GASBs 68 & 75.

DEBT-TO-CASH FLOW & MODIFIED CURRENT RATIOS

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. C.

Debt to Cash Flow Ratio



Modified Current Ratio

N/A

“**Debt-to-Cash Flow Ratio (DCF)**” is a debt affordability ratio measuring total outstanding principal balances of all debt carried by the university and the affiliated foundation over the cash flows of the university and affiliated foundation.

The DCF identifies the capability of the university to repay its debt from the profitability of its operations, without accessing available financial reserves.

GASBs 68 & 75 has no impact on this ratio as the booking of defined benefit pension and other postemployment obligations has no impact on debt or current cash flows

Guidance and Policy:

Lower is better.

Moody’s Investors Service recommends a DCF for investment grade universities where; $0 \leq x \leq 10$.

“**Modified Current Ratio (MCR)**” is defined as expendable net assets divided by the sum of current maturities for all debt, all debt with liquidity event triggers, the maximum of all collateral requirements, and ninety (90) days of operating expenses.

A healthy MCR ensures the university’s expendable resources are sufficient to support current debt liabilities absent any support from third-party liquidity providers.

As the University-Paid Debt portfolio does not currently contain any Short-Term Financing instruments such as Commercial Paper, Floating Rate Notes (FRNs), Lines of Credit (LOC), or Short-Term Notes, presentation of the Modified Current Ratio is not required.

Guidance and Policy:

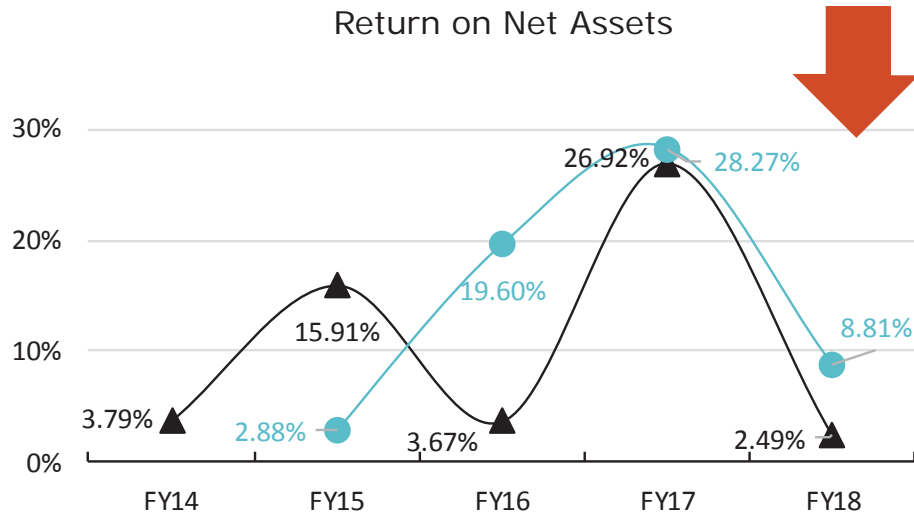
Higher is better.

Board policy stipulates an MCR where; $x \geq 1$.

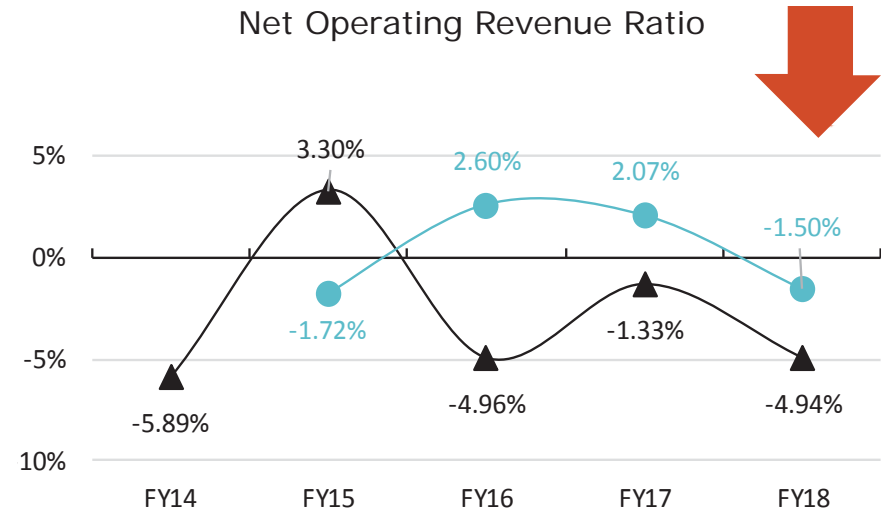
RETURN ON NET ASSETS & NET OPERATING REVENUE RATIOS

SUPPLEMENTAL RATIO ANALYSIS

Return on Net Assets



Net Operating Revenue Ratio



“Return on Net Assets Ratio (RNA)” is the change in net assets for the university and affiliated foundation over the beginning net assets for the university and affiliated foundation.

This ratio determines whether the institution is financially better off than previous years by measuring total economic return. Increases in the RNA denote a strengthening of future financial flexibility, while declines may be appropriate if an institution is strategically deploying resources to better fulfill its mission.

Guidance and Policy:

Higher is better.

Advised range is an RNA where; $x \geq 3.00\% - 6.00\%$.

Association of Governing Boards (AGB) recommends an RNA greater than 3.00% - 6.00%.

“Net Operating Revenue Ratio (NOR)” is composed of the institution’s net operating income plus net non-operating revenues and the affiliated foundation’s change in unrestricted net assets, over a denominator consisting of the sum of the institution’s operating and non-operating revenues, and total unrestricted revenues of its affiliated foundation.

The NOR measures the surplus or (loss) of net assets that was generated by \$1.00 of income. Quite simply, the ratio measures whether or not the university is living within its means.

Guidance and Policy:

Higher is better.

Advised range is an NOR where; $2.00\% \leq x \leq 4.00\%$

National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) recommends 2.00% - 4.00%.

COMPOSITE FINANCIAL INDEX

SUPPLEMENTAL RATIO ANALYSIS

The “**Composite Financial Index (CFI)**” is a combination of four ratios (Primary Reserve Ratio, Return on Net Assets Ratio, Net Operating Revenue Ratio and Viability Ratio) to produce a single measurement of financial performance. There is a four stage process for calculating the CFI:

1. The values for the pertinent ratios are calculated.
2. The ratio values are converted to strength factors with the use of a common scale.
3. Each strength factor is multiplied by its respective weighting factor.
4. The results are then summed to produce the final CFI measurement.

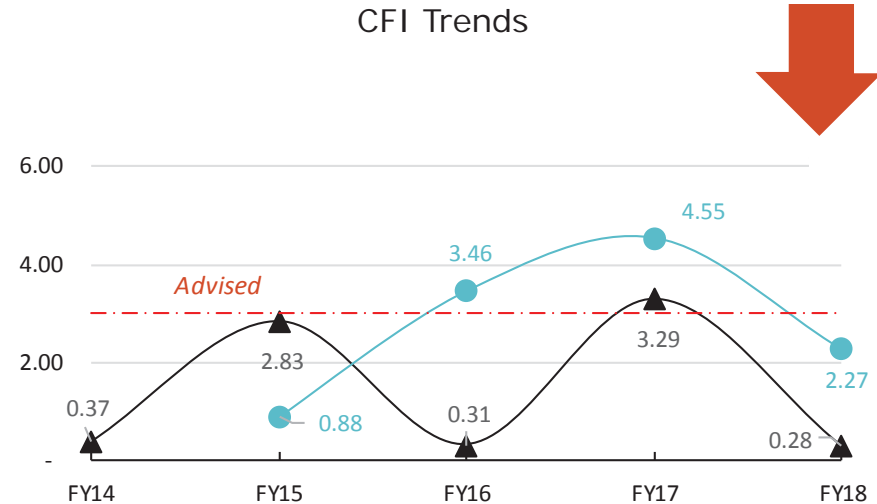
Within higher education, the CFI is increasingly being used as a measurement to identify an institution’s financial wellbeing. A review of the index provides a window into the university’s capabilities in applying its ongoing operational revenue streams and financial reserves against current operational expenditures and long-term obligations. As with many ratios, running analysis of the CFI should be appraised over 3 – 5 year timelines to establish trends and identify the impacts of strategic goals.

Guidance and Policy:

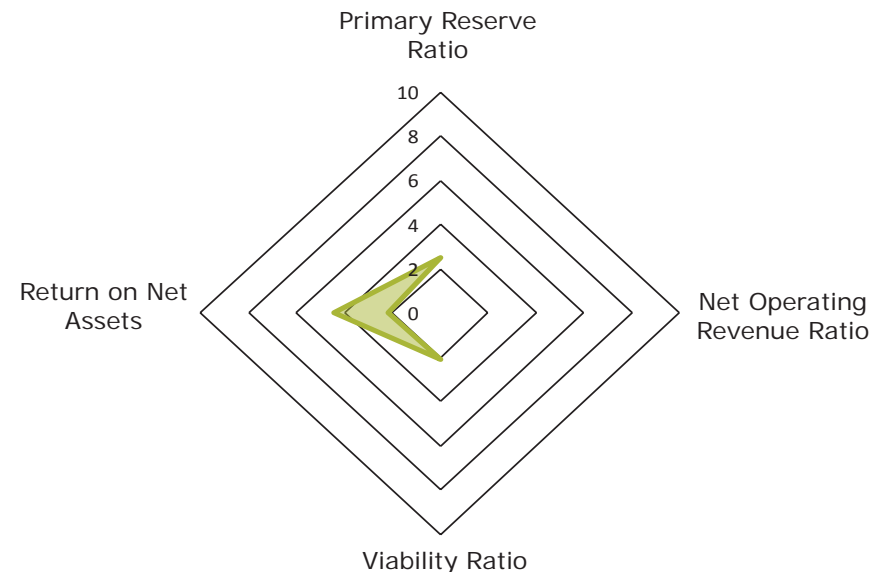
The Association of Governing Boards of Universities and Colleges recommends a CFI where; $x \geq 3$.

When viewing the radar display of the CFI, each of the four ratio components should also have a computed values where; $x \geq 3$.

CFI Trends



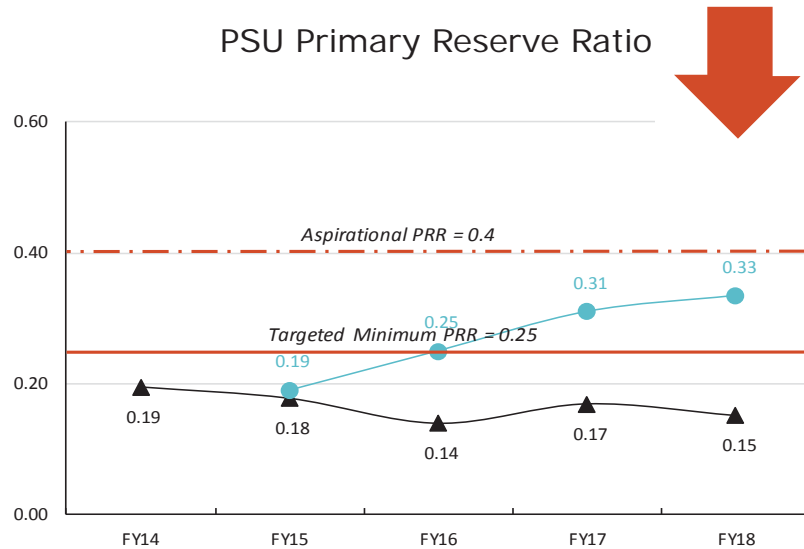
2018 Radar Display-CFI Component w/o GASBs 68 & 75



RESERVE MANAGEMENT & THE PRIMARY RESERVE RATIO

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – RESERVE MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION III.

PSU Primary Reserve Ratio



Oregon Public Universities
Comparative Primary Reserve Ratios
FY15-FY17 (excluding GASBs 68 & 75)

Institution	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	3 Yr. Ave.
University of Oregon	0.71	0.65	0.86	0.74
Oregon Institute of Technology	0.43	0.53	0.45	0.47
Oregon State University	0.42	0.40	0.43	0.42
Western Oregon University	0.38	0.40	0.40	0.39
Eastern Oregon University	0.30	0.33	0.38	0.34
Portland State University	0.19	0.25	0.31	0.25
Southern Oregon University	0.11	0.20	0.26	0.19
Public Universities Average	0.36	0.39	0.44	0.40

Portland State University’s ability to fulfill its mission for the benefit of current and future students depends on sound fiscal management and the maintenance of adequate university reserves. The Board finds that adequate reserves are necessary for the long-term health and sustainability of university operations; for the proper custodianship of the physical plant necessary for the delivery of services; for the prudent coverage of outstanding debt; to enable the university to make strategic investments; to insure the performance of day-to-day operations in the event of unforeseen shortfalls; and to better position the university in the event of a catastrophic interruption of service.

“**Primary Reserve Ratio**” is a ratio measuring the financial strength of the university by comparing expendable net assets to total expenses. Expendable net assets represent those assets that the university can access quickly and spend to satisfy its debt and operating expense obligations. This ratio provides a snapshot of financial strength and flexibility by indicating how long the university could operate using existing expendable funds only.

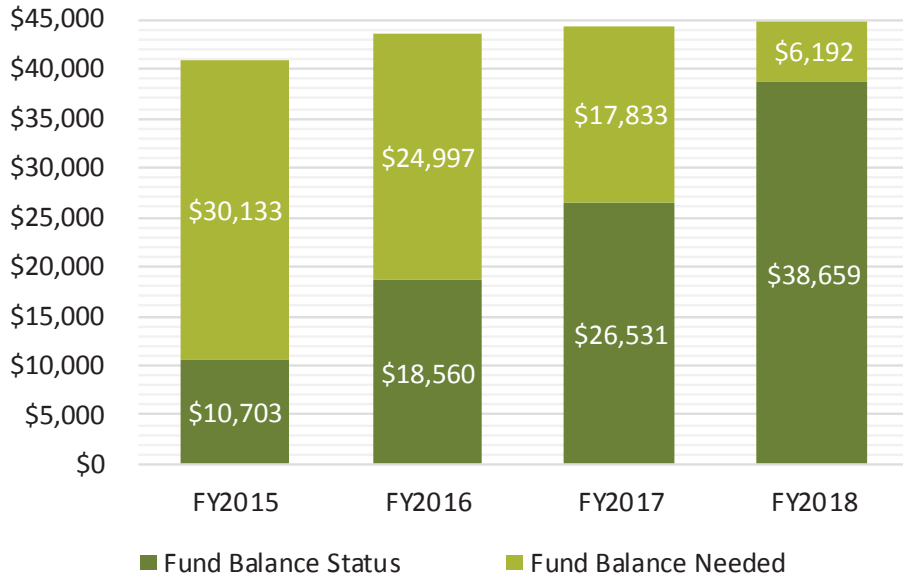
The Board established 0.25 as the target minimum Primary Reserve Ratio for the university. This is equal to maintaining expendable net assets adequate to cover at least three months of university expenses.

The Board recognized that the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO), an organization with a mission to advance the economic viability, business practices and support of higher education institutions, recommends a Primary Reserve Ratio of 0.4 or greater. The Board established 0.4 as an aspirational Primary Reserve Ratio.

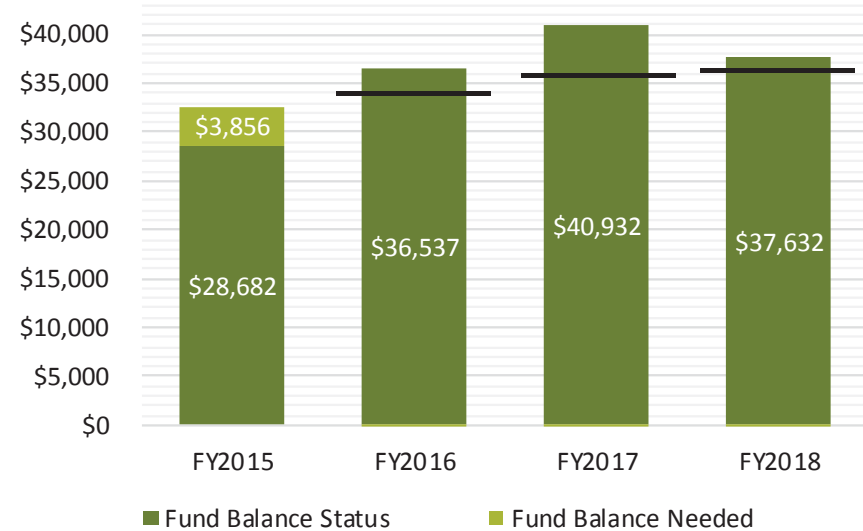
CENTRAL & OPERATING RESERVES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – RESERVE MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION IV. A. & B.

Central Reserves
(thousands)



Operating Reserves
(thousands)



“Central Reserves” are the unallocated Education and General (E&G) fund balances held centrally and managed by the Finance and Administration division for the benefit of the university.

The policy target is to establish Central Reserves at a level greater than or equal to 12.5% of the annual budget for E&G and central university operations.

FY18 saw a \$12,128 increase in fund balance over FY17 with the Central Reserve balance at 86.2% of the policy required \$44,851 (expressed in 000's).

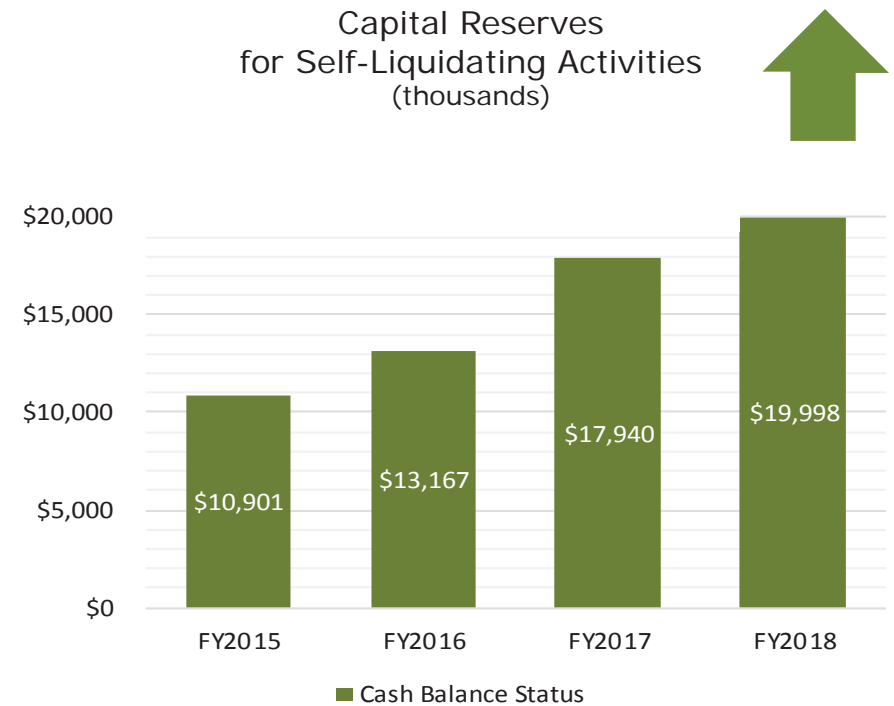
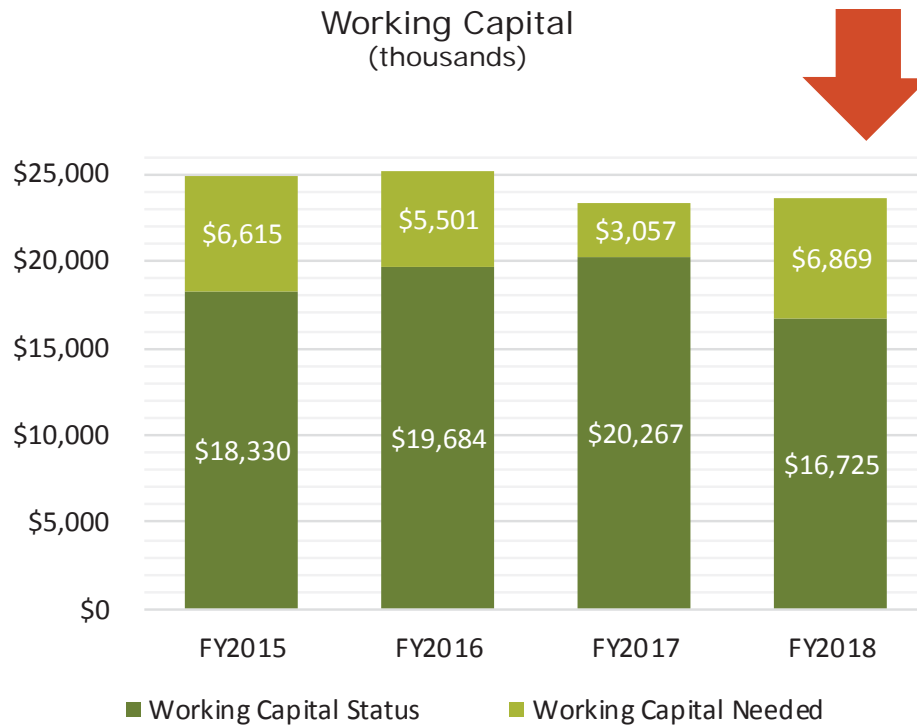
“Operating Reserves” are the unutilized E&G fund balances held by and managed at the operating division level.

The policy target is to establish Operating Reserves at a level greater than or equal to 12.5% of the annual budget for E&G operating divisions.

FY18 saw a \$3,300 decrease in fund balance compared to FY17 with the Operating Reserve balance at 103.8% of the policy required \$36,260 (expressed in 000's).

WORKING CAPITAL & CAPITAL RESERVES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – RESERVE MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION IV. C. & D.



“Working Capital” means current assets minus current liabilities. Auxiliary enterprises and service departments shall maintain sufficient Working Capital to promote the efficient and effective operation of the unit, avoid significant fluctuations in fees charged for services, and minimize the potential for unanticipated financial shortfalls that may impact other funds of the institution.

As a target minimum, auxiliary enterprises and service departments are to hold Working Capital equal to 25% of annual expenditures excluding depreciation.

FY18 saw a \$3,542 decrease in Working Capital compared to FY17 with the Working Capital on hand at 70.9% of the policy required \$23,594 (expressed in 000's).

“Capital Reserves” shall be maintained by auxiliary enterprises, service departments and other self-liquidating activities responsible for the repair or replacement of existing physical plant and equipment. Such reserves shall be sufficient to promote the efficient and effective operation of the related operating unit.

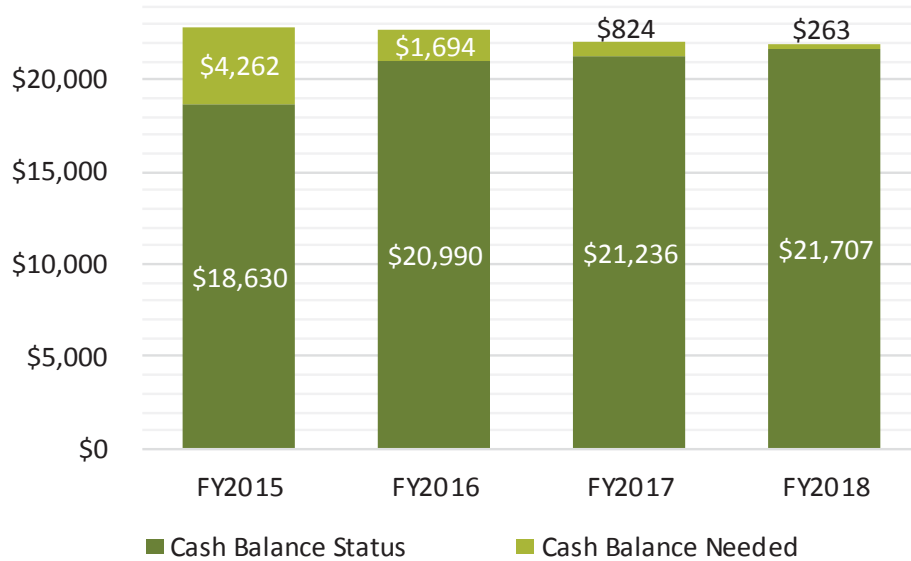
Each operating unit responsible for capital assets shall prepare and adhere to a Capital Reserve funding plan to the satisfaction of the Vice President of Finance and Administration or designee.

FY18 saw a \$2,058 increase in cash balance over FY17 with the Capital Reserve balance at \$19,998 deemed sufficient for current capital improvement plans (expressed in 000's).

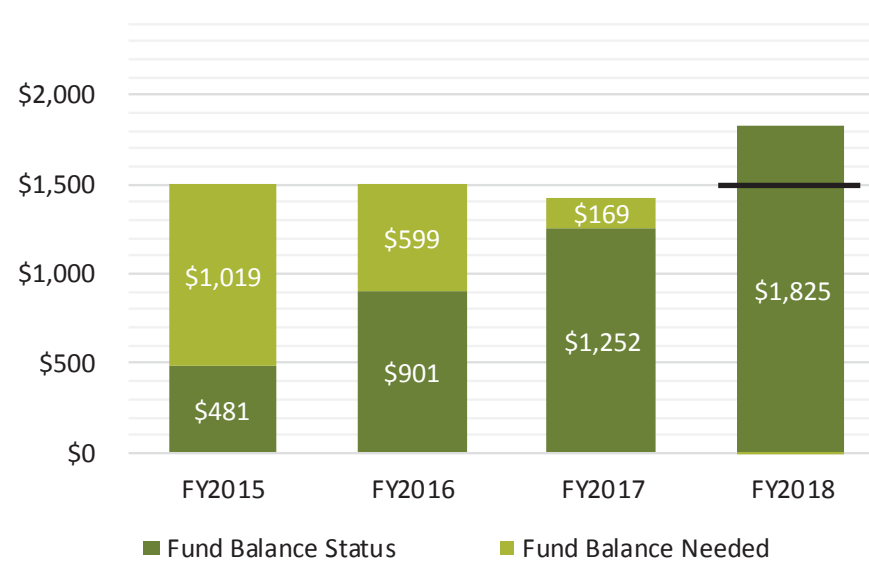
TREASURY & RISK MANAGEMENT CLAIMS RESERVES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – RESERVE MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION IV. E. & F.

Treasury Reserves
(thousands)



Risk Management Reserve
(thousands)



“Treasury Reserve” means the fund through which all University-Paid Debt service and associated treasury fees are processed for payment to outside agencies. Additionally, this fund acts as the repository for cash balances equal to the Maximum Annual Debt Service for each individual Debt Paying Entity.

Policy stipulates all Debt-Paying Entities shall set aside and restrict cash balances equal to their respective Maximum Annual Debt Service.

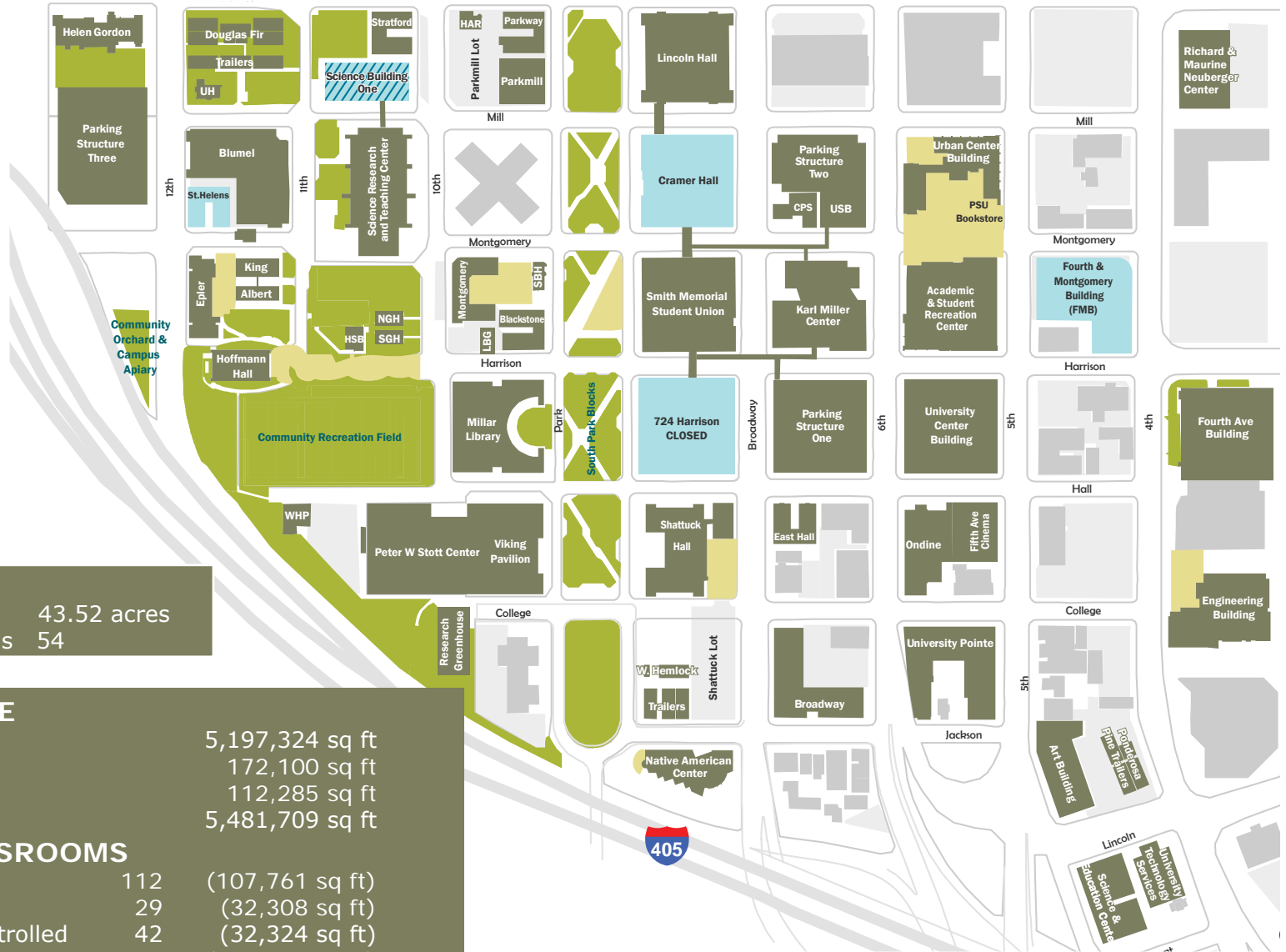
FY18 saw a \$471 increase in cash balance over FY17 with the Treasury Reserve standing at 98.8% of the policy required \$21,970 (expressed in 000's).

“Risk Management Claims Reserve” means the fund through which the University’s property and casualty claim expenses are paid, within any applicable deductible.

The policy stipulates the maintenance of sufficient funds, set aside within the Risk Management Claims Reserve, necessary to pay estimated claims. This amount shall be determined annually, in the course of the University’s budget process, based on prior years’ claims experience and actuarial forecasts of anticipated claims expenses.

FY18 saw a \$573 increase in fund balance over FY17 with the Risk Management Claims Reserve balance at 121.7% of the required \$1,500 (expressed in 000's).

CAMPUS PROFILE



CAMPUS AREA	
PSU Owned Land	43.52 acres
PSU Owned Buildings	54

CAMPUS SPACE	
Owned	5,197,324 sq ft
Leased	172,100 sq ft
Leased to Others	112,285 sq ft
Total	5,481,709 sq ft

CAMPUS CLASSROOMS	
General Purpose	112 (107,761 sq ft)
Shared	29 (32,308 sq ft)
Departmentally Controlled	42 (32,324 sq ft)
Total	183 (172,393 sq ft)

CAMPUS LABORATORIES	
Teaching	173 (148,397 sq ft)
Research	300 (131,025 sq ft)
Dual Purpose	21 (17,279 sq ft)
Total	494 (296,701 sq ft)

PARKING SPACES	
Vehicle	3,959 (in 15 facilities or lots)
Bicycle	3,043 (725 in secure facilities)

- CAPITAL PROJECTS
- CAPITAL PROJECTS SEEKING APPROVAL FROM HECC
- PSU BUILDINGS



CURRENT CAPITAL PROJECTS

724 HARRISON BUILDING

PROJECT MANAGER
Steve Rounds

CM/GC
Fortis Construction

ARCHITECT(S)
Hacker Architects

GROUNDBREAKING
January 2018

OCCUPANCY DATE
August 2019 (Est.)

SIZE
217,000 gsf

PROJECT COST (Est.)
\$71,032,000

CRAMER HALL

PROJECT MANAGER
Mark Fujii

CM/GC
Hydro-Temp Mechanical

ARCHITECT(S)
InSite Group, McKinstry, and Interface Engineering

GROUNDBREAKING
June 2018

OCCUPANCY DATE
June 2019 (Est.)

SIZE
251,000 gsf

PROJECT COST (Est.)
\$9,000,000

FOURTH & MONTGOMERY BUILDING

PROJECT MANAGER
Christopher Tinnin

CM/GC
Andersen Construction

ARCHITECT(S)
SRG Partnership

GROUNDBREAKING
December 2018 (Est.)

OCCUPANCY DATE
October 2020 (Est.)

SIZE
175,000 gsf (Est.)

PROJECT COST (Est.)
\$111,504,000

SAINT HELENS RESIDENCE HALL

PROJECT MANAGER
James Schmidt

CM/GC
James E. John Construction

ARCHITECT(S)
PSU Capital Project & Construction

GROUNDBREAKING
June 2018

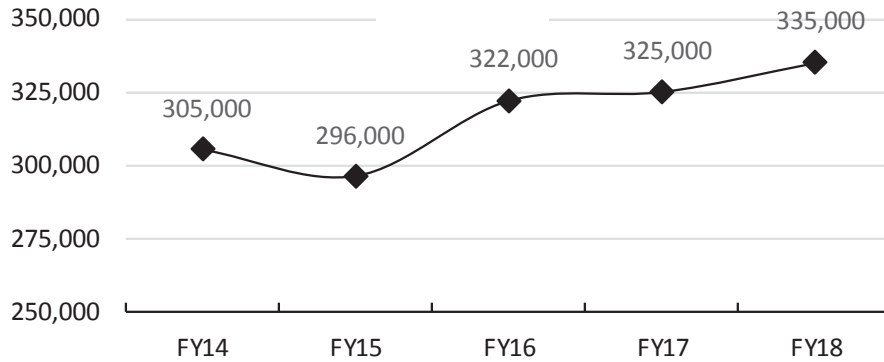
OCCUPANCY DATE
January 2019

SIZE
38,690 gsf

PROJECT COST
\$5,960,000

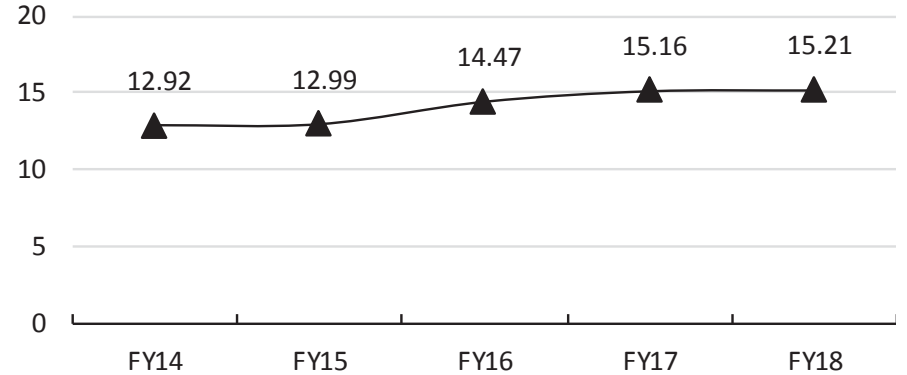
QUALITY OF PLANT

Deferred Maintenance Outstanding (000's)



“Deferred Maintenance (DM)” consists of building system upgrade and replacement needs postponed or delayed beyond a system’s useful life. In E&G buildings, DM is addressed through major renovations or through a prioritization process overseen by leadership in the Facilities and Construction departments using state allocated capital improvement funds. In self-support buildings, DM needs are addressed on an annual basis based on the financial capabilities of each particular unit.

Age of Facilities Ratio



“Age of Facilities Ratio (AFR)” is accumulated depreciation over annual depreciation expense. The measure also includes depreciation activity booked by the affiliated foundation of the university.

The AFR is designed to measure the average age of the university’s facilities and is regularly used to identify the potential need for investment into the quality of physical plant.

Guidance and Policy:

Lower is better.

Recommended AFR for public research institutions is where:
 $x \leq 10$.

Recommended AFR for public instructional institutions is where:
 $x \leq 14$.



RATING AGENCY TIERS AND CREDIT WORTHINESS IDENTIFICATION

Currently, only Moody's Investor Services rates PSU's credit worthiness. The institution currently holds no outstanding rated debt, but maintains an issuer's rating. On October 2, 2018, Moody's affirmed PSU at the rating of "A1 Stable."

A major benefit of a full credit rating review is to gain an external expert opinion as to the strengths of, or challenges and risks facing, our institution.

Investment Grade	Investment Service			Credit Worthiness
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	
Prime	Aaa	AAA	AAA	An obligor has EXTREMELY STRONG capacity to meet its financial commitments.
High grade	Aa1	AA+	AA+	An obligor has VERY STRONG capacity to meet its financial commitments. It differs from the highest rated obligors only in small degree.
	Aa2	AA	AA	
	Aa3	AA-	AA-	
Upper medium grade	A1	A+	A+	An obligor has STRONG capacity to meet its financial commitments but is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligors in higher-rated categories.
	A2	A	A	
	A3	A-	A-	
Lower medium grade	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	An obligor has ADEQUATE capacity to meet its financial commitments. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitments.
	Baa2	BBB	BBB	
	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	
Non-investment grade	Ba1	BB+	BB+	An obligor is LESS VULNERABLE in the near term than other lower-rated obligors. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties and exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitments.
speculative	Ba2	BB	BB	
	Ba3	BB-	BB-	
Highly speculative	B1	B+	B+	An obligor is MORE VULNERABLE than the obligors rated 'BB', but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitments. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitments.
	B2	B	B	
	B3	B-	B-	
Substantial risks	Caa	CCC	CCC	An obligor is CURRENTLY VULNERABLE, and is dependent upon favourable business, financial, and economic conditions to meet its financial commitments.
Extremely speculative	Ca	CC	CC	An obligor is CURRENTLY HIGHLY-VULNERABLE.
In default with little		C	C	The obligor is CURRENTLY HIGHLY-VULNERABLE to nonpayment. May be used where a bankruptcy petition has been filed.
Prospect for recovery	C	D	D	An obligor has failed to pay one or more of its financial obligations (rated or unrated) when it became due.
	e, p	pr	Expct d	Preliminary ratings may be assigned to obligations pending receipt of final documentation and legal opinions. The final rating may differ from the preliminary rating.
In default	WR			Rating withdrawn for reasons including: debt maturity, calls, puts, conversions, etc., or business reasons (e.g. change in the size of a debt issue), or the issuer defaults.
	unsolicited	unsolicited		This rating was initiated by the ratings agency and not requested by the issuer.
		SD	RD	This rating is assigned when the agency believes that the obligor has selectively defaulted on a specific issue or class of obligations but it will continue to meet its payment obligations on other issues or classes of obligations in a timely manner.
	NR	NR	NR	No rating has been requested, or there is insufficient information on which to base a rating.

Noted **credit strengths** of this year's ratings review include: **1.** PSU's sizable scope of operations **2.** Role as the sole urban public university in the state **3.** Increasing state support for operations & capital **4.** Moderate financial leverage **5.** Minimal borrowing plans.

Noted considerations for the **credit challenges** and insight as to what factors could result in a decline of PSU's credit worthiness include: **1.** Regional competition for students. **2.** Growth in pension expense **3.** Weak revenue growth and soft enrollment trends **4.** Moderate financial resources relative to operations **5.** Falling operating performance or liquidity **6.** Reduced state support **7.** Increases in leverage without asset or revenue growth.

The university's strategy and mission must be the primary drivers of its capital investment and use of debt. Although external credit ratings provide a view on debt capacity and affordability, the university does not manage its debt portfolio to achieve a specific rating. Success in achieving university objectives will over time result in a stronger financial profile and higher ratings.

DEBT RELATED DISCLOSURES

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. D., E., F., & I.

VARIABLE-RATE DEBT

CREDIT ENHANCEMENT DEVICES

The University will not issue more than 20% variable-rate debt (including synthetic fixed-rate debt) as a percentage of all University-Paid Debt.

As of June 30, 2018, the total PSU University-Paid Debt portfolio is composed of **0.0% variable-rate debt**.

As of June 30, 2018, PSU is **not engaged** in any agreement or contractual relationship between the university and a bank, trust company, insurance company or other financial institution or entity providing additional credit on, or security for, a Revenue Bond.

SHORT-TERM DEBT

REFINANCING OPPORTUNITIES

As of June 30, 2018, the University-Paid Debt portfolio of PSU **does not contain** any Short-Term Financing instruments such as Commercial Paper, Floating Rate Notes (FRNs), Lines of Credit (LOC), or Short-Term Notes. As such, presentation of the Modified Current Ratio is not required.

As of June 30, 2018, there are **no debt restructuring or refinancing opportunities** identified within the university's Debt Portfolio through June 30, 2019.

Should opportunities arise however within debt programs administered by the State, the university will adhere to the requirements set forth by the State of Oregon, and recognize that the Oregon State Treasury Debt Management Division retains authority to refinance debt issued as part of these programs—if such action serves the best interests of the State. Should the Treasurer identify restructuring or refinancing opportunities impacting the institution's University-Paid or State-Paid Debt portfolio, PSU will assist such activity as necessary.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

PSU's debt portfolio is largely general obligation Bonds issued under Article XI of the State of Oregon Constitution. At June 30, 2018, the aggregate of PSU's seven different debt programs total over \$456 million dollars in outstanding principal and carry an annual debt service requirement for fiscal year 2019 of over \$42 million in principal and interest due. Of the total debt service required for the coming year, the State of Oregon will directly pay a full 50%, the auxiliary departments of the university will pay 32.5%, with the general fund of the university paying the remaining 17.5%. The following pages provide a complete description of the university's debt portfolio.

ARTICLE XI-G BONDS "G BONDS"

XI-G Bonds are general obligation Bonds issued with the full faith and credit of the State of Oregon. XI-G Bonds are issued to acquire, construct, improve, repair, equip and furnish buildings, structures, land and other projects, or parts thereof, that the legislative assembly determines will benefit higher education institutions or activities. ***The amount of any XI-G Bond issuance must be matched by the university in an amount that is at least equal.*** The matching amount must be used for the same or similar purposes as the XI-G Bond proceeds and may consist of any other moneys available to the university for such purposes except other debt incurred under Article XI of the State Constitution.

100% of the ***debt service is paid by the State of Oregon*** for XI-G Bonds issued for the benefit of the university.

ARTICLE XI-F(1) BONDS "F BONDS"

XI-F(1) Bonds are self-support general obligation Bonds issued with the full faith and credit of the State of Oregon. XI-F(1) Bonds are issued to acquire, construct, improve, repair, equip and furnish buildings, structures, land and other projects, or parts thereof, that the legislative assembly determines will benefit higher education institutions or activities. ***The payment of debt service resulting from the issuance XI-F(1) Bonds is the responsibility of the university.*** The Bonds shall not be issued for the institution unless the university demonstrates sufficient revenues to pay the indebtedness and operate the financed projects.

100% of the ***debt service is paid by the university*** for XI-F(1) Bonds issued for the benefit of the university.

ARTICLE XI-Q BONDS "Q BONDS"

XI-Q Bonds are general obligation Bonds issued with the full faith and credit of the State of Oregon. XI-Q Bonds are issued for acquiring, constructing, remodeling, repairing, equipping or furnishing real or personal property that is or will be owned or operated by the State of Oregon, including, without limitation, facilities and systems including any infrastructure related to the real or personal property. ***The issuance of XI-Q Bonds does not require a matching contribution by the university, as is required for the XI-G Bond program.***

100% of the ***debt service is paid by the State of Oregon*** for XI-Q Bonds issued for the benefit of the university.

LOTTERY BONDS

Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Oregon created the State Lottery Commission in order to establish and operate the State Lottery. All proceeds from the State Lottery, including interest, but excluding costs of administration and payment of prizes, shall be used for select public purposes including financing public education in Oregon. A portion of net cash flow generated through the State Lottery is pledged as a revenue stream for an associated revenue bond program. On occasion, PSU has received the proceeds of Lottery Bonds issued by the State of Oregon for the benefit of the university. As lottery revenues defease Lottery Bonds, ***PSU is not responsible for their repayment.***

STATE ENERGY LOAN PROGRAM (SELP)

The Oregon Department of Energy manages Oregon's Small-Scale Energy Loan Program, or State Energy Loan Program (SELP). Established in 1980 as a fixed rate, long-term financing mechanism for qualified projects directing investment towards energy conservation, renewable energy, alternative fuels, or the creation of products from recycled materials. Depending on the loan agreements with the Department of Energy and the State of Oregon, ***repayment responsibilities for the outstanding project loans may fall either to the university or to the State of Oregon.***

CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION (COPs)

An Appropriation Bond, managed by the State of Oregon Department of Administration (DAS), COPs are special limited obligations financing real or personal property or infrastructure the state will own and operate. COPs indebtedness is not a general obligation of the state. Depending on the financing agreements with DAS, ***repayment responsibilities for outstanding COPs may fall either to the university or to the State of Oregon.*** Beginning in 2011, DAS discontinued issuing COPs in the majority of circumstances, instead issuing Article XI-Q Bonds.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT ASSESSMENTS

Local Improvement Districts (LID) Assessments are a mechanism to fund capital infrastructure projects. LIDs are managed by the City of Portland as property liens levied upon property owners directly benefiting from the financed improvements. Repayment of a LID Assessment can be lump sum, or over a contractually stipulated timeframe. As all established and outstanding LID assessments financed alternative transportation projects benefiting the campus, the ***PSU Transportation and Parking department is the designated debt paying entity.***

STATUS OF INTERNAL FINANCING

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. H.

INTERNAL FINANCING LIMITS

As per the Debt Management Policy, Section IV., unless previously authorized by the Board, the total value of Internal Financings **shall not exceed** 10% of the core cash balance of the university's general operating bank account, as projected annually.

Internal Financing Limits Fiscal Year 2015 to Present

Time-Line	Limit
Fiscal Year 2015 projected limit:	\$ 7,540,970
April 2015 limit established by Board Action:	\$ 8,700,000
Fiscal Year 2016 projected limit:	\$ 10,490,845
Fiscal Year 2017 projected limit:	\$ 12,287,701
February 2017 limit established by Board Action*:	\$ 16,000,000
Fiscal Year 2018 projected limit:	\$ 14,826,697
Fiscal Year 2019 projected limit:	\$ 14,687,550

* We are currently operating at the limit established by Board action in February of 2017, and will continue to do so through the Neuberger Hall project fundraising if necessary.

Internal Loans - Balances Outstanding

Loan Description	Balances - June 30, 2016	Balances - June 30, 2017	Balances - June 30, 2018
Viking Pavilion -Peter Stott Center:	\$ 3,709,462	\$ 1,683,455	\$ 1,868,505
Viking Pavilion Operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000
Lincoln Hall Tower Project:	\$ 300,048	\$ 201,311	\$ 101,301
Perkins Loan Fund - Commercial Account:	\$ -	\$ 150,001	\$ 300,001
Neuberger Hall:	\$ -	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,950,000
Karl Miller Center / School of Business:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,253,777
Total Internal Loans Outstanding	\$ 4,009,510	\$ 12,034,767	\$ 12,823,584

FY 2019 TOTAL UNIVERSITY & STATE-PAID DEBT BY TYPE, PURPOSE, & REPAYMENT SOURCE (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

Department	Debt Program	Annual Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Auxiliary Funded		Generally Funded		State Funded	
					Amount	% Share	Amount	% Share	Amount	% Share
Transportation & Parking Services (TAPS)	XI-F (1)	1,723	1,017	705	1,723	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Housing & Residence Life	XI-F (1)	4,329	2,188	2,141	3,836	88.61%	493	11.39%	-	0.00%
Planning, Construction & Real Estate Managed Bldgs	XI-F (1)	4,540	2,531	2,009	1,497	32.97%	3,043	67.03%	-	0.00%
Peter Stott Center	XI-F (1)	287	230	57	-	0.00%	287	100.00%	-	0.00%
University Place Hotel	XI-F (1)	1,312	711	601	1,312	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Center for Student Health & Counseling (SHAC)	XI-F (1)	62	42	20	62	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Academic & Student Recreation Center (ASRC)	XI-F (1)	2,617	1,219	1,398	2,441	93.27%	176	6.73%	-	0.00%
Student Building Fee	XI-F (1)	2,329	1,347	982	2,329	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
TOTAL XI-F(1)	XI-F (1)	17,199	9,286	7,913	13,200	76.75%	3,999	23.25%	-	0.00%
L00500 Urban Center	SELP	420	401	19	-	0.00%	420	100.00%	-	0.00%
L00594 PSC/UCB	SELP	1	1	0	-	0.00%	1	100.00%	-	0.00%
L00685 Ondine	SELP	170	153	16	170	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
L00760 Shattuck Hall Deferred Maintenance	SELP	519	306	213	-	0.00%	76	14.55%	444	85.45%
L00761 Campus Loop (phase I)	SELP	438	258	181	-	0.00%	398	90.79%	40	9.21%
L00807 Campus Loop (phase II)	SELP	762	420	342	-	0.00%	653	85.71%	109	14.29%
L00808 Lincoln Hall	SELP	927	533	394	-	0.00%	109	11.76%	818	88.24%
L00809 Science Building 2/SRTC	SELP	835	488	347	-	0.00%	64	7.64%	771	92.36%
TOTAL SELP	SELP	4,073	2,561	1,511	170	4.17%	1,721	42.25%	2,182	53.58%
Local Improvement District (LIDS) Parking	LIDS	397	284	113	397	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
TOTAL LIDS	LIDS	397	284	113	397	100.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Aggregated PSU Projects	XI-Q	6,991	2,318	4,673	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	6,991	100.00%
TOTAL XI-Q	XI-Q	6,991	2,318	4,673	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	6,991	100.00%
Aggregated PSU Projects	LOTTERY	1,729	975	755	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	1,729	100.00%
TOTAL LOTTERY	LOTTERY	1,729	975	755	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	1,729	100.00%
Aggregated PSU Projects	XI-G	9,408	4,139	5,269	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	9,408	100.00%
TOTAL XI-G	XI-G	9,408	4,139	5,269	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	9,408	100.00%
2009A SB338 Deferred Maint Campus Steam Loop Ph II	COPs	899	865	34	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	899	100.00%
2010BC Market Center Building	COPs	1,597	795	802	13	0.83%	1,583	99.17%	-	0.00%
2009A non SB338	COPs	126	121	5	-	0.00%	126	100.00%	-	0.00%
TOTAL COPs	COPs	2,621	1,781	840	13	0.51%	1,709	65.20%	899	34.29%
AGGREGATE TOTAL	ALL TYPES	42,418	21,344	21,074	13,780	32.49%	7,429	17.51%	21,210	50.00%

DEBT PORTFOLIO



TOTAL DEBT / BEGINNING PRINCIPAL BALANCES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

Fiscal Year		Total Debt Programs	Article XI-F(1) Bonds	Article XI-G Bonds	Article XI-Q Bonds	Lottery Bonds	Certificate of Participation - COPs	State Energy Loan Program - SELP	Local Improvement District Assessments
		Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance
2017 - 2018		476,190	183,950	118,999	95,454	16,384	21,912	36,368	3,123
2018 - 2019		456,548	175,396	115,142	93,725	15,405	20,116	33,913	2,850
2019 - 2020		435,204	166,110	111,003	91,407	14,430	18,335	31,352	2,566
2020 - 2021		414,223	157,224	106,801	88,093	13,339	17,505	28,938	2,322
2021 - 2022		392,436	147,939	102,411	84,644	12,036	16,635	26,652	2,120
2022 - 2023		370,180	138,676	97,857	81,032	10,636	15,720	24,349	1,909
2023 - 2024		347,027	129,141	93,090	77,236	9,169	14,765	21,936	1,689
2024 - 2025		323,294	119,690	88,079	73,248	7,629	13,775	19,413	1,460
2025 - 2026		298,358	109,699	82,818	69,088	6,014	12,750	16,768	1,221
2026 - 2027		272,573	99,498	77,293	64,720	4,408	11,685	13,997	972
2027 - 2028		245,808	89,076	71,488	60,135	2,723	10,580	11,096	712
2028 - 2029		220,909	79,896	65,935	55,291	1,859	9,430	8,058	441
2029 - 2030		196,021	70,817	60,163	50,206	1,520	8,235	4,923	158
2030 - 2031		174,530	62,003	55,726	46,254	1,167	6,995	2,385	
2031 - 2032		154,921	54,572	51,189	42,554	797	5,705	104	
2032 - 2033		136,768	46,890	46,433	38,677	408	4,360		
2033 - 2034		120,027	40,529	41,933	34,600		2,965		
2034 - 2035		103,889	34,913	37,152	30,313		1,510		
2035 - 2036		88,663	30,550	32,297	25,817				
2036 - 2037		52,768	25,977	26,791					
2037 - 2038		42,773	21,189	21,585					
2038 - 2039		32,549	16,239	16,310					
2039 - 2040		22,030	11,053	10,976					
2040 - 2041		13,096	6,895	6,201					
2041 - 2042		6,394	3,535	2,859					
2042 - 2043									

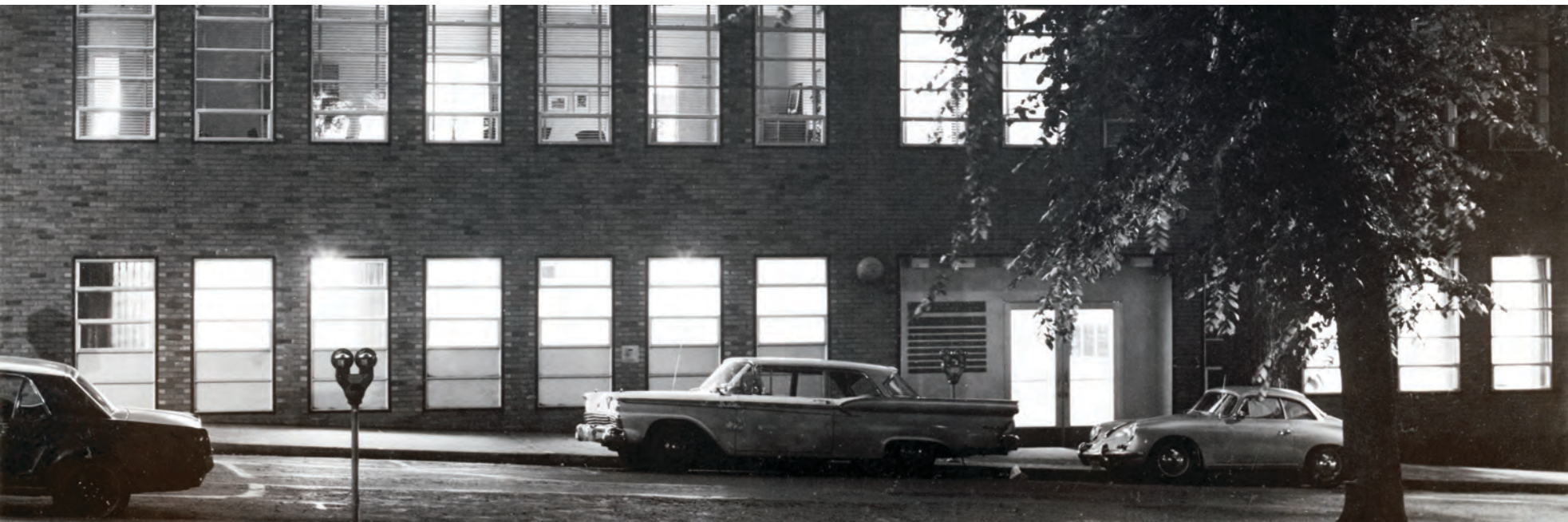


TOTAL DEBT / ANNUAL PAYMENT SCHEDULES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

Fiscal Year	Total Debt Programs			Article XI-F(1) Bonds			Article XI-G Bonds			Article XI-Q Bonds			Lottery Bonds			Certificate of Participation - COPs			State Energy Loan Program - SELP			Local Improvement District Assessments - Liens				
	Principal	Interest	BABS	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	BABS	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
FY18 Average Interest Rate		4.68%				4.57%			4.32%			5.51%			4.89%			4.18%				4.48%				3.96%
2017 - 2018	19,642	22,593	(313)	41,921	8,555	8,404	16,958	3,856	5,142	8,998	1,728	5,264	6,992	979	801	1,780	1,796	1,228	(313)	2,711	2,454	1,630	4,085	273	124	397
2018 - 2019	21,344	21,386	(312)	42,418	9,286	7,913	17,199	4,139	5,269	9,408	2,318	4,673	6,991	975	755	1,729	1,781	1,152	(312)	2,621	2,561	1,511	4,073	284	113	397
2019 - 2020	20,981	20,546	(312)	41,216	8,886	7,603	16,489	4,201	5,106	9,307	3,315	4,557	7,871	1,091	707	1,799	830	1,076	(312)	1,595	2,414	1,396	3,810	244	102	346
2020 - 2021	21,787	19,530	(312)	41,005	9,286	7,128	16,414	4,391	4,926	9,316	3,449	4,408	7,857	1,303	654	1,957	870	1,037	(312)	1,595	2,287	1,284	3,570	202	93	296
2021 - 2022	22,256	18,798	(312)	40,742	9,262	6,904	16,166	4,553	4,812	9,365	3,612	4,234	7,846	1,400	591	1,990	915	994	(312)	1,597	2,303	1,179	3,482	211	85	296
2022 - 2023	23,153	17,521	(331)	40,342	9,535	6,250	15,786	4,767	4,602	9,370	3,796	4,054	7,850	1,467	522	1,989	955	947	(331)	1,570	2,412	1,070	3,482	220	76	296
2023 - 2024	23,733	16,438	(314)	39,857	9,451	5,838	15,289	5,011	4,365	9,376	3,988	3,864	7,852	1,540	450	1,989	990	896	(314)	1,573	2,524	958	3,482	229	66	296
2024 - 2025	24,936	15,306	(295)	39,947	9,991	5,407	15,398	5,261	4,127	9,388	4,159	3,662	7,822	1,615	374	1,989	1,025	842	(295)	1,573	2,645	837	3,482	239	57	296
2025 - 2026	25,785	14,117	(275)	39,627	10,202	4,956	15,157	5,525	3,870	9,395	4,368	3,455	7,822	1,606	294	1,900	1,065	785	(275)	1,575	2,770	711	3,482	249	46	296
2026 - 2027	26,765	12,869	(252)	39,381	10,422	4,487	14,909	5,806	3,596	9,402	4,586	3,236	7,822	1,685	213	1,898	1,105	720	(252)	1,573	2,901	580	3,482	260	36	296
2027 - 2028	24,899	11,597	(228)	36,267	9,180	4,015	13,195	5,553	3,324	8,877	4,844	3,007	7,850	864	129	993	1,150	652	(228)	1,574	3,038	444	3,482	271	25	296
2028 - 2029	24,889	10,395	(204)	35,080	9,079	3,600	12,679	5,772	3,050	8,822	5,085	2,765	7,850	339	86	425	1,195	582	(204)	1,573	3,135	300	3,435	283	13	296
2029 - 2030	21,491	9,246	(178)	30,559	8,813	3,190	12,003	4,437	2,796	7,233	3,952	2,510	6,462	353	73	425	1,240	508	(178)	1,570	2,538	167	2,705	158	2	161
2030 - 2031	19,103	8,269	(151)	27,220	7,431	2,832	10,263	4,537	2,575	7,112	3,700	2,313	6,012	370	55	425	1,290	432	(151)	1,571	1,775	61	1,836			
2031 - 2032	18,659	7,363	(123)	25,899	7,682	2,482	10,165	4,756	2,352	7,108	3,877	2,128	6,005	389	37	425	1,345	353	(123)	1,574	610	12	622			
2032 - 2033	16,740	6,547	(94)	23,193	6,361	2,188	8,549	4,499	2,139	6,638	4,077	1,934	6,011	408	17	425	1,395	269	(94)	1,570						
2033 - 2034	16,138	5,648	(64)	21,722	5,616	1,806	7,422	4,781	1,929	6,709	4,286	1,730	6,016				1,455	183	(64)	1,574						
2034 - 2035	15,226	4,893	(33)	20,086	4,364	1,578	5,942	4,855	1,706	6,561	4,497	1,516	6,013				1,510	93	(33)	1,571						
2035 - 2036	14,661	4,140	-	18,801	4,573	1,384	5,957	5,506	1,465	6,971	4,582	1,291	5,872													
2036 - 2037	14,574	3,454	-	18,029	4,788	1,185	5,973	5,206	1,208	6,414	4,580	1,062	5,642													
2037 - 2038	14,290	2,725	-	17,014	4,950	945	5,895	5,274	947	6,222	4,065	833	4,898													
2038 - 2039	14,784	1,999	-	16,783	5,185	688	5,873	5,334	682	6,016	4,265	630	4,895													
2039 - 2040	8,934	880	-	9,814	4,159	451	4,609	4,775	429	5,205																
2040 - 2041	6,702	487	-	7,189	3,360	261	3,621	3,342	227	3,569																
2041 - 2042	5,809	160	-	5,969	3,535	88	3,623	2,274	71	2,346																
Total	467,280	256,905	(4,102)	720,083	183,950	91,583	275,533	118,414	70,713	189,126	87,129	63,123	150,252	16,384	5,756	22,140	21,912	12,750	(4,102)	30,560	36,368	12,142	48,510	3,123	838	3,961

DEBT PORTFOLIO



UNIVERSITY-PAID DEBT / BEGINNING PRINCIPAL BALANCES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

DEBT PORTFOLIO

Fiscal Year	Total University-Paid Debt Programs	Article XI-F(1) Bonds	Certificate of Participation - COPs	State Energy Loan Program - SELP	Local Improvement District Assessments
	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance
2017 - 2018	221,150	183,950	20,217	13,859	3,123
2018 - 2019	210,213	175,396	19,251	12,716	2,850
2019 - 2020	198,538	166,110	18,335	11,527	2,566
2020 - 2021	187,548	157,224	17,505	10,496	2,322
2021 - 2022	176,301	147,939	16,635	9,607	2,120
2022 - 2023	165,053	138,676	15,720	8,747	1,909
2023 - 2024	153,442	129,141	14,765	7,847	1,689
2024 - 2025	141,830	119,690	13,775	6,905	1,460
2025 - 2026	129,588	109,699	12,750	5,917	1,221
2026 - 2027	117,038	99,498	11,685	4,883	972
2027 - 2028	104,168	89,076	10,580	3,800	712
2028 - 2029	92,433	79,896	9,430	2,666	441
2029 - 2030	80,733	70,817	8,235	1,523	158
2030 - 2031	69,625	62,003	6,995	627	
2031 - 2032	60,277	54,572	5,705		
2032 - 2033	51,250	46,890	4,360		
2033 - 2034	43,494	40,529	2,965		
2034 - 2035	36,423	34,913	1,510		
2035 - 2036	30,550	30,550			
2036 - 2037	25,977	25,977			
2037 - 2038	21,189	21,189			
2038 - 2039	16,239	16,239			
2039 - 2040	11,053	11,053			
2040 - 2041	6,895	6,895			
2041 - 2042	3,535	3,535			
2042 - 2043					



UNIVERSITY-PAID DEBT / ANNUAL PAYMENT SCHEDULES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

Fiscal Year	Total University-Paid Debt Programs				Article XI-F(1) Bonds			Certificate of Participation - COPs				State Energy Loan Program - SELP			Local Improvement District Assessments - Liens		
	Principal	Interest	BABs	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	BABs	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
FY18 Average Interest Rate		4.44%				4.57%			4.18%				5.48%			3.96%	
2017 - 2018	10,937	10,132	(313)	21,069	8,555	8,404	16,958	966	1,159	(313)	1,812	1,143	759	1,902	273	124	397
2018 - 2019	11,675	9,534	(312)	21,209	9,286	7,913	17,199	916	1,118	(312)	1,722	1,189	702	1,890	284	113	397
2019 - 2020	10,991	9,066	(312)	20,057	8,886	7,603	16,489	830	1,076	(312)	1,595	1,031	596	1,627	244	102	346
2020 - 2021	11,247	8,445	(312)	19,692	9,286	7,128	16,414	870	1,037	(312)	1,595	889	499	1,388	202	93	296
2021 - 2022	11,248	8,111	(312)	19,359	9,262	6,904	16,166	915	994	(312)	1,597	860	440	1,300	211	85	296
2022 - 2023	11,610	7,341	(331)	18,951	9,535	6,250	15,786	955	947	(331)	1,570	900	399	1,300	220	76	296
2023 - 2024	11,613	6,845	(314)	18,457	9,451	5,838	15,289	990	896	(314)	1,573	942	358	1,300	229	66	296
2024 - 2025	12,242	6,324	(295)	18,566	9,991	5,407	15,398	1,025	842	(295)	1,573	987	312	1,300	239	57	296
2025 - 2026	12,550	5,778	(275)	18,328	10,202	4,956	15,157	1,065	785	(275)	1,575	1,034	266	1,300	249	46	296
2026 - 2027	12,870	5,207	(252)	18,077	10,422	4,487	14,909	1,105	720	(252)	1,573	1,083	217	1,300	260	36	296
2027 - 2028	11,735	4,630	(228)	16,365	9,180	4,015	13,195	1,150	652	(228)	1,574	1,134	166	1,300	271	25	296
2028 - 2029	11,700	4,101	(204)	15,801	9,079	3,600	12,679	1,195	582	(204)	1,573	1,144	109	1,253	283	13	296
2029 - 2030	11,107	3,581	(178)	14,688	8,813	3,190	12,003	1,240	508	(178)	1,570	896	59	955	158	2	161
2030 - 2031	8,842	3,118	(151)	11,960	7,431	2,832	10,263	1,290	432	(151)	1,571	121	4	126			
2031 - 2032	9,533	2,722	(123)	12,255	7,682	2,482	10,165	1,345	353	(123)	1,574	506	10	516			
2032 - 2033	7,756	2,363	(94)	10,119	6,361	2,188	8,549	1,395	269	(94)	1,570						
2033 - 2034	7,071	1,925	(64)	8,996	5,616	1,806	7,422	1,455	183	(64)	1,574						
2034 - 2035	5,874	1,638	(33)	7,512	4,364	1,578	5,942	1,510	93	(33)	1,571						
2035 - 2036	4,573	1,384		5,957	4,573	1,384	5,957										
2036 - 2037	4,788	1,185		5,973	4,788	1,185	5,973										
2037 - 2038	4,950	945		5,895	4,950	945	5,895										
2038 - 2039	5,185	688		5,873	5,185	688	5,873										
2039 - 2040	4,159	451		4,609	4,159	451	4,609										
2040 - 2041	3,360	261		3,621	3,360	261	3,621										
2041 - 2042	3,535	88		3,623	3,535	88	3,623										
2042 - 2043																	
Total	221,150	105,862	(4,102)	327,012	183,950	91,583	275,533	20,217	12,646	(4,102)	28,762	13,859	4,897	18,756	3,123	838	3,961

DEBT PORTFOLIO



STATE-PAID DEBT / BEGINNING PRINCIPAL BALANCES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.



Fiscal Year		Total State-Paid Debt Programs	Article XI-G Bonds	Article XI-Q Bonds	Lottery Bonds	Certificate of Participation - COPs	State Energy Loan Program - SELP
		Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance
2017 - 2018		255,040	118,999	95,454	16,384	1,695	22,509
2018 - 2019		246,335	115,142	93,725	15,405	865	21,197
2019 - 2020		236,665	111,003	91,407	14,430		19,825
2020 - 2021		226,675	106,801	88,093	13,339		18,442
2021 - 2022		216,135	102,411	84,644	12,036		17,045
2022 - 2023		205,127	97,857	81,032	10,636		15,601
2023 - 2024		193,585	93,090	77,236	9,169		14,090
2024 - 2025		181,464	88,079	73,248	7,629		12,508
2025 - 2026		168,770	82,818	69,088	6,014		10,850
2026 - 2027		155,535	77,293	64,720	4,408		9,114
2027 - 2028		141,640	71,488	60,135	2,723		7,295
2028 - 2029		128,476	65,935	55,291	1,859		5,392
2029 - 2030		115,288	60,163	50,206	1,520		3,400
2030 - 2031		104,904	55,726	46,254	1,167		1,758
2031 - 2032		94,644	51,189	42,554	797		104
2032 - 2033		85,518	46,433	38,677	408		
2033 - 2034		76,533	41,933	34,600			
2034 - 2035		67,466	37,152	30,313			
2035 - 2036		58,114	32,297	25,817			
2036 - 2037		48,026	26,791	21,235			
2037 - 2038		38,240	21,585	16,655			
2038 - 2039		28,900	16,310	12,590			
2039 - 2040		19,301	10,976	8,325			
2040 - 2041		11,886	6,201	5,685			
2041 - 2042		5,769	2,859	2,910			
2042 - 2043		585	585				

STATE-PAID DEBT / ANNUAL PAYMENT SCHEDULES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. A., B.

Fiscal Year	Total State-Paid Debt Programs			Article XI-G Bonds			Article XI-Q Bonds			Lottery Bonds			Certificate of Participation - COPs			State Energy Loan Program - SELP			
	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	
FY18 Average Interest Rate		4.76%			4.32%			5.51%			4.89%			4.10%				3.87%	
2017 - 2018	8,705	12,147	20,852	3,856	5,142	8,998	1,728	5,264	6,992	979	801	1,780	830	70	900	1,311	871	2,182	
2018 - 2019	9,670	11,540	21,210	4,139	5,269	9,408	2,318	4,673	6,991	975	755	1,729	865	34	899	1,372	810	2,182	
2019 - 2020	9,990	11,169	21,159	4,201	5,106	9,307	3,315	4,557	7,871	1,091	707	1,799				1,383	800	2,182	
2020 - 2021	10,540	10,773	21,312	4,391	4,926	9,316	3,449	4,408	7,857	1,303	654	1,957				1,397	785	2,182	
2021 - 2022	11,008	10,375	21,384	4,553	4,812	9,365	3,612	4,234	7,846	1,400	591	1,990				1,444	739	2,182	
2022 - 2023	11,542	9,849	21,391	4,767	4,602	9,370	3,796	4,054	7,850	1,467	522	1,989				1,512	671	2,182	
2023 - 2024	12,121	9,279	21,400	5,011	4,365	9,376	3,988	3,864	7,852	1,540	450	1,989				1,582	601	2,182	
2024 - 2025	12,694	8,687	21,381	5,261	4,127	9,388	4,159	3,662	7,822	1,615	374	1,989				1,658	524	2,182	
2025 - 2026	13,235	8,064	21,300	5,525	3,870	9,395	4,368	3,455	7,822	1,606	294	1,900				1,736	446	2,182	
2026 - 2027	13,895	7,409	21,304	5,806	3,596	9,402	4,586	3,236	7,822	1,685	213	1,898				1,818	364	2,182	
2027 - 2028	13,164	6,739	19,903	5,553	3,324	8,877	4,844	3,007	7,850	864	129	993				1,904	279	2,182	
2028 - 2029	13,188	6,091	19,279	5,772	3,050	8,822	5,085	2,765	7,850	339	86	425				1,992	190	2,182	
2029 - 2030	10,383	5,487	15,870	4,437	2,796	7,233	3,952	2,510	6,462	353	73	425				1,642	108	1,750	
2030 - 2031	10,261	5,000	15,260	4,537	2,575	7,112	3,700	2,313	6,012	370	55	425				1,654	57	1,711	
2031 - 2032	9,126	4,518	13,644	4,756	2,352	7,108	3,877	2,128	6,005	389	37	425				104	2	106	
2032 - 2033	8,984	4,090	13,074	4,499	2,139	6,638	4,077	1,934	6,011	408	17	425							
2033 - 2034	9,067	3,659	12,726	4,781	1,929	6,709	4,286	1,730	6,016										
2034 - 2035	9,352	3,221	12,574	4,855	1,706	6,561	4,497	1,516	6,013										
2035 - 2036	10,088	2,756	12,844	5,506	1,465	6,971	4,582	1,291	5,872										
2036 - 2037	9,786	2,269	12,056	5,206	1,208	6,414	4,580	1,062	5,642										
2037 - 2038	9,339	1,780	11,119	5,274	947	6,222	4,065	833	4,898										
2038 - 2039	9,599	1,312	10,910	5,334	682	6,016	4,265	630	4,895										
2039 - 2040	7,415	846	8,261	4,775	429	5,205	2,640	416	3,056										
2040 - 2041	6,117	511	6,628	3,342	227	3,569	2,775	284	3,059										
2041 - 2042	5,184	217	5,401	2,274	71	2,346	2,910	146	3,056										
2042 - 2043	585	29	614	585	29	614													
Total	255,040	147,816	402,856	118,999	70,742	189,741	95,454	63,969	159,423	16,384	5,756	22,140	1,695	104	1,799	22,509	7,245	29,754	

DEBT PORTFOLIO



ANTICIPATED DEBT ISSUANCES / BEGINNING PRINCIPAL BALANCES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. G.

Fiscal Year	Total Anticipated Debt Issuance	FMB Project, University-Paid Article XI-F(1) Bonds	FMB Project, State-Paid Article XI-G Bonds	FMB Project, State-Paid Article XI-Q Bonds	Est. DM Projects, State-Paid Article XI-Q Bonds
	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance
2019 - 2020	63,212	6,000	36,485	9,145	11,582
2020 - 2021	62,060	5,924	35,936	9,007	11,193
2021 - 2022	60,854	5,844	35,359	8,863	10,789
2022 - 2023	59,591	5,758	34,754	8,711	10,368
2023 - 2024	58,268	5,668	34,118	8,552	9,930
2024 - 2025	56,883	5,572	33,451	8,384	9,475
2025 - 2026	55,431	5,471	32,750	8,209	9,002
2026 - 2027	53,911	5,363	32,014	8,024	8,510
2027 - 2028	52,319	5,249	31,241	7,831	7,998
2028 - 2029	50,651	5,128	30,430	7,627	7,466
2029 - 2030	48,904	5,000	29,578	7,414	6,912
2030 - 2031	47,073	4,864	28,683	7,190	6,337
2031 - 2032	45,156	4,720	27,744	6,954	5,738
2032 - 2033	43,147	4,567	26,758	6,707	5,115
2033 - 2034	41,042	4,405	25,722	6,447	4,468
2034 - 2035	38,838	4,234	24,635	6,175	3,794
2035 - 2036	36,527	4,052	23,493	5,889	3,094
2036 - 2037	34,107	3,859	22,295	5,588	2,365
2037 - 2038	31,571	3,655	21,036	5,273	1,607
2038 - 2039	28,913	3,438	19,714	4,941	820
2039 - 2040	26,129	3,208	18,327	4,594	
2040 - 2041	24,063	2,965	16,870	4,228	
2041 - 2042	21,892	2,707	15,340	3,845	
2042 - 2043	19,609	2,433	13,733	3,442	
2043 - 2044	17,210	2,144	12,047	3,020	
2044 - 2045	14,687	1,836	10,276	2,576	
2045 - 2046	12,036	1,511	8,416	2,109	
2046 - 2047	9,249	1,165	6,463	1,620	
2047 - 2048	6,319	799	4,413	1,106	
2048 - 2049	3,238	411	2,260	567	
2049 - 2050					



ANTICIPATED DEBT ISSUANCES / ANNUAL PAYMENT SCHEDULES (000's)

ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT – DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY – SECTION VII. G.

Fiscal Year		Total Anticipated Debt Issuances			FMB Project, University Paid Article XI-F(1) Bonds			FMB Project, State-Paid Article XI-G Bonds			FMB Project, State-Paid Article XI-Q Bonds			Est. DM Projects, State-Paid Article XI-Q Bonds		
		Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
FY20 Est. Interest Rate			4.91%			6.00%			5.00%			5.00%			4.00%	
2019 - 2020		1,152	3,105	4,256	76	360	436	549	1,824	2,373	138	457	595	389	463	852
2020 - 2021		1,206	3,050	4,256	80	355	436	577	1,797	2,373	145	450	595	405	448	852
2021 - 2022		1,263	2,993	4,256	85	351	436	605	1,768	2,373	152	443	595	421	432	852
2022 - 2023		1,323	2,933	4,256	90	346	436	636	1,738	2,373	159	436	595	438	415	852
2023 - 2024		1,386	2,871	4,256	96	340	436	667	1,706	2,373	167	428	595	455	397	852
2024 - 2025		1,451	2,805	4,256	102	334	436	701	1,673	2,373	176	419	595	473	379	852
2025 - 2026		1,520	2,736	4,256	108	328	436	736	1,637	2,373	184	410	595	492	360	852
2026 - 2027		1,592	2,664	4,256	114	322	436	773	1,601	2,373	194	401	595	512	340	852
2027 - 2028		1,668	2,588	4,256	121	315	436	811	1,562	2,373	203	392	595	532	320	852
2028 - 2029		1,747	2,509	4,256	128	308	436	852	1,521	2,373	214	381	595	554	299	852
2029 - 2030		1,830	2,426	4,256	136	300	436	895	1,479	2,373	224	371	595	576	276	852
2030 - 2031		1,917	2,339	4,256	144	292	436	939	1,434	2,373	235	359	595	599	253	852
2031 - 2032		2,009	2,248	4,256	153	283	436	986	1,387	2,373	247	348	595	623	230	852
2032 - 2033		2,105	2,152	4,256	162	274	436	1,036	1,338	2,373	260	335	595	648	205	852
2033 - 2034		2,205	2,051	4,256	172	264	436	1,087	1,286	2,373	273	322	595	674	179	852
2034 - 2035		2,310	1,946	4,256	182	254	436	1,142	1,232	2,373	286	309	595	700	152	852
2035 - 2036		2,420	1,836	4,256	193	243	436	1,199	1,175	2,373	300	294	595	728	124	852
2036 - 2037		2,536	1,720	4,256	204	232	436	1,259	1,115	2,373	315	279	595	758	95	852
2037 - 2038		2,657	1,599	4,256	217	219	436	1,322	1,052	2,373	331	264	595	788	64	852
2038 - 2039		2,785	1,472	4,257	230	206	436	1,388	986	2,373	348	247	595	820	33	852
2039 - 2040		2,066	1,339	3,404	243	193	436	1,457	916	2,373	365	230	595			
2040 - 2041		2,171	1,233	3,404	258	178	436	1,530	843	2,373	383	211	595			
2041 - 2042		2,283	1,122	3,404	273	162	436	1,606	767	2,373	403	192	595			
2042 - 2043		2,399	1,005	3,404	290	146	436	1,687	687	2,373	423	172	595			
2043 - 2044		2,522	882	3,404	307	129	436	1,771	602	2,373	444	151	595			
2044 - 2045		2,651	753	3,404	326	110	436	1,860	514	2,373	466	129	595			
2045 - 2046		2,787	617	3,404	345	91	436	1,953	421	2,373	489	105	595			
2046 - 2047		2,930	474	3,404	366	70	436	2,050	323	2,373	514	81	595			
2047 - 2048		3,080	324	3,404	388	48	436	2,153	221	2,373	540	55	595			
2048 - 2049		3,238	166	3,404	411	25	436	2,260	113	2,373	567	28	595			
2049 - 2050																
Total		63,212	55,958	119,170	6,000	7,077	13,077	36,485	34,717	71,202	9,145	8,702	17,847	11,582	5,463	17,045

DEBT PORTFOLIO

VIABILITY & PRIMARY RESERVE RATIOS DETAILED

VIABILITY RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>How much of the total debt could be covered with Expendable Net Assets should the institution need to settle its obligations immediately</i>	0.376	0.360	0.339	0.409	0.404
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Gift Grants and Contracts	2,042	2,290	1,446	989	1,049
PSU Student Loans	8,444	8,320	8,543	8,376	511
PSU Debt	14,526	1	-	-	-
PSU Postemployment Benefit Asset	-	-	-	-	491
PSU Unrestricted	32,369	45,214	24,715	22,121	15,721
Foundation Unrestricted Net Assets	1,945	3,000	3,399	4,271	4,738
Foundation Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	42,908	35,283	41,645	55,959	63,467
Foundation Net Investment in Plant & Cumul Endow Loss	(4,819)	(4,363)	21	139	(1)
Total Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)	97,415	89,745	79,769	91,855	85,976
Outstanding Debt (Denominator)					
PSU XI-F Principal	167,834	161,837	193,360	183,950	175,396
PSU Institutional COPs	23,334	22,107	21,146	20,217	19,251
PSU Institutional SELP	17,020	16,035	14,971	13,913	12,716
PSU LID Assessments	3,882	3,640	3,387	3,124	2,850
Foundation Notes Payable	2,459	2,367	2,379	3,155	2,692
Foundation Bonds Payable	44,210	43,105	-	-	-
Total Outstanding Debt (Denominator)	258,739	249,091	235,243	224,359	212,905

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
<i>How much of the total debt could be covered with Expendable Net Assets should the institution need to settle its obligations immediately</i>	0.376	0.407	0.563	0.726	0.862
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Gift Grants and Contracts	2,042	2,290	1,446	989	1,049
PSU Student Loans	8,444	8,320	8,543	8,376	511
PSU Debt	14,526	1	-	-	-
PSU Unrestricted	32,369	56,833	77,422	93,128	113,749
Foundation Unrestricted Net Assets	1,945	3,000	3,399	4,271	4,738
Foundation Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	42,908	35,283	41,645	55,959	63,467
Foundation Net Investment in Plant & Cumul Endow Loss	(4,819)	(4,363)	21	139	(1)
Total Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)	97,415	101,364	132,476	162,862	183,513
Outstanding Debt (Denominator)					
PSU XI-F Principal	167,834	161,837	193,360	183,950	175,396
PSU Institutional COPs	23,334	22,107	21,146	20,217	19,251
PSU Institutional SELP	17,020	16,035	14,971	13,913	12,716
PSU LID Assessments	3,882	3,640	3,387	3,124	2,850
Foundation Notes Payable	2,459	2,367	2,379	3,155	2,692
Foundation Bonds Payable	44,210	43,105	-	-	-
Total Outstanding Debt (Denominator)	258,739	249,091	235,243	224,359	212,905

PRIMARY RESERVE RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>How long the Institution could function using its Expendable Net Assets to cover Operating Expenses and Interest due if revenue generation ceases</i>	0.194	0.177	0.140	0.169	0.152
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Gift Grants and Contracts	2,042	2,290	1,446	989	1,049
PSU Student Loans	8,444	8,320	8,543	8,376	511
PSU Debt	14,526	1	-	-	-
PSU Postemployment Benefit Asset	-	-	-	-	491
PSU Unrestricted	32,369	45,214	24,715	22,121	15,721
Foundation Unrestricted Net Assets	1,945	3,000	3,399	4,271	4,738
Foundation Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	42,908	35,283	41,645	55,959	63,467
Foundation Net Investment in Plant	(4,819)	(4,363)	21	139	(1)
Total Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)	97,415	89,745	79,769	91,855	85,976
Expense (Denominator)					
PSU Total Operating Expense	465,581	449,907	525,769	504,295	526,415
PSU Interest Expense (From Non Operating, Only Debt Related)	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
Foundation Total University Support and Expenses	25,108	45,947	34,897	27,873	30,442
Total Expense (Denominator)	500,970	505,916	570,330	543,347	566,989

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
<i>How long the Institution could function using its Expendable Net Assets to cover Operating Expenses and Interest due if revenue generation ceases</i>	0.194	0.190	0.250	0.310	0.335
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Gift Grants and Contracts	2,042	2,290	1,446	989	1,049
PSU Student Loans	8,444	8,320	8,543	8,376	511
PSU Debt	14,526	1	-	-	-
PSU Unrestricted	32,369	56,833	77,422	93,128	113,749
Foundation Unrestricted Net Assets	1,945	3,000	3,399	4,271	4,738
Foundation Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	42,908	35,283	41,645	55,959	63,467
Foundation Net Investment in Plant	(4,819)	(4,363)	21	139	(1)
Total Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)	97,415	101,364	132,476	162,862	183,513
Expense (Denominator)					
PSU Total Operating Expense	465,581	476,208	484,681	485,996	507,791
PSU Interest Expense (From Non Operating, Only Debt Related)	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
Foundation Total University Support and Expenses	25,108	45,947	34,897	27,873	30,442
Total Expense (Denominator)	500,970	532,217	529,242	525,048	548,365

DEBT BURDEN & DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIOS DETAILED

DEBT BURDEN RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
Annual Debt Service as a percentage of Total Expenses	4.75%	4.87%	4.22%	3.97%	3.87%
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
(Numerator)					
PSU X-I-F Interest	8,076	7,892	7,635	9,254	8,404
PSU X-I-F Principal	6,206	7,177	7,342	7,241	8,555
PSU Institutional COPs Interest	1,023	973	920	882	846
PSU Institutional COPs Principal	1,283	1,227	961	929	966
PSU SELP Interest	1,023	1,047	965	910	759
PSU SELP Principal	897	985	1,063	1,059	1,143
PSU LID Assessments Interest	159	150	144	134	123
PSU LID Assessments Principal	233	242	253	263	273
Foundation Interest on Capital Debt	2,997	2,944	2,881	150	143
Foundation Principal on Capital Debt	1,146	1,197	1,264	105	112
Total Debt Service (Numerator)	23,043	23,834	23,428	20,927	21,324
Total Expenditures (Denominator)					
PSU Total Operating Expenses	465,581	449,907	525,769	504,295	526,415
PSU Total Nonoperating Expenses (Interest, Only Debt Related (PSU Depreciation))	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,180	10,132
(PSU Depreciation)	(24,442)	(26,256)	(25,884)	(26,063)	(26,898)
PSU Principal Payments	8,619	9,631	9,619	9,492	10,937
Foundation Total University Support and Expenses (Foundation Depreciation)	25,108	45,947	34,897	27,873	30,442
(Foundation Depreciation)	(893)	(919)	(210)	(243)	(658)
Foundation Principal Payments	1,146	1,197	1,264	105	112
Total Expenditures (Denominator)	485,400	489,569	555,119	526,639	550,482

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
Annual Debt Service as a percentage of Total Expenses	4.75%	4.62%	4.56%	4.12%	4.01%
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
(Numerator)					
PSU X-I-F Interest	8,076	7,892	7,635	9,254	8,404
PSU X-I-F Principal	6,206	7,177	7,342	7,241	8,555
PSU Institutional COPs Interest	1,023	973	920	882	846
PSU Institutional COPs Principal	1,283	1,227	961	929	966
PSU SELP Interest	1,023	1,047	965	910	759
PSU SELP Principal	897	985	1,063	1,059	1,143
PSU LID Assessments Interest	159	150	144	134	123
PSU LID Assessments Principal	233	242	253	263	273
Foundation Interest on Capital Debt	2,997	2,944	2,881	150	143
Foundation Principal on Capital Debt	1,146	1,197	1,264	105	112
Total Debt Service (Numerator)	23,043	23,834	23,428	20,927	21,324
Total Expenditures (Denominator)					
PSU Total Operating Expenses	465,581	476,208	484,681	485,996	507,791
PSU Total Nonoperating Expenses (Interest, Only Debt Related (PSU Depreciation))	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
(PSU Depreciation)	(24,442)	(26,256)	(25,884)	(26,063)	(26,898)
PSU Principal Payments	8,619	9,631	9,619	9,492	10,937
Foundation Total University Support and Exp. (Foundation Depreciation)	25,108	45,947	34,897	27,873	30,442
(Foundation Depreciation)	(893)	(919)	(210)	(243)	(658)
Foundation Principal Payments	1,146	1,197	1,264	105	112
Total Expenditures (Denominator)	485,400	515,870	514,031	508,339	531,858

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
Measures the net income available to cover annual debt service pmts	0.51	2.44	0.59	1.39	0.45
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Adjusted Change in Unrestricted Net Assets (UNA) from Operations (Numerator)					
			1.19	1.61	0.82
PSU Net Operating Income (Loss)	(12,1668)	(98,115)	(173,838)	(151,191)	(171,136)
PSU Net Nonoperating Revenue	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
PSU Interest Expense	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
PSU Depreciation Expense	24,442	26,256	25,884	26,063	26,898
Foundation Change in UNA & Investment in Plant	338	1,511	4,783	990	327
Foundation Interest Expense	2,997	2,944	2,881	150	143
Foundation Depreciation Expense	893	919	210	243	658
Total Change in UNA (Numerator)	11,693	58,080	13,781	29,181	9,631
Debt Service - Principal & Int (Denominator)					
PSU X-I-F Debt Service	14,282	15,069	14,977	16,495	16,959
PSU Institutional COPs Debt Service	2,306	2,200	1,881	1,811	1,812
PSU SELP Debt Service	1,920	2,032	2,028	1,969	1,902
PSU LID Assessments Debt Service	392	392	397	397	396
Foundation Debt Service Corbett	255	255	255	255	255
Foundation Debt Service Broadway	3,888	3,886	3,890	-	-
Total Debt Service (Denominator)	23,043	23,834	23,428	20,927	21,324

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
Measures the net income available to cover annual debt service pmts	0.51	1.33	2.34	2.27	1.33
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Adjusted Change in Unrestricted Net Assets (UNA) from Operations (Numerator)					
		0.91	1.40	2.14	2.04
PSU Net Operating Income (Loss)	(12,1668)	(124,416)	(132,750)	(132,892)	(152,512)
PSU Net Nonoperating Revenue	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
PSU Interest Expense	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
PSU Depreciation Expense	24,442	26,256	25,884	26,063	26,898
Foundation Change in UNA & Investment in Plant	338	1,511	4,783	990	327
Foundation Interest Expense	2,997	2,944	2,881	150	143
Foundation Depreciation Expense	893	919	210	243	658
Total Change in UNA (Numerator)	11,693	31,779	54,869	47,480	28,255
Debt Service - Principal & Int (Denominator)					
PSU X-I-F Debt Service	14,282	15,069	14,977	16,495	16,959
PSU Institutional COPs Debt Service	2,306	2,200	1,881	1,811	1,812
PSU SELP Debt Service	1,920	2,032	2,028	1,969	1,902
PSU LID Assessments Debt Service	392	392	397	397	396
Foundation Debt Service Corbett	255	255	255	255	255
Foundation Debt Service Broadway	3,888	3,886	3,890	-	-
Total Debt Service (Denominator)	23,043	23,834	23,428	20,927	21,324

DEBT TO CASH FLOW & MODIFIED CURRENT RATIOS DETAILED

DEBT TO CASH FLOW RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>Measures capability of the University to repay its debt with cash flow generated from its operations</i>	43.983	5.913	8.696	4.549	6.746
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Outstanding Debt (Numerator)					
PSU XIF Principal	167,834	161,837	193,360	183,950	175,396
PSU Institutional COPs	23,334	22,107	21,146	20,217	19,251
PSU Institutional SELP	17,927	16,941	14,971	13,913	12,716
PSU LID Assessments	3,826	3,584	3,387	3,124	2,850
Foundation Notes Payable	2,459	2,367	2,379	3,155	2,692
Foundation Bonds Payable	44,210	43,105	-	-	-
Total Outstanding Debt (Numerator)	259,590	249,941	235,243	224,359	212,905
Cash Flow (Denominator)					
Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities	(112,708)	(82,434)	(116,213)	(96,296)	(120,258)
Government Appropriations	59,371	67,431	82,706	87,734	94,344
Financial Aid Grants	52,938	53,176	52,372	49,803	52,539
Other Gifts and Private Contracts	352	5,510	5,807	2,091	2,310
PSUF Net Cash Provided (used) in operating Activities	5,949	(1,415)	2,381	5,993	2,627
Total Cash Flow (Denominator)	5,902	42,268	27,053	49,325	31,562

MODIFIED CURRENT RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>How much of the short-term debt could be covered with Expendable Net Assets</i>	Not Available (No Short-term Debt Outstanding)				
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Gift Grants and Contracts					
PSU Student Loans					
PSU Debt					
PSU Unrestricted					
Foundation Unrestricted Net Assets					
Foundation Temporarily Restricted Net Assets					
Foundation Net Investment in Plant					
Total Expendable Net Assets (Numerator)	-	-	-	-	-
(Denominator)					
Debt with Liquidity Event Triggers					
Current Maturities					
Maximum Collateral Requirements					
Ninety (90) Days Operating Expenses					
Total (Denominator)	-	-	-	-	-



RETURN ON NET ASSETS & NET OPERATING REVENUE RATIOS DETAILED

RETURN ON NET ASSETS RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>Measures the total economic return to the institution over the current fiscal year</i>	3.79%	15.91%	3.67%	26.92%	2.49%
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Change in Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Change in Net Assets	(3,121)	36,715	(8,128)	47,403	(5,838)
Foundation Change in Net Assets	12,183	(3,270)	17,060	20,584	13,820
Total Change in Net Assets (Numerator)	9,062	33,445	8,932	67,987	7,982
Net Assets (Denominator)					
PSU Net Assets "Beginning"	169,280	128,240	164,955	156,827	204,230
Foundation Net Assets "Beginning"	69,762	81,949	78,680	95,740	116,324
Total Net Assets (Denominator)	239,042	210,189	243,635	252,567	320,554

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
<i>Measures the total economic return to the institution over the current fiscal year</i>	3.79%	2.88%	19.60%	28.27%	8.81%
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Change in Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Change in Net Assets	(3,121)	10,413	32,960	65,703	20,692
Foundation Change in Net Assets	12,183	(3,270)	17,060	20,584	13,820
Total Change in Net Assets (Numerator)	9,062	7,143	50,020	86,287	34,512
Net Assets (Denominator)					
PSU Net Assets "Beginning"	169,280	166,159	176,572	209,532	275,235
Foundation Net Assets "Beginning"	69,762	81,949	78,679	95,739	116,323
Total Net Assets (Denominator)	239,042	248,108	255,251	305,271	391,558

NET OPERATING REVENUE RATIO

As per Audited Financial Statements					
<i>How much surplus or (loss) \$100 of Unrestricted Operating Income generates in Unrestricted Net Assets</i>	(0.059)	0.033	(0.050)	(0.013)	(0.049)
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
NOI +Net Nonoperating Revenues + Foundation Change in Unrestricted Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Net Operations Income (Loss)	(12,1668)	(98,115)	(173,838)	(451,191)	(171,136)
PSU Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (PSU Investment Activities - Internal Bank & Endowments only)	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
Foundation Total Change In Unrestricted Assets	(991)	(610)	(2,117)	1,294	1,429
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	338	1,511	4,783	990	327
Total Change in Operating net Assets (Numerator)	(27,911)	17,289	(26,975)	(7,160)	(26,771)
Total Unrestricted Operating Income (Denominator)					
PSU Operating Revenues	343,913	351,792	351,931	353,104	355,279
PSU Non Operating Revenues	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
PSU (Gain) Loss on Sale of Assets	1,084	52	131	1,176	1,226
PSU Interest Expense (PSU Investment Activities - Internal Bank & Endowments only)	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	(991)	(610)	(2,117)	1,294	1,429
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	25,447	47,459	39,679	28,862	30,769
Total Unrestricted Income (Denominator)	474,144	523,258	543,485	537,362	541,444

GASB 68 & 75 Impact Removed					
<i>How much surplus or (loss) \$100 of Unrestricted Operating Income generates in Unrestricted Net Assets</i>	(0.059)	(0.017)	0.026	0.021	(0.015)
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
NOI +Net Nonoperating Revenues + Foundation Change in Unrestricted Net Assets (Numerator)					
PSU Net Operations Income (Loss)	(12,1668)	(124,416)	(132,750)	(132,892)	(152,512)
PSU Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (PSU Investment Activities - Internal Bank & Endowments only)	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
Foundation Total Change In Unrestricted Assets	(991)	(610)	(2,117)	1,294	1,429
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	338	1,511	4,783	990	327
Total Change in Operating net Assets (Numerator)	(27,911)	(9,012)	14,113	11,139	(8,147)
Total Unrestricted Operating Income (Denominator)					
PSU Operating Revenues	343,913	351,792	351,931	353,104	355,279
PSU Non Operating Revenues	94,410	114,503	144,197	141,747	142,609
PSU (Gain) Loss on Sale of Assets	1,084	52	131	1,176	1,226
PSU Interest Expense (PSU Investment Activities - Internal Bank & Endowments only)	10,281	10,062	9,664	11,179	10,132
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	(991)	(610)	(2,117)	1,294	1,429
Foundation Unrestricted Revenues	25,447	47,459	39,679	28,862	30,769
Total Unrestricted Income (Denominator)	474,144	523,258	543,485	537,362	541,444

COMPOSITE FINANCIAL INDEX (CFI) DETAILED

CFI STRENGTH FACTORS

As per Audited Financial Statements					
Weighted CFI Strength Factors	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Primary Reserve Ratio	0.51	0.47	0.37	0.44	0.40
Viability Ratio	0.32	0.30	0.28	0.34	0.34
Return on Net Assets	0.38	1.59	0.37	2.69	0.25
Net Operating Revenue Ratio	(0.84)	0.47	(0.71)	(0.19)	(0.71)
CFI	0.37	2.83	0.31	3.29	0.28

GASB 68 Impact Removed					
Weighted CFI Strength Factors	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Primary Reserve Ratio		0.50	0.66	0.82	0.88
Viability Ratio		0.34	0.47	0.61	0.72
Return on Net Assets		0.29	1.96	2.83	0.88
Net Operating Revenue Ratio		(0.25)	0.37	0.30	(0.21)
CFI	-	0.88	3.46	4.55	2.27

CFI

As per Audited Financial Statements					
CFI Strength Factors	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Advised Min
Primary Reserve Ratio	1.33	1.05	1.27	1.14	3.01
Net Operating Revenue Ratio	4.72	(7.09)	(1.90)	(7.06)	3.00
Viability Ratio	0.86	0.81	0.98	0.97	3.00
Return on Nets Assets	7.96	1.83	13.46	1.25	3.00

GASB 68 Impact Removed					
CFI Strength Factors	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Advised Min
Primary Reserve Ratio	1.43	1.88	2.33	2.52	3.01
Net Operating Revenue Ratio	(2.46)	3.71	2.96	(2.15)	3.00
Viability Ratio	0.98	1.35	1.74	2.07	3.00
Return on Nets Assets	1.44	9.80	14.13	4.41	3.00





NOTES



LARRY SMITH JIM WESTWOOD

ROBIN FREEMAN MIKE SMITH

CAPTAIN

PORTLAND STATE COLLEGE

REFERENCES & GUIDANCE

Krawitz, N. (2015). *The Board's Role in Financial Oversight*, Washington, DC: AGB and the Association of Governing Boards of Universities and Colleges

Moody's - credit ratings, research, tools and analysis for the global capital markets. (n.d.). from <https://www.moodys.com/>

NACUBO. (n.d.). from <http://www.nacubo.org/>

Tahey, P., Salluzzo, R., Prager, F., Mezzina, L., Cowen, C. (2010). *Strategic Financial Analysis for Higher Education Identifying, Measuring & Reporting Financial Risks 7th Edition*, USA: Prager, Sealy & Co., LLC; KPMG LLP; Attain LLC

Tahey, P., Salluzzo, R., Prager, F., Mezzina, L., Cowen, C. (2016). *Update to the 7th Edition of Strategic Financial Analysis for Higher Education*, USA: Prager, Sealy & Co., LLC; KPMG LLP; Attain LLC

DATA SOURCES

Higher Education Coordinating Commission

Oregon Department of Administrative Services

Oregon State Treasury

Portland State University, Office of Institutional Research & Planning

Portland State University, Planning, Construction & Real Estate

Portland State University, Treasury

Portland State University, University Budget Office

Portland State University, University Financial Services

Portland State University, Banner ERP

University Shared Services Enterprise

Portland State University Foundation

PHOTOS COURTESY OF

University Archives,
Portland State University Library

Oregon Historical Society

City of Portland Archives & Records Center

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TREASURY

Donald V. Forsythe,
Treasurer

Gergana Petcova,
Treasury Analyst

UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL SERVICES

Jennifer Kahl,
University Controller

Jason Abbott,
Assistant Controller

CAMPUS PLANNING

Jason Franklin,
Director of Campus Planning

Lucius Shields,
Space Management Analyst

Julia Michel,
GIS & Planning Analyst

Brittany Quale,
Graphic Designer

PORTLAND STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION

Stacey Henriquez,
Sr. Director of Finance & Accounting





For information about the financial data included in this report, contact:

Donald V. Forsythe
Treasurer

Gergana Petcova
Treasury Analyst

Office of Finance & Administration
Portland State University
Richard & Maurine Neuberger Center, Suite 501
1600 SW 4th Avenue
Portland, OR 97210

503-725-4444
www.pdx.edu/fadm

November 2018



Portland State
UNIVERSITY